DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE 2nd HALF OF AUGUST 1889.

QUANTITIES PER RUPEE IN SERS OF 80 TOLAS.

DISTRICTS.			Tenasserian— Mergui Tavoy Moulmein and Amherst	Pegu (deltnic)— Pegu Rangoon Thongwa Bassein	Shwaygyin Tharawadi Tharawadi Prome Toungoo Thayetmyo	Upper Buring-	Sandoway Kyouk-pju Akyab	Surma- Sylvet Sylvet Cachar Khási and Jaintiá Hills Gáro Hills	Brahm dpuira— Goslpara Kamrup Nowgong Sibsagar Aakhimpur
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DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE, (Statistical Branch).

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

Abstract showing the Result of Emigration from the Port of Calcutta during the Month of August, 1889. No. I.—As to Age and Sex.

			DEMER	ARA.			TRINI	DAD.			MAUR	TIUS.	-		SUR	INAM.		Ton	AL.	-
		Male.	Female	Total.	Proportion of women to men.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Proportion of women to men.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Proportion of women to men.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Proportion of women to men.	Male.	Female.	Grand Total.
Under 3 years .		15	8	23		16	16	32		3	1	4		25	19	44	46	59	44	10:
From 2 to 10 years		34	33	67	men	38	27	65	men.	9	7	16	men.	62	40	102	m+n.	143	107	250
, 10 ,, 20 ,,		32	13	44	100	42	17	59	100	43	4	47	100	39	17	56	1001	156	50	200
. 20 ,, 30 ,,		259	92	351	every	300	109	409	very	237	55	292	every	214	60	274	every	1,010	316	1,32
,, 30 ,, 40 ,,		44	13	57	to e	48	19	67	to	74	17	91	to ev	123	71	194	to ev	289	120	40
,, 40 ,, 50 ,,	-		***	006	nen	2	1	3	omen	2	2	4	omen	3	4	7	Women	7	7	1.
Above 50 years .		. 541	7.	***	g2 wom	***		***	24 W	***	***		W 16.	***	544	***	0	.77	***	
GRAND TOTAL		384	158	542	34.9	446	189	635	37	368	86	454	61	466	211	677	40.1	1,664	644	2,30

No. 11 .- As to places whence Emigrants came to Calcutta for embarkation.

			Di	EMERAB	A.	T	RINIDA	D.	M	URITI	US.	S	URINAI	и.	Тот	AL.	otal.
			Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Grand Total.
Oriesa			***	1 1888	***	3	1	2	1	***	1	1	***	1	3	-1	
Western Bengal .			7	1	8	7	5	12	8	2	10	30	31	61	52	39	9
Central ditto			***		***	1	2.54	1	1		1	5	2	. 7	7	2	
Eastern ditto			***	***	***	1	***	1	1	183	1		***	***	2		198
Behar			63	35	98	80	24	104	162	43	205	-278	131	400	583	233	1
North-Western Provinces			219	92	311	274	137	411	147	33	180	112	37	149	752	299	1,0
Oudh			83	28	311	76	17	93	46	. 7	53	30	8	38	235	60	29
Catral India			8	2	10	2	2	4	1	1.	2	5	***	5	16	5	2
Punjab			4	***	4	2	2	4	400	***	***	1	***	1	7	2	
Nepal and Native States			***	***		2	444	2	1		1	3	2	5	6	2	
Mixed, Bombay and Madras	W.		***	148	***		1	1	***			3		1	1	1	36
	GRAND	TOTAL	384	158	542	446	189	635	368	86	454	466	211	677	1,664	644	2,30

No. 111.-As to Caste and Religion.

Brahmins and	high c	aster					42	11	53	46	19	65	43	11	54	-43	11	54	174	52	226
Agriculturists							137	47	184	118	33	151	150	27	177	164	57	221	569	164	733
Artisans							21	13	34	31	10	41	23	- 4	27	52	21	73	127	48	175
Low castes							148	68	216	203	105	307	127	35	162	183	115	298	660	323	983
Musulmans							36	19	55	49	22	71	25	9	34	24	7	31	134	57	191
Christians			4				***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	343	***	***		
				GR	AND T	OTAL	384	158	542	446	189	635	363	86	454	466	211	677	1,664	644	2,308

Memo.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
t. Hindus	1,530	587	2,117
2. Musulmans	134	57	191
3. Christians		***	
TOTAL	1,664	644	2,308

E. C. BUCK,

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

Weather Review of India for the week ending at 8 a.m. on Monday, October 7th, 1889.

Fine clear weather has continued over North-Western India throughout the whole week and over the Peninsula, Central India and the Central Provinces from the 1st to the 3rd of October, after which date frequent and general showers occurred. The mail steamer Coromandel experienced light variable winds and fine weather from Aden to Long. 61° E., and thence to Long. 71° light to moderate north-east breezes and fine weather. From Long. 71° E. to Bombay fresh northwest winds and heavy rain were reported. This report shows that the north-east winds of the cold weather have commenced over the centre of the Arabian Sea. and that the south-west monsoon except in the extreme south has completely given way. In the Bay of Bengal, though it cannot be said that the northeasterly winds of the cold weather have appeared during the week, there are yet indications of that recurving of the monsoon current which gives the northeast monsoon to the Coromandel Coast and which is accompanied by the appearance of north-easterly breezes over Assam, Bengal and the north of the Bay. In Ceylon there have been south-westerly winds and rain throughout the week, showing that in the extreme south of the Indian region the moist current of the south-west monsoon is still maintained. There have been one or two efforts at depression formation over the Bay during the week, but the necessary energy was apparently wanting and the disturbances never developed beyond the most feeble depressions, and the cyclonic circulations accompanying them were weak and irregular.

On the 1st pressure was very uniform throughout the whole of India, but moderate gradients existed over the Bay and a high pressure area was shown over the Gulf of Martaban: Calms or very variable breezes were reported from most districts, but a strongish southerly current was blowing over Lower Burma and up the valley of the Irrawaddy. On the 2nd the chart showed that the barometer had risen over the greater part of India, while it had fallen over Burma. In consequence the gradients over the Bay and Burma had disappeared and pressure was generally uniform. The winds were again light and variable. On the 3rd the tendency towards complete uniformity had advanced, and beyond a very slight and unimportant deficiency along the west coast of the Bay readings were very uniform everywhere. By the morning of the 4th this slight deficiency over the west of the Bay had developed into a well defined but shallow depression; and the barometer was falling briskly at the Madras stations and slightly elsewhere. Winds were practically unchanged. They were very irregular in direction around the Bay, and there was no indication of the establishment of cyclonic conditions which are ordinarily antecedent to the appearance of the north-east monsoon on the Madras Coast. On the morning of the 5th the barometer was rising over the Bay, while it was steady or falling elsewhere. In consequence the depression over the Bay had to a large extent filled up, and readings were again very uniform throughout the Indian region. Light and variable breezes were the prevalent feature of the air circulattion except around the Bay, where there was a certain amount of indraught towards the centre of the Bay. A small shallow depression was shown on the West Coast near Karwar. The chart of the 6th showed that the depression on the West Coast had developed somewhat and passed northward to the neighbourhood of Bombay. The weather was consequently unsettled on the Konkan Coast and a cyclonic circulation of fresh winds prevailed around a centre near Bombay. Elsewhere conditions were practically unchanged, uniform pressures and light variable breezes prevailing generally. On the 7th owing to a brisk fall of the barometer off the Madras Coast, a fresh depression was developed over the west of the Bay, and there were feeble and irregular cyclonic circulations over different parts of the Bay. The depression which has been shown near Bombay on the 6th had continued to advance northward, and its northern limits on the 7th extended into Kathiawar. Strongish south-easterly winds were blowing at Bombay, and the north-westerly winds and heavy rain reported off Bombay were doubtless attributable to this disturbance.

Temperature.—The characteristics of temperature have been approximately the same as those of the past two weeks, viz., high day and low night temperatures. This characteristic has been more marked in North-Western India than elsewhere, but has been more or less observable in all parts of India except the Central Provinces, &c., and Burma, where owing to excessive rain the day temperatures have also been low. Maxima exceeding 100° were reported continuously during the week from the south and west of the Punjab and from Upper Sind.

The following table shows the amount of excess or defect of the mean average temperature of the different Provinces for the present and for the preceding week:

PROVI	NCES					Difference of Mean Temperature of Last Week from Normal.	Difference of Mean Temperature of Present Week from Normal.	
Burma		٠	*			- 1.0°	- o.8°	
Bengal						+ 1.0°	+ 1.0°	
North-Western I	rov	inces				- o.4 _o	+ 0.60	
Punjab						- o.8°	· - 0.6°	
Bombay			è		,	+ 0.9°	- 0.10	
Central Province	5					+ 2.10	+ 0.60	
Guzerat and Cen	tral	India				+ 1.60	+ 1.3°	
Sind and Rajputa	ana					+ 0.60	- 0.4°	
Madras				,	. '	 - 0.9°	- 0.4°	

This table shows that over the greater part of the country the mean temperature relatively to the average is little changed. The weather is 1° cooler in
Bombay, Sind and Rajputana and 1½° cooler in the Central Provinces in this week
than last; but elsewhere there is little alteration. The variations from the average
are small, being less than 1°, except in Bengal and the Central Provinces.

Rain.—The relative distribution of rainfall during the present has been approximately the same as that reported last week except that there has been more rain over the Central Provinces, Guzerat and Kathiawar and less over North-Western India. The feeble depressions which have appeared over the Bay have occasioned more or less rain in their neighbourhood and the small storm which crossed Bombay gave fairly heavy rain to the Konkan and

neighbouring districts, but otherwise nearly all the rain which has fallen has been due to local showers.

The following is a brief description of the daily distribution of rainfall:

On the 1st there were a few scattered showers on the West Coast, in Khandeish and the Central Provinces, and heavyish rain in Burma. On the 2nd the distribution of rain was the same, but the amount had fallen off in Burma. The chart of the 3rd showed that the rainfall area had extended, general though slight rain being reported from the west coast of the Bay, South India, the Central Provinces and Central India, as well as from several parts of Bengal. On the 4th a similar distribution prevailed, but the falls were heavier both on the East and West Coasts of the Peninsula. On the 5th, 6th and 7th there was very little change, rain falling generally over the Peninsula, the Central Provinces, Burma and Bengal.

The table at the close of the summary shows an excess of rain at eighteen of the rainfall divisions and a deficiency at thirty-one. With the exception of a few drops in the centre and west of the North-Western Provinces, there has been no rain whatever over the whole of Northern India from Behar north-westward to the Indus. In most of the more western divisions of this region the ordinary fall during this week is very small and the absence of rain is hence unimportant, but in the eastern divisions the average fall is larger and the want of rain will probably be felt. The excess in Guzerat, Kathiawar and the Konkan is relatively considerable, but in the other divisions reporting heavy rain the excess is small.

In Burma two divisions, vis., Lower and Central Burma, report heavy, and two, vis., Tenasserim and Arakan, light rainfall. In Bengal and Assam every division shows short rain, and from Behar north-westward to the Indus, excluding the centre and west of the North-Western Provinces and including the west of Rajputana and Sind, there has been no rainfall whatever throughout the week. The West Coast districts as well as Khandeish, Berar and the west and centre of the Central Provinces have received more than the average amount of rain, and this excess has spread north-westward into Guzerat and Kathiawar. The east of Central India has also received heavy rainfall for the season, but the west of Central India as well as the whole of Rajputana has been practically without rain. The northern and southern parts of the Madras Presidency have had excessive rain, but the south of the Nizam's divisions and also the central divisions of Madras have all had a deficient supply of rain.

The state of the seasonal rainfall is shown by the last column of the table. The following divisions exhibit a deficiency exceeding 10% on the total rainfall which has been received since the 15th of May last:—Central Burma, East Bengal, Deltaic Bengal, the west of the North-Western Provinces, the central, submontane, hill, and north-western districts of the Punjab, Sind and Rajputana West. All these divisions were included in the deficiency list at the time of the last report, so that as Lower Burma, Khandeish and Guzerat have dropped out, the present report shows a slight improvement on its predecessor.

	•	RAINFALL	DATA FOR WES	S. ENDING	RAINFALL	DATA FROM MACTUBER 7TH, 18	Y 13TH TO
PROVINCE.	DIVISION.	Average Actual Ramfall of Division.	Average Nor- mal Rainfall of Division,	Excess or Defect, in Inches.	Average Actual Rainfall of Season to date,	Average Normal Rainfall, May 13th to October 7th.	Excess or Defect of (Season al) Rainfall expressed as a per-centage.
		Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Per cent.
	Tenasserim	2.38	2.70	- 0.32	183:41	173.17	* + 6
	Lower Burmah	3.85	2'05	+ 1:17	83.87	88.88	- 6
BURMAH	Central Burmah	2.07	1,00	+ 0.08	57.18	70'94	- 20
į	Arakan	2.88	3.00	?	30'91	?	?
		\$ 00	300	n.78	167.52	175'33	4
f	Eastern Bengal	0'47	1.80	- 1.33	65'41	77:27	15
	Assam (Surma)	0.00	1.67	- 1'01	114'95	91.75	+ 25
	Do. (Brahmaputra),	0.81	1'68	- 0.87	77:50	60.31	+ 17
	Deltaic Bengal	0.42	1.01	- 0.56	42.97	49'00	- 12
BENGAL AND ASSAM .	Central Bengal	0'25	1.02	- 0.80	47'14	48'98	- 4
	Orissa	1.10	2'08	- 0.85	97°57	92'04	+ 6
	Chutia Nagpur	0'07	1.03	→ 0.1†	42'81	47.07	- 9
	Behar (South)	0	1'01	- 0.04	42'29	45 93	- 8
	Do. (North)	. 0	1'44	- 1'44 - 1'30	40.33	39.30	+ 3
	North - Western Provinces			— 1.49	52.28	45.10	+ 17
	(East).	0	0.73	0.43	43.70	33.40	+ 31
	Do. (North)	. 0	0.86	- 0.86	40.43	33.87	+ 19
WESTERN	North - Western Provinces	0'02	0.42	- 0.75	42.21	36 39	+ 16
Oubs.	(Central). North - Western Provinces	0,10	0'51	- 0.10	27'02	28.70	- 6
	(West). North - Western Provinces	. 0	0'52	- 0.17	21'74	25.84	- 16
	(Submontane).		3.	— 0°52	48.24	39.21	+ 23
ſ	Punjab (South)	O	0.13	O.13	11.62	12:42	- 6
	Do. (Central)	0	0'20	- 0.50	16.75	21'30	- 22
UNJAB	Do. (Submontane)	. 0	0'22	- 0.55	20'52	24.84	- 18
	Do. (Hill Districts)	0	0.30	- 0.30	59.58	77.65	- 24
	Do. (North-West)	()	0.30	- 0.50	10.07	18.61	- 14
	Do. (West)	0	0'04	- 0.04	6.72	6.24	+ 2
	Malabar (Saula Cantrol)	3'42	2.24	+ 1.18	106.20	99'35	+ 7
	Madras (South Central)	1.43	1.23	+ 0.50	33.50	17'04	+ 95
BOMBAY AND MALA-	Coorg	0,03	2.21	- 1.59	99.93	95'35	+ 5
BAR COAST DIS-	Konkan	2'22	1.84	+ 0.38	23.70	51.11	+ 13
TRICTS (MADRAS).	Bombay Decean	1.78	1,10	+ 0.05	125'24	95'39	+ 31
	Hyderabad (North)	***		+ 0.08	30.34	28.53	+ 7
(Khandeish	1'95	1.49	+ 0.46	21'39	23.76	- 10
(Berar	1.12	114	+ 0.01	. 33'95	32'54	1
ENTRAL PROVINCES	Central Provinces (West)	0,01	0.78	+ 0.13	35'28	39'07	+ 4
AND BERAR.	Ditto (Central) .	0.78	0.73	+ 0.02	\$ 50.02	48.48	+ 4
	Ditto (East) .	0.34	0.43	- 0.32	53.46	48.18	+ 11
(Guzerat	1.68	0'79	+ 0.80	35'36	38.67	- 0
SOMBAY (NORTH)	Kathiawar	0.48	0.18	+ 0.30	20.23	20'52	- 9
	Sind	0	U	0	1.22	4.39	- 65
(Central India (East)	o'93	0.24	+ 0.36	38'24	0.000	
RAJPUTANA AND CEN-	Rajputana (East), Central	0.02	0.23	- 0°17	28.50	35.13	+ 9
TRAL INDIA.	Indta (West).		1	- 01/	20 30	25.03	+ 11
(Rajputana (West)	O	0.10	- 0°10	8.73	12'99	- 33
	East Coast (North)	2'79	1.83	+ 0'06	24.71	afreafr	1
*	Do. (North) (a)	2'05	0.80	+ 1.10	34.74	26:36	+ 32
4	Hyderabad (South)	0.41	0.00	- 0.10%	24.70	30.30	+ 2
ADRAS	Madras (Central)	1'23	1.57	- 0'34	22.01	18.48	+ 15
	East Coast (Central)	0.84	1.39	- 0.55	19.30	19 30	T 42
	Ditto (South)	1.64	1.32	+ 0.50	20 29	10.08	+ 22
1	Madras (South)	1.66	1.21	+ 0.12	10'96	9.87	+ 11

SIMLA, 10th October, 1889.

W. L. DALLAS,

Assistant Meteorological Reporter to the Government of India.

E. C. BUCK,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

Weekly Report on the State of the Season and Prospects of the Crops.

Madras.—For week ending 5th October.—Rainfall general; good in most districts and slight in Nellore and Madras. Crops generally good, but affected by excessive rain or moisture in parts of Kistna, Bellary, Anantapur and Nilgiris; withering from want of rain in parts of South Arcot. Prices generally falling or stationary. Labourers employed last day of week,-Rushikulya works, 3,774; Gopalpore Canal, 730; Ghat Roads, 2,779; other minor works, 6,317. Number on village relief on 28th September, 28,266, including 17,122 children; fed in kitchens, 7,173, including 5,314 children. Imports into Ganjam during week by sea and land, 293 tons. General prospects favourable.

Bombay.—For week ending 9th October.—Rain during week generally sufficient; in parts excessive and injurious to crops. Standing crops generally good, but damaged by locusts and other insects in parts of Sind. and sowing operations progressing. Fodder sufficient and agricultural stock healthy.

Bengal .- For week ending 8th October .- Rainfall has been general in Orissa, and showers are also recorded from some other districts, chiefly in Central and Eastern Bengal. Winter rice is generally in good condition, but requires more rain in the districts of the Burdwan and Chota Nagpur divisions, in some of the Cachar districts and in Balasore. In Burdwan, Hooghly and Balasore the rainfall has been deficient and the winter rice will be a short crop in consequence. Autumn harvests are nearly finished, and cultivation for the rabi crops is in progress. Sugarcane is generally recorded to be fair. Food-stocks are plentiful, and prices are steadily falling in the affected tracts in North Behar. In Chumparun the demand for gratuitous relief is on the decrease.

North-Western Provinces and Oudh .- For week ending 9th October. Weather continues seasonable, but rain is still wanted in a few districts. The kharif crops are being harvested, and rabi sowings are in active progress. pects good. Supplies everywhere ample, but prices are rising in some districts owing to the demand for seed.

Punjab. - For week ending 9th October .- No rain. Prices are stationary in all districts except Rawalpindi, where they are rising. Harvesting of kharif crops commenced in Umballa and Dera Ismail Khan. Ploughing for rabi in progress. Rain much wanted for rabi sowings throughout the Province and also for kharif in Sialkot and Lahore. Condition of crops generally good except in Hissar, where they are withering. Prospects of standing crops are said to be generally fair. Outturn of cotton good in Peshawar. Fodder sufficient throughout the Province.

Central Provinces.—For week ending oth October.—Weather hot and cloudy with occasional showers. Prospects of kharif crops generally continue very good. Outturn of rabi somewhat short in Jubbulpore owing to deficient rainfall; some more rain also required in eastern districts. Rice is being cut in Sambalpore, and the crop is a full one. Sowings of rabi crops commencing under favourable conditions. Prices steady.

Burma. - For week ending 5th October. - Sufficient rain fell throughout Lower Burma, and the crop prospect is generally good. Rain fell in all parts of Upper Burma, and the crop prospect is generally improving, but a little more rain is wanted in Meiktila. The price of paddy has risen 6 per cent. in Tharrawaddy, and fallen 7 per cent. in Akyab and 5 per cent. in Sagaing. No other changes are reported.

Assam.—For week ending oth October.—Weather and rainfall seasonable. Prospects of rice and tea good. Sowing of pulses progressing.

. Mysore and Coorg.—For week ending 9th October.—Rain has fallen more or less throughout the State of Mysore. Crops good. Sowing completed in parts. Outturn of harvest fair. Prices slightly risen in the Bangalore district.

Rainfall 1'54 inches in Coorg during the week. Picking of cardamom crop has commenced.

Berar and Hyderabad.—For week ending 9th October.—Average rainfall in Berar 1'70 inches. Kharif in good condition. Prices steady. Cattle healthy. Weeding continues. Preparation of fields for rabi in progress.

Rainfall in Hyderabad during the week 1 21 inches. Abi crops prospering. Water in tanks sufficient. Reaping of kharif crops in progress, but much retarded owing to continuous rainfall, which, though beneficial to abi crops, is doing damage to kharif crops. Prices stationary.

Central India.—For week ending 9th October.—Rain generally sufficient throughout Agency except in Gwalior. Probable outturn good generally. Prices falling in Goona and in parts of Bhopawar, and rising in Neemuch.

Rajputana.—For week ending 9th October.—Slight rain in some places. Standing crops slightly damaged by locusts in Marwar, Meywar and Jeypore. Rain much needed in some districts. Agricultural stock good. Pasturage sufficient. Fodder dear in Marwar. Prices steady generally.

Nepal.—For week ending 3rd October.—No rain. Night dews and morning mists commenced. Prospects very good.

E. C. BUCK,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT. RAILWAY TRAFFIC.

No. XXIV. OF 1889-90.

APPROXIMATE STATEMENT OF GROSS RECEIPTS AND EXPENSES OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

N.B .- As regards the figures in column Total Receipts from 1st April to date, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

			EK ENDING			K ENDING 1/		FROM 1ST / TO 15TH SEI BER 188	PRIL	TOTAL RECE FROM 1ST AP 14TH SEPTE 1889.	RIL TO	Trans.	T
Latest Return received.	RAILWAYS.	Total mean	Receipts		Total mean	Receipt		Total.	Per mile open	Total.	Per mile open	Total increase in 1889-90.	Total decrease in 1889-90
Manage State of the Control of the C		open.	Total.	Per mile open.	length open.	Total.	Per mile open.		per week.	, com,	per week.		
	State Lines worked by Campanies.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1st September 1889 1st ditto	Patna-Gya . Dildárnagar-Gházipur	1,526 57	7,60,257 7,919 (6)	139	1,526 57	7,06,349 10,789 (b)	463 189	1,92,58,464 1,91,797 (b)	526 140	1,96,58,096 2,01,017 (b)	537 146	3,99,632 9,220	100 612 602
nst September 1889 ist ditto ist ditto trat ditto 4th ditto ist ditto	Sindia Raiputana-Malwa Hengal-Nagput (d) Southern Muhratta (f) Do. Mysore Section Indian Midland Villupuram - Dharma veram (Nellore	75 1,664 186 850 140 136	5,481 3,58,692 16,706 57,979 10,750 8,403	73 216 90 68 73 62	1,672 305 856 296 746	(e) 2,53,000 (e) 23,307 55,796 17,894 (e) 44,463	151 76 65 60 60	1,68,891 81,80,338 7,14,080 17,92,821 2,50,686 3,28,975	94, 205 160 88 75 101	(c) 89,44,417 (e) 8,26,099 19,38,864 3,64,259 (f) 12,61,633	225 115 94 05 81	7,58,079 1,12,019 1,40,043 1,13,573 9,32,058	1,68,89
rst ditto	Branch) Bareilly-Pilibhit	8 ₃ 36	4.877 1,162	59 32	83 36	4,802 1,343	58 37	1,17,282 35,930	50 43	1,15,689 44,813	58 54	8,883	1,59
	TOTAL . State Lines worked by	4,753	12,31,726	259	5:577	11,17,243	200	3,10,45,264	272	3,33,54,887	258	23,09,623	
list September 1889 4th ditto list ditto	Government. North Western (h) Oudh and Rohilkhand Bengal Central Wardha Coal Eastern Bengal Nalhan Tirhoot Lucknow-Sitapur	2,469 093 125 45 673 27 259	5,31,717 1,10,367 17,110 13,325 3,06,708 1,561 23,715	215 159 137 296 456 58 92	2,386 692 125 45 747 27	4,37,051 1,06,462 20,180 1,957 2,07,810 1,636 22,683	183 154 101 43 359 01 83	1,11,84,073 31,72,677 2,96,025 3,37,031 41,49,445 45,212 7,54,660	189 191 99 312 257 70 127	1,22,58,146 35,39,544 3,32,929 3,42,888 41,34,974 44,885 8,70,547	215 243 111 319 261 70 140	10,74,073 3,60,867 3 ⁶ ,904 5,857 2,84,629	32
ist ditto 4th ditto ist ditto	Sihramau Jorhát Cherra-Companyganj Burma (‡)	105 25 7 392	4,366 1,336 258 47,468	42 53 37 131	105 25 7 553	3.718 1,544 307 75,059	35 02 44 136	1,17,612 28,302 2,315 13,20,580	47 47 14 144	1,52,746 29,726 3,424 20,16,347	61 50 20 153	35,134 1,334 1,109 6,95,758	
	TOTAL .	4,819	10,57,931	220	4,985	9,38,407	188	2,14,08,031	185	2,40,31,256	204	26,23,225	
rist September 1889 rist ditto ditto ditto	Lines worked by Gua- ranteed Companies. Madras South Indian Guat Indian Peninsula Bombay, Baroda and Central India (t)		1,54,327 1,07,911 (j) 5,36,867 2,23,529	184 165 359 485	840 654 1,440 461	1,59,910 1,13,030 (k) 3,67,930 1,84,000	190 173 250	39,06,000 26,00,240 1,90,22,709 (<i>j</i>) 57,25,343	100			3,48,169 1,25,447 	47,62,84
	TOTAL .	3,452	10,22,634	296	3,395	8,24,870	243	3,18,54,442	384		-		40,02,62
GRAND TOTAL (GUA	ARANTEED AND STATE) .	13,024	. 33,12,291	254	13,957	28,80,510	205	8,43,07,737	270	8,51,47,957	259	8,40,220	
Gross E	BTIMATED EXPENSES .		141	•••		***		4,42,16,583	142	4,45,48,456	130	3,31,873	
	NET RECEIPTS .		0			•••		4,00,91,154	128	4,05,99,501	123	5,08,347	
7th ditto	Assisted Companies. Tarakoshwar Dibru Sadiya Bongal and North	23	3,438	156	22	4,605 (m)	209	1,29,664 (n) 1,97,667	246		256 123	4,598 21,758	***
est ditto	. Robilkhand-Kumaun	376	24,923 6,642	60	376	29,930 5,787	80 86	11,22,084 1,64,414				66,042	***
	TOTAL	465	35,003	75	405	40,322	87	16,13,820	124	17,20,510	133	1,06,681	
	Native States.		!										
rist September 1889	Lis Highness the Ni zum's Guaranteed His Highness the Gackwar's	310	31,608	L		37.977	107	1				2,81,805	
rist ditto	. His Highness the Gael		1,983		59	2,310	39	61,310		61,822	44	512	
erat ditto	Mebsana-Vadnagar Bhavnagar-Go n d a l Junagarh-Porbanda		1 710			17,300	66	4,57,434	-				
21st ditto 21st ditto .	Morvi. Jodhpore	124	3,544	: 37	68	4,573 6,000	38	80,215	5.	95,704	50	9,489	6,9
	TOTAL	. 791	56,583	72	8,3	00,760	75	15,35,707	S	19,90,629	93	4,54,922	

the Dildamagar-Ghazipur State Railway.
I with East Indam Railway.
I with Indian Midiand Railway.
I the Katni-Umaria Branch.
The Sanctoria Coal Section of the Bengal-Nagpur Railway.
The Bellary-Kistna State Railway.
The Sindia and Bhopal-Itarsi State Railways.
The Amritsar-Pathankot and Rajpura-Bhatinda State Railways.

Includes the Toungoo-Mandalay extension.
Includes the Dhond-Manmad, Khamgaon, Amraoti, and Bhopal-Itarsi
State Railways.
Includes the Dhond-Manmad, Khamgaon, and Amraoti State Railways.
Includes the Patri Branch.
Return not received.
Total receipts from 1st April to 8th September 1888.
Total receipts from 1st April to 7th September 1889.

(k) (l) (m) (n) (o)

M. C. BRACKENBURY, Major, R.E.,

SIMLA, 10th October, 1889.

Under-Secretary.



The Gazette of Andia.

No. 42.3 CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1889.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLUMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be sublished from time to time, consaining such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be or interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The Devotes of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in Part VI of the GAZETTE.

Non-Substitutes or eight Rusees if sent by Post. The Supplement and Part VI of the GAZETTE can also be substituted for separately on a payment of Rusees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta or Rusees nine of substitutes of the GAZETTE can also be substituted for separately on a payment of Rusees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta or Rusees nine of sent by Post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE of India is required by Lam, or waite has been customary to publish in the Calcutta GAZETTE, will be included in the Supplement. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Comparative Statement of the Net Indian Sea and Land Customs Revenue (excluding Salt Bevenue) for the first six months of the official year 1889-90, and of the

eighteen preceding years. (In Thousands or Rupers.)

																				3
	YEAR.	1871-72	1872-73	1873-74	1874-75	1875-76	1876-77	1877-78	1878-79	1879-80	1880-81	1881-82	1882-83	1883-84	1884-85	1885-86	1886-87	1887-88	1888-89	000
	Total	1,06,44	1,15,68	1,03,54	1,06,96	1,19,09	97.26	1,02,78	12,00	97,59	1,07,95	1,10,70	56,21	52,48	42,41	51,24	40,45	54,49	56,83	66
H INDIA.	Raport Revenue.	39,96	37,61	31,79	25,00	36,33	23,44	18,09	22.75	24,87	28,84	33,06	36,73	31,66	23,19	31,16	36,96	29,99	24.56	
AL BRITISH	Total Import	76,48	78,07	71,75	81,96	82,76	73,82	84,69	76.46	72,72	11,67	77.64	19,48	20,82	19,22	20,08	22,49	24,50	32,27	3,6
TOTAL	On other Imports.	64,09	12.49	59,64	68,45	92,76	57,84	67,21	55,35	54.93	61,55	58,25	-086	4	\$	4	65	49	6,36	7 83
	On Imports of Liquors.	12,39	13,36	12,11	13,51	14,00	15,98	17,48	18,111	17,79	17,56	19,39	20,46	20,40	18,77	19,66	21,84	24,01	25,91	26.20
	Total Revenue.	12,29	21,85	18,00	14,98	21,62	17,16	14,44	19,91	23,29	24,44	28,76	30,43	23,14	17,96	25,83	22,85	24,35	18,19	26.70
BURMA.	On Exports.	9,51	18,00	14,08	9,77	17,51	12,40	9,30	12,94	68,91	18,30	21,67	26,41	19,25	14,08	22,65	18,39	19,78	13,22	21.05
Be	On other Imports.	2,00	2,25	2,30	3,18	2,3T	2,53	2,72	3,34	3,05	3,80	3,76	(7)	80	9	63	9	eq	62	1,50
	Saroupid no	78	1,60	1,62	2,03	1,80	2,23	2,42	3,63	3,35	2,34	3,33	3,99	3,81	3,82	3,15	4.40	4,56	4,35	4.07
	Total Revenue.	15,30	13.43	15,73	15,43	16,23	13,71	7,26	92.6	9,77	12,19	10,55	4,74	5,39	5,49	4,05	5,70	66'9	16,7	8.01
MADRAS	On Exports.	7,32	5,64	7,21	6,74	26°9	4,34	150 150	2,05	2,72	4,52	3,11	2,10	2,70	3,16	1,61	2,64	2,46	2,65	3.42
MA	On other language.	6,22	5,85	6,68	6,93	7,21	6,55	3,85	4.74	4.41	5,20	2015	-	7	-	9	9	64	90	92
	On Imports	1,76	1,94	1,84	1,74	2,10	2,02	2,56	2,97	2,64	2,39	2,42	2,63	2,62	2,32	2,38	3,00	4,51	4,97	67.15
	Total Revenue.	1,84	2,11	1,49	1,55	1641	1,13	1,62	9241	16,1	2,75	2,61	1,99	1,96	2,15	2,47	12,21	2,82	3,39	3.42
DH.	On Exports,	8	604	00 NJ	99	87	1	<u>©</u>	01	01	10	14	N)	30	12	25	15	34	61	24
SINDH	On other Imports,	50	\$	33	8	4	33	36	25	300	24	99,	3	-	79	79	9	17	19	41
	erroports of Liquorts.	99	553	00 00	35	62	20	1,08	16	1,49	2,11	1,89	1,71	1,75	1,92	2,12	2,20	2,45	2,59	2,77
	Total	24,48	23,72	22,34	24,55	26,85	21,99	25,95	23,82	21,09	27,85	26,44	4,69	5,99	2,76	6,28	6,64	7,87	9,38	6,67
BOMBAY.	On Exports.	1,84	1,54	1,53	1,61	3,40	522	40	1,07	98	77	72	62	52	77	45	52	7.4	20	93
Bon	On other Imports.	18,83	19,48	17,90	19,74	20,11	17,55	21,00	18,70	15,84	22,93	20,69	-1,05	20	ō	61	00	7	1,78	1,02
The state of the s	On Imports of Liquans.	3,81	2,70	2,91	3,20	3,34	3,92	4,37	4,05	4,39	4.15	5,03	5,12	5,27	4,80	5,64	5,84	6,92	7,01	7,72
	Total Revenue.	52,53	54,57	45,98	50,45	52,48	43,27	53,51	44.46	41,47	40,73	42,34	14,36	16,00	11,05	12,61	11,555	12,46	17,96	17,62
BENGAL.	On Exports.	19,01	11,54	8,39	6,22	7,63	6,07	7,27	6,59	430	5,15	7.40	7,35	8,99	4,97	6,15	4,96	6,67	1612	90'9
B	On other Imports,	36,54	36,64	32,43	30,00	38,71	30,89	39,19	31,32	31,25	29,00	28,20	;	9	17	6	61	13	3,06	4246
	stronguil nO	5,38	6,39	5,16	5,95		6.31		6.55	5.02		6,72	7,01	6,95	5,91	6,37	6,40	5,57	6,99	7,10
	1	4			۰	'	٠	•	•	٠	٠	0				•	0	•		
	YEAR.			a					•		9	•	•		•		•		•	
	A	1871-92	1872-73	1873-74	1874-75	1875-76	1876-77	87-18	878-79	879-80	1880-81	881-83	882-83	1833-84	884-85	885~86	886-87	88-488	68-888	06-683

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE,

STATISTICAL BRANCH; Calcutta, 16th October, 1889.

E. J. SINKINSON, Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

The following Resolution is published for general information:

PROCEDURE TO BE FOLLOWED IN THE TREATMENT OF CASES OF INDEBTEDNESS OF GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India in the Home Department (Public),—under date Simla, the 8th October, 1889.

Read again-

Home Department Resolution No. 2-77 to 102 (Public), dated 19th January, 1884.

RESOLUTION.

In the Resolution of January 1884 cited in the preamble the Governor General in Council invited the attention of all Local Governments and Heads of Departments to the imperative duty which devolves on them of taking severe notice of the conduct of clerks and other employés who allow themselves to fall into embarrassed circumstances, and it was pointed out that Assistants in Government offices should clearly understand that, if they voluntarily contract debts or obligations which they are unable to meet, they render themselves liable to summary dismissal.

- 2. His Excellency in Council has reason to fear that the tenor of these orders has not always been properly understood, and desires to supplement them by more definite instructions as to what constitutes such a state of indebtedness as to render it undesirable that a person should be retained in the public service. The Governor General in Council accordingly directs that where half the salary of a Government official is constantly being attached for debt, or has been continuously under attachment for more than two years, or is attached for a sum which, under ordinary circumstances, it will require more than two years to repay, a full schedule of the officer's debts should be obtained by the head of the office and the case dealt with in the same way as if the debtor had taken advantage of the insolvency court. In such cases it should be specially ascertained—
 - (1) what is the proportion of the debts to the salary and the extent to which they detract from the debtor's efficiency as a public servant;
 - (2) whether the debtor's position is irretrievable;
 - (3) whether it is desirable under the circumstances to retain him-
 - (a) in the particular post he occupies, or
 - (b) in any position under Government.

It will be for Local Governments and the different Departments under the Government of India to issue subsidiary directions to officers subordinate to them as to the authority to which the schedule of debts and the report on it should be submitted for orders.

ORDER.-Ordered, that this Resolution be communicated to the Local Superintendent of Port Blair and the Nicobars.
Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India.
Surgeon-General with the Government of India.
Secretary, Board of Examiners.
Registrar, Calcutta University.
Bishop's Chaplain.
Registrar, High Court (with Jusual covering letter). Governments (except Madras) and Administrations; to all the Departments of the Government of India and to the Heads* of offices under the Home Department.

(True Extract.)

C. J. LYALL,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

Weather Review of India for the week ending at 8 a.m. on Monday, October 14th, 1889.

There has been no change in the general meteorological conditions. fine weather which prevailed over nearly the whole of Northern India and the unsettled showery weather which prevailed over Bengal and the Peninsula have alike continued uninterruptedly during the week under review. In the Bay of Bengal the change to cold weather conditions has been carried out during the week, and the north-east monsoon has burst on the Coromandel Coast early and with somewhat more than the usual vigour. During the greater part of the period under review pressure has been very uniform, and the weather undisturbed; but towards the close of the week a well marked depression formed over the Bay, and established a fairly complete cyclonic circulation over the

greater part of the Bay.

On the 8th pressure was very uniform all over India, though slightly higher in Assam and lower in Madras than elsewhere. The winds were very light and very variable in direction, and over North-Western India calms were reported in the majority of cases. On the 9th the uniformity of pressure and the variability of the winds continued, and the general weather conditions were such as are ordinarily experienced during October when the transition is effected from the rains to the cold weather. On the 10th the only change of importance was the brisk fall of the barometer which occurred in the Punjab and resulted in the production of a well marked depression. The winds showed an irregular circulation around this low pressure area, but elsewhere the directions remained irregular and variable. The Chart of the 11th showed a further development of the Punjab depression, and a more complete cyclonic circulation of the winds in North-Western India. Elsewhere uniform pressures and variable winds continued. On the evening of the 11th the Punjab depression apparently moved northward into the hills, as slightly unsettled and thundery weather was experienced there, and the next morning the barometer was rising all over Northern India, and no trace of the depression remained. On the morning of 12th a shallow low pressure area lay off the West Coast of the Peninsula, but otherwise readings were very uniform. On the 13th the barometer began to fall over the Bay and a depression to form there. At the same time the wind drew into north on the Circars Coast and into north-west from Madras to Negapatam, showing an initial cyclonic circulation around the The lowest recorded readings of the barometer were however still reported from the West Coast. In Northern and Central India the barometer was very uniform, the winds light and the weather fine. On the 14th the depression over the Bay had undergone very considerable development, the barometer had fallen briskly off the Coromandel Coast, and a small centre of depression was advancing towards the coast between Madras and Nellore. Strongish cyclonic winds prevailed over the south-west of the Bay, and the weather there and over the Peninsula generally was unsettled. Over Northern India and the north of the Peninsula steady fine weather and light variable winds prevailed.

Temperature.-The remarkably low night temperatures, which have prevailed during the past few weeks over the greater part of Northern and Central India, have been equally noticeable during the present week, the relative coolness, indeed, showing signs of increasing. At Quetta on the 14th the minimum was 6° below the normal, at Multan 8°, at Lahore and Sirsa 10°, at Meerut Sambhar, Ajmere and Rajkot 7°, and at Deesa 9°; these differences being on the whole larger than those of the preceding days. At the close of the week in the Punjab the day temperatures also fell below the normal, and the general deficiency over that Province became nearly 4°. This early coolness over North-Western India is the more remarkable, as there does not appear from the reports Western India is the more remarkable, as there does not appear from the reports to have been any early snow in the mountains.

Pi	OVINCES	6						Difference of Mean Temperature of Last Week from Normal.	Difference of Mean Temperature of Present Week from Normal.
Burma				10				- 0.8°	+ 0.0°
Bengal								+ 1.00	+ 0.00
North-Weste	rn Prov	inces			· Jacks	S .		+ 0.6°	+ 0.70
Punjab				* 1				- o.6°	- 1.2°
Bombay							(1)	— 0.1 ₀	+ 0.0°
Central Prov								+ 0.60	+ 0.00
Guzerat and		India		9				+ 1.3°	+ 0.80
Sind and Raj	putana		. 9					-0.4°	- 1.0 ₀
Madras			4					- 0.4°	4º 0'2° W

This table shows that relatively to the average there has been very little change of temperature, except in the Punjab and Bombay, where there has been a fall

and rise of about 1° respectively.

Rain.—There has been no rain whatever in Upper India, and in the Central Provinces after a few showers the rains seem also to have ceased. In Bengal on the contrary the weather has been showery throughout the week, and in the Peninsula most unsettled and unusually rainy weather has accompanied the low pressures which have prevailed over that part of the Indian region.

The following is a brief description of the daily distribution of rainfall:

On the 8th scattered showers were reported from Lower Bengal, the coast districts of the Peninsula, Mysore and the Central Provinces. The amounts were, however, in nearly all cases light, and the other parts of the Indian region were rainless. On the 9th a similar distribution prevailed, but the extent and amount of the rainfall had alike increased. On the 10th the rainfall had again decreased in extent, and had entirely ceased over the Central Provinces. In East Bengal some local heavy falls were reported. On the 11th rain was reported from the greater part of Bengal, from the West Coast of the Bay and from several stations in the inland and West Coast districts of the Peninsula. On the 12th there was no change, but on the 13th the rainfall ceased over the north of the Bay and became concentrated over the south of the Peninsula. On the 14th every station to the south of Lat. 16° reported rain, the amounts

being large in some places. The table at the close of the summary shows that the week's rainfall has been on the whole deficient. In normal years only one division, vis., Sind, has no rain whatever during the week just passed, while in the present case there are no less than eleven divisions reporting no rain. In many of these divisions, no doubt, the rainfall is normally very slight, and the absence of it is a matter of little consequence, but in others the normal rainfall is quite appreciable and the want of it may not improbably be felt. The 3rd column of the table shows that at thirty of the rainfall divisions the amount is short and that at nineteen it is in excess of the normal. The regions where the rain is short are roughly Burma, Upper India from Behar to the Indus, the Central parts of the country and Rajputana. In Burma all the districts have received deficient rain and Cachar and Eastern and Deltaic Bengal have participated in this defect, but Central and North Bengal, the Brahmaputra valley, Orissa and Chutia Nagpur have all received heavy rain. From Chutia Nagpur north-westward up the Gangetic plain to the Indus there has been practically no rain. The West Coast districts, including Berar, the Deccan, Guzerat and Kathiawar, have all received more than the normal rainfall—in some cases largely so; but over the Central Provinces and the east of the Peninsula the variations in the rainfall are irregular. Rajputana and Central India like the region to the northward have received little or no rain.

The maximum falls are in no way remarkable over the greater part of India, but some places on the West Coast of the Peninsula, in parts of Madras

and in East Bengal have received large amounts, thus:

Netrokona in Mymensingh reports 102 inches; Cottayam in Travancore 102 inches; Muddibehal in Bijapur 8 inches; Sompet in Ganjam 102 inches; and

Palmanavi in North Arcot 7 inches.

The concluding column of the table shows the result of the past rains. Over the greater part of the country the fall has been fairly good, but in the following divisions the seasonal rainfall has been more than 10 % deficient:— Central Burma, East and Deltaic Bengal, the west of the North-Western, Provinces, the centre, submontane, hill, and north-western districts of the Punjab Khandeish, Sind and Rajputana.

			DATA FOR WEI OCTOBER 14TH, 18		RAINVALL DATA FROM MAY 13TH TO OCTOBER 14TH, 1889.				
PROVINCE.	DIVISION.	Average Actual Rainfall of Division,	Average Nor- mal Rainfall of Division.	Excess or Defect, in inches,	Average Actual Rainfall of Season to date.	Average Nor- toal Rainfall, May 13th to October 14th.	Excess or Difect of (Season al) Rainfal expressed as a per-centage.		
	- 1	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Per cent.		
(Tenasserim	0.44	2.66	- 2.22	183.85	175.83	+ 5		
BURMAH	Lower Burmah	0.08	2'14	- 1.19	84.85	91'02	- 7		
DUNMAN	Upper Burmah	1.12	1.40	- 0.03	58.94	72.74	- 19		
	Arakan	0.33	2.67	- 2:34	39'33	178.00	- 6		
		- 00		- 34	, 03	1,000			
1	Eastern Bengal	1'27	1.76	- 0.49	66.68	79'04	- 16		
i	Assam (Surma)	0'73	1,00	- 1.12	115.67	93.62	+ 24		
1	Deltaic Bengal	1'42	1.10	+ 0.30	78.98	67:47	+ 17		
	Central Bengal	1.68	1.21	+ 0'34	44.04	50'60 50'32	- 13		
BENGAL AND ASSAM	North Bengal	0.87	0.40	+ 0'08	98.43	92.83	+ 6		
i i	Orissa	3'09	1.88	+ 1.51	45'91	48'96	- 6		
- 4	Chutia Nagpur	1.04	1'02	+ 0.63	44.03	46.95	- 6		
	Behar (South)	0.40	0.20	- 0.10	40.73	39.89	+ 2		
	Do. (North)	0'27	0.40	- 0'43	52.85	45.80	+ 15		
	North - Western Provinces (East).	0'02	0.21	- 0.49	43.72	33.01	+ 29		
	Oudh (South)	0	0'33	- 0'33	40'43	34'20	+ 18		
ORTH - WESTERN	Do. (North)	0	0.43	- 0'42	42.51	3681	+ 15		
PROVINCES AND	North - Western Provinces	0	. 0'24	- 0.51	27.02	28.94	- 7		
Опри.	(Central). North - Western Provinces (West).	0	0.14	- 0.11	21.74	25.08	- re		
	North - Western Provinces (Submontane).	0	0.36	- 0.36	48.54	39.87	+ 32		
	Punjab (South)	0	0'14	- 0.14	11.62	12:56	- 7		
1	Do. (Central)	0	0.18	- 0.18	16.75	21.21	32		
UNJAB	Do. (Submontane)	0.03	0.08	- 0.06	20'54	24'92	- 18		
	Do. (Hill Districts)	0.01	0,30	- 0'29	59.39	77'94	- 24		
	Do. (North-West)	0	0.12	- 0.12	10.07	18.76	14		
	Do. (West)	0	0.04	- 0.04	6.43	6.60	+ 2		
	Malabar	3.88	2'79	+ 1'00	110.38	102.17	+ 8		
	Madras (South Central)	2.85	1.83	+ 0.07	36.10	18.01	+ 91		
OMBAY AND MALA-	Coorg	0.03	2.45	- 1.2	100.86	97.80	+ 3		
BAR COAST DIS-	Mysore	3.89	1.43	+ 2'16	27.65	22.84	+ 21		
TRICTS (MADINS).	Bombay Deccan	0.41	0'05	+ 0.00	125'95	96.04	+ 31		
	Hyderabad (North)	1.26	0.89	+ 0.67	31.90	29.11	+ 10		
· ·	Khandeish	0'29	0.75	— o·46	21.68	24.23	- 12		
(Berar	0'27	0.10	+ 0.08	34.55	32'73	+ 5		
ENTRAL PROVINCES	Central Provinces (West)	0'14	0.18	- 0.04	35'44	39'25	- 10		
and Berar.	Ditto (Central) . Ditto (East) .	0°17 2'42	0.18	+ 2'16	50.40 52.80	48.44 48.44	+ 4		
	Guzerat	0100		0					
BOMBAY (NORTH) .	Kathiawar	0.23	0.12	+ 0.08	35.58	38.82	- 8		
(1,0,0,0)	Sind	1.10	0,00	+ 1.07	27:09	26.61	+ 4		
			0	179	1.22	4'39	- 65		
(Central India (East)	0.08	0.50	- O.13	38.33	35'33	+ 10		
LAJPUTANA AND CEN-	Rajputana (East), Central	0.02	0.00	- 0'02	28 63	25.71	+ 11		
TRAL INDIA.	India (West). Rajputana (West)	0	0.02	- 0.02	8.73	13'04	- 33		
(East Coast (North)	2122	1170	+	0.710.7	09.46			
	Do. (North) (a)	3°23	1.42	+ 1'44	37'97 38'75	28.16	+ 35		
	Hyderabad (South)	0.50	0.84	- 0.22	25'04	37'43	T 4		
MADRAS	Madras (Central)	2.00	1,00	+ 1.00	24.07	19'47	+ 27		
	East Coast (Central)	1.33	1.60	- 0'27	20'69	20.00	- 1		
	Ditto (South)	2.04	1.48	+ 1.10	22'93	18.16	+ 26		
	Madras (South)	2'10	1.73	+ 0.37	13 07	11.00	+ 13		

SIMLA, 17th October, 1889.

W. L. DALLAS,

Assistant Meteorological Reporter to the Government of India.

E. C. BUCK,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

Weekly Report on the State of the Season and Prospects of the Crops.

Madras.—For week ending 12th October.—Rainfall during week general and good in all districts. Crops generally good, but withering from want of rain or water in parts of Nellore, Chingleput and South Arcot and suffering from excessive rain in parts of Anantapur, Bellary and Nilgiris. Prices generally stationary. Labourers employed last day of week,—on Rushikulya works, 2,016; Gopalpore Canal, 472; Ghat Roads, 1,987; other minor works, 6,834. Number on village relief, 20,560, including 12,430 children; fed in kitchens, 5,275, including 3,913 children. Imports into Ganjam during week by sea and land. 350 tons. General prospects good.

Bombay.—For week ending 16th October.—Rain during week almost general throughout the Presidency Proper, injuring crops in parts; total fall generally sufficient. Crops damaged by locusts in parts of Sind.; elsewhere good. Harvesting and sowing operations in full progress. Fodder prospects good and agricultural stock generally healthy.

Bengal.—For week ending 15th October.—Good general rain has fallen in Orissa and Chota Nagpur, and local showers, in most cases light, are reported from almost all other districts. Prospects of the winter rice crop are generally favourable, but more rain is still required, chiefly for the highlands in the western districts of Bengal and in some of the Behar districts. Autumn harvests are now practically over, and the outturn is generally fair. Cultivation of rabi crops is in progress and sowings have begun. Sugarcane is in fair condition. Prices of rice are still high and almost stationary throughout the Province. In the affected tracts in Behar prices have fallen, and food-stocks are sufficient.

North-Western Provinces and Oudh.—For week ending 16th October.—
Though more rain would be beneficial in Jhansi, Meerut and Saharanpur, the weather has been very favourable for the harvesting of the kharif and ploughing for and sowing of rabi which were in full progress during the week. The outturn where reported promises well. Markets are well supplied. Prices fluctuating.

Punjab.—For week ending 16th October.—No rain. Prices stationary in all districts, except Delhi and Amballa where they are rising. Harvesting of kharif crops commenced in certain districts. Ploughings for and sowings of rabi in progress. Rain wanted for rabi sowings in all districts and also for kharif in Ferozepur and Lahore. Crops are reported to be in good condition, except in Hissar where they are withering. Prospects of standing crops fair, only rice crop is suffering for want of rain in some districts. Fodder sufficient throughout the Province.

Central Provinces.—For week ending 16th October.—Weather clear with light rain in places, and good showers in eastern districts. Rice being cut and is yielding good outturns; other standing crops in excellent condition. Rabi sowings commenced. Prices generally steady and falling in places.

Burma.—For week ending 12th October.—Heavy rain fell in the Pegu, Prome, Henzada, Shwegyin and Toungoo districts, and light showers elsewhere in Lower Burma. The crop prospect in Lower Burma continues good. Heavy rain fell in Magwe and Yamethin districts, in other districts in Upper Burma there was light rain except in Mandalay where none fell. Prospects of crops in Upper Burma good generally. The price of paddy has fallen 10 per cent. in Sandoway; 8 per cent. in Henzada; 4 per cent. in Thayetmyo; 10 per cent. in Moulmein; 5 per cent. in Tavoy and 6 per cent. in Lower Chindwin. Prices rose 5 per cent. in Shwegyin and were stationary elsewhere.

Assam.—For week ending 16th October.—Rainfall light. Land being prepared for mustard and pulses. Winter rice and tea doing well.

Mysore and Coorg.—For week ending 16th October.—Rain in Civil and Military Station 3.12 inches. Rainfall good in Bangalore, Kolar, Tumkur and Mysore districts. Crops good except in parts of the Bangalore district where excessive rain has fallen. Dry crops being harvested in parts. Prospects favourable. No material change in prices.

Rainfall 5 inches in Coorg. Standing crop in good condition. Picking of cardamoms commenced.

Berar and Hyderabad.—For week ending 16th October.—Average rainfall 39 inch in Berar. Kharif is in good condition. Sowing of rabi crops commenced. Fodder sufficient except in Chikhli, Buldana district. Agricultural stock is in good condition. Prices unchanged.

Rainfall during the week in Hyderabad 87 inch. Total since 1st January 34'15 inches. Abi crop benefited; kharif crops damaged; and rabi sowings delayed by rainfall of week. Water in tanks sufficient for abi and tabi crops. Prices stationary.

Central India.—For week ending 16th October.—No rain fell during the week. Crop prospects continue generally good. Prices rising in Goona.

Rajputana.—For week ending 16th October.—Rainfall slight in Pertabgarh, moderate in Shahpura, elsewhere nil. Rabi sowings in progress. Standing crops being harvested. Agricultural stock good. Fodder dear in Marwar and failing in Dholepur. Prices rising in Jhallawar, Kerowlee and Dholepur. Opium and cotton promising in Jeypur, but injured for want of rain in Dholepur.

Nepal.—For week ending 10th October.—No rain. Clear sky. Prospects very good.

J. MUIR-MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. PUBLIC-WORKS DEPARTMENT. RAILWAY TRAFFIC.

No. XXV. OF 1889-90.

APPROXIMATE STATEMENT OF GROSS RECEIPTS AND EXPENSES OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

N.B. - As regards the figures in column Total Receipts from 1st April to dute, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

				ERK ENDING EPTEMBER 18		Wei	EK ENDING 2 EPTEMBER 18	389.	TOTAL REC FROM 18T A TO 22ND SE BER 183	APRIL PTEM-	TOTAL RECI FROM 1ST AP 21ST SEPTE 1880.	RIL TO		
	Latest Return received.	RAILWAYS.	Total		s.	Total	Receipt	ts.		Per		Per	Total increase in 1889-90.	Total decrea in 1889-
			length open.		Per mile open.	length open.	Total.	Per mile open.	Total.	per week.	Total.	open per week.		
		State Lines worked by Companies.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
28th \$	ditto .	East Indian Patna-Gya Dildárnagar-Gházipur	1,514 57 12	7,45,025 15,454 548 4,805	493 271 46 64	1,526 57	(a) 6,95,680 16,204 (b)	456 284	2,07,251 35,018	528 145 119	(a) 2,03,53,776 2,17,221 (b)	534 152	3,85,357 9,970	35,6
28th S 28th 28th 28th 28th 28th	eptember 1889 . ditto	Sindia Rajputana-Malwa Bangal-Nagpur (d) Southern Mahratta (f) Do. Mysore Section Indian Midland Villupuram - Dharma	140	4,805 3,38,021 14,388 56,172 8,969 6,906	64 203 77 66 64 51	1,672 305 856 296 746	(c) 2,28,000 (e) 25,186 66,402 19,343 (g) 47,272	136 83 78 65 63	1,73,696 85,24,359 7,28,468 18,48,993 2,59,6*5 3,35,881	93 205 157 87 7: 99	(c) 91,66,444 (e) 8,51,285 20,05,200 3,84,817 (f) 13,11,869	221 114 94 65 80	6,42,085 1,22,817 1,56,273 1,25,162 9,75,988	1,73,0
28th	ditto .	Veram (Nellore Branch) Bareilly-Pilibhit	83 36	4,133	50 24	8 ₃	4,295 1,419	52 39	1,21,415 36,787	59 43	1,19,963 46,210	58 53	9,423	l ₃₄
			4,753	11,95,278	251	5,577	11,03,801	193	3,22,40,542	271	3,44,56,851	256	22,16,309	5
asth 3 28th 28th 21st 21st 21st 21st 21st 28th	optember 1889 ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto	State Lines worked by Government. North Western (h) Oudh and Rohilkhand Bengah Central Wardhu Coal Eastern Bongal Nalhati Tirhoot Lucknow-Sitapur	2,469 092 125 45 673 27 259	4,59,508 97,105 19,208 8,740 2,91,406 2,395 22,410	186 146 154 194 433 89 87	2,386 6,2 125 45 747 27 273	4,64,873 1,13,483 19,190 9,7:2 2,63,350 1,603 24,687	195 104 153 218 353 03 90	1,16,43,581 32,00,782 3,15,233 3,45,771 44,40,941 47,007 7,77,070	18.) 18.) 101 307 260 71 125	1,27,23,01i) 30,603,157 3,52,11i) 3,52,080 46,97,424 40,843 9,01,296	214 212 113 315 265 70 138	10,79,438 3,90,375 30,586 6,909 2,56,483	
ret 14th	ditto .	Sibrámau Jorbát Chorra-Companyganj. Burma (!)	105 25 392	3,775 1,610 40,027	36 64 	25 25 553	4,177 1,190 (i) 75,504	40 48 	1,21,387 30,002 (j) 2,315 13,60,616	46 48 148	1,57,029 30,916 (k) 3,424 20,92,474	50 20 159	35,642 914 1,109 7,31,858	#00 410 800
		TOTAL .	4,812	9,46,274	197	4,978	9,77,030	196	2,23,54,305	186	2,50,17,381	203	26,63,076	
18th Seath 18th 18th	ditto	Lines worked by Guaranteed Compunies. Madras South Indian Great Indian Peninsula Bombay, Baroda and Central India (o)	840 654 1,497 461	1,46,526 1,00,419 (m)4,92,272 2,07,052	174 154 339	840 654 1,440 461	1,77,835 1,08,473 (n) 4,03,080	212 166 280	40,52,616 27,00,059 2,01,15,041 (m) 59:32,395	.193 165 537	44,29,439 28,35,380 1,53,44,041 (n) 60,81,415	312 174 428	3,76,823	47,71,0
		TOTAL .	3,452	9,46,269	274	3,395	8,47,958	250	3,28,00,711	380	2,86,90,275	340	1,49,020	111
GRAN		NTEED AND STATE) .	13,017	30,87,821	237	13,950	29,29,728	310	8,73,95,558	260	8,81,64,507	258	7,68,949	41,10,4
	GROSS ESTI	MATED EXPENSES .		***	***				4,58,51,584	141	4,61,62,310	135	3,10,726	***
		NET RECEIPTS .	***	***					4,15,43,974	128	4,20,02,197	123	4,58,223	***
8th So 14th 18th	ditto	Assisted Companies. Tärakeshwar Dibru-Sadiya Bengal and North-	22	3,372	153	22	4,625 (i)	210	1,33,036 (j) 2,00,942	242 111	1,39,897	254 122	5,851 21,090	***
6th	ditto .	Western	376 07	36,562 4,770	97 71	376	27,170 6,114	72 91	11,58,646 1,09,184	123	12,15,610	130	56,964 15,228	•••
		TOTAL .	465	44,704	96	465	37,90)	82	16,67,808	123	17,66,941	131	99,133	
		Native States.												,
18th Se	eptennber 1889 .	His Highness the Ni- aum's Guaranteed His Highness the	310	26,109	8.4	354	4 3,4 ⁰ 4	123	7,71,178	108	10,70,278	122	2,99,100	980
8th	ditto .	Gaekwar's His Highness the Gaek- war's Veramgam-	59	1,989	34	59	2,110	36	63,299	43	64,140	44	841	***
58th	ditto .	Mehsana-Vadnagar. Bhavnagar-Gondal-	21	847	40	27	600	22	22,558	43	26,345	30	3,787	259
a8th a8th	ditto ditto	Junagarh-Porbandar Morvi Jodhpore	209 68 124	14,857 2,139 6,698	71 31 54	261 68 124	15,586 2,3)4 5,300	60 35 43	4,72,28) 88,354 1,70,068	97 52 55	6,38,225 98,122 1,61,808	99 58 53	1,65,936 9,768	8,80
	199	TOTAL .	- 791	52,639	67	893	69,394	78	15,88,346	84	20,58,978	93	4,70,632	

in Charpur State Sandan Andrew Markay, diddand Radway, sana Branch. Coal Section of the Bengal-Nagpur Railway, issua State Railway, d Phepai-Itársi State Railways. Pathankot and Rajpura-Bhatinda State Railways.

Return not received.
Total receipts from 1st April to 15th September 1888.
Total receipts from 1st April to 14th September 1889.
Includes the Toungoo-Vaundalay extension.
Includes the Dhond-Manmad, Khamgaon, Amraoti, and Bhopal-Itars
State Railways.
Includes the Dhond-Manmad, Khamgaon, and Amraoti State Railways.
Includes the Patri Branch.

M. C. BRACKENBURY, Major, R.E., Under-Secretary.

SIMLA, 171h October, 1889.



The Gazette of India.

No. 43.} CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1889.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A Supplement to the Gazette or India may deem to be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of inserest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The Debates of the Legislative Council of His Bacellency the Governor General will in future be published in Part VI of the Gazette.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the Supplement separately on a payment of five Rupees per annum of delivered in Calcutta, or eight Rupees if sent by Post. The Supplement and Part VI of the Gazette can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta or Rupees nine if sent by Post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the Gazette of India is required by Law, or which it has been customery to publish in the Calcutta Gazette, will be included in the Supplement. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the Gazette must be looked to.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE 1st HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1889.

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DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE, (Statistical Branch).

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

HOME DEPARTMENT

SCHOOL FOR MODERN ORIENTAL STUDIES ESTABLISHED BY THE IMPERIAL INSTITUTE OF THE UNITED KINGDOM, THE COLONIES AND INDIA IN UNION WITH UNIVERSITY COLLEGE AND KING'S COLLEGE, LONDON.

INDIA OFFICE,
London, 22nd August 1889.

Public (Educational).

His Excellency the Most Honourable the Governor General of India in Council.

My LORD MARQUIS,—I transmit, for the information of Your Excellency in Council, copy of a letter from the Imperial Institute, regarding a School for Modern Oriental Studies established by the Governing Body of that Institute.

2. Copies of the printed statement of particulars referred to in Sir F. A. Abel's letter are also forwarded.

I have the honour to be,

My LORD MARQUIS,

Your Lordship's most obedient, humble Servant,

CROSS.

No. 521, dated 1, Adam Street, Alelphi, W.C., 2nd July 1889.

From—SIR F. A. ABEL, Esq., Secretary of the Imperial Institute of the United Kingdom, the Colonies and India,

To-The Under-Secretary of State for India, India Office.

I have received the instructions of His Royal Highness the President of the Institute to request that you will be so good as to bring to the notice of the Secretary of State for India in Council the accompanying statement of particulars respecting a "School for Modern Oriental Studies" which has been established by the Governing Body of the Imperial Institute, in co-operation with the Councils of University College and King's College, London, with the object of supplying the requirements of those seeking official employment, and of officials holding appointments, in connection with which a practical knowledge of one or other of the Modern Oriental Languages is indispensable or desirable:

It has been represented to the Governing Body of the Institute that the tuition and facilities to be afforded by this School, which it is intended should correspond in character to those provided by important State Modern Oriental Schools in Germany, France, and Austro-Hungary, will be, in many directions, of great assistance and value, not only to those seeking employment or holding appointments in the Indian Civil Service, but also to natives.

The languages to be dealt with in the School comprise, in Division I. Sanscrit, Bengali, Hindi, Hindustani, Tamil, Telugu, Punjabi, Pali, Marathi, Gujarati, Arabic and Persian; and, in Division II. Colloquial Arabic, Chinese, Burmese, Modern Greek, Colloquial Persian, Japanese, Russian, Turkish, Malay, and Swaheli.

I am instructed to express a hope that Lord Cross may deem it desirable to cause measures to be taken for officially directing the attention of the Government of India to the existence of the new school of Modern Oriental Studies, and to afford it such official recognition as may be in his power to bestow.

School for Modern Oriental Studies established by the Imperial Institute of the United Kingdom, the Colonies and India in union with University College and King's College, London.

The commercial and official Classes in the United Kingdom, whose pursuits entail either temporary residence in, or visits to, Oriental Countries and communion or correspondence with the natives of those Countries, have long experienced the want of facilities which might be afforded by a sufficiently comprehensive public Institution, where a practical and colloquial acquaintance with the more important Modern Oriental Languages might be acquired.

In France, Germany and Austria-Hungary, there exist Institutions of magnitude and importance, for affording instruction in the spoken and written Oriental dialects and in matters relating to the history, commerce and political economy

of the Countries in which those languages are spoken.

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In France, the School of Living Oriental Languages, which was founded nearly 100 years ago, receives from the State the free use of a large building and a grant of over £6,000 per annum; gratuitous instruction is there given in the chief Modern Oriental Languages, and a commercial section has recently

been added to it by the Minister of Public Instruction.

The Imperial Oriental Academy of Vienna has long been of world-wide celebrity and has greatly contributed to the extension of commerce in Austria-Hungary, whilst in Berlin, the Imperial German School of Living Oriental Languages, established a year ago upon a very important footing, has already received considerable development. This school is supported by an annual sub-

vention of £3,600, and the tuition there is entirely gratuitous.

Although the scope of action of the Imperial Institute, as defined by its Charter, does not embrace the exercise of actual educational functions, its Governing Body has considered that the creation and development of an organisation for providing, in the United Kingdom, the important aid to the Official and Commercial sections of the community which is furnished to Continental Nations by such establishments as above named, might prove a work of considerable utility

There have existed at University College and at King's College, since their foundation, Professorships of certain Oriental Languages; the Indian School of University College on the one hand, and the Oriental section of King's College on the other, have accomplished useful work in the preparation of candidates for the Indian Civil Service and other Government Departments, by affording facili-

ties for the study of some of the Eastern Languages.

The Committee of the Institute, having met with a cordial response from the Councils of the two Colleges, to a proposal to consolidate the work of this nature now being performed there, and to bring it into harmonious working with a scheme for affording practical instruction in other important Oriental Languages, now desire to direct attention to the results of a careful consideration of the whole subject by a Special Committee, appointed by them for that purpose, which includes representatives of the Councils of University and King's Colleges, and of which the following are the Members:

SIR FREDERICK ABEL, C.B., D.C.L., D.Sc., F.R.S. (Chairman). COL. SIR EDWARD BRADFORD, K.C.S.I. SIR FRANCIS DILLON BELL, K.C.M.G., C.B. COL. SIR CHARLES WILSON, R.E., K.C.B., K.C.M.G. S:R THOMAS WADE, G.C.M.G., K.C.B. MAJ.-GENL. SIR FREDERIC GOLDSMID, K.C.S.I., C.B. SIR PHILIP MAGNUS. MAJOR C. M. WATSON, R.E., C.M.G. SIR GEORGE YOUNG, Bart., L.L.D. Nominated by the Council PROFESSOR HENRY MORLEY, LL.D. of University College. THE REV. HENRY WACE, D.D. Nominated by the Council of King's College. PROFESSOR R. K. DOUGLAS

Arrangements have been completed by this Committee and approved of by the Governing Bodies of the Imperial Institute and of the two Colleges, for the organisation of a School in London, designed both for giving instruction in Modern Oriental Languages and also for the pursuit of studies relating to the history, literature, commercial and physical geography, political economy and the natural and industrial resources of the Countries and Districts in which the various languages are used.

It is in contemplation to arrange for the delivery of Special Lectures or courses of Lectures from time to time, in connection with the School, by Ex-

perts or Specialists, in any of the foregoing subjects:

This School will be carried on under the immediate direction of the Committee above specified.

The classes which the "School of Modern Oriental Studies" comprises, are

divided under two Heads:

DIVISION I. includes classes for all Oriental Languages especially required by Students qualifying for examinations for the Indian Civil Service, the instruction being of the same character as that provided for some time past at University College and at King's College.

These classes will, from the commencement of the AUTUMN TERM of 1889, be continued at University College and will be conducted under regulations common to the other classes which combine with them to constitute the Gen-

eral School.

This division includes instruction in Sanscrit, Bengali, Hindi, Hindustani, Tamil, Telugu, Punjabi, Pali, Marathi, Gujarati, Arabic and Persian.

DIVISION II. consists mainly of classes for Modern Oriental Languages

other than the Indian Languages.

The courses of tuition will be of a practical rather than of an academic character; they will have particular reference to commercial and official requirements and to the facilitation of colloquial intercourse with natives of Oriental Countries.

It is in contemplation, so soon as the number of Students warrants the expenditure, to secure the services of native readers and teachers of

conversation in connection with the classes of this Division.

The Languages to be taught in Division II. comprise Colloquial Arabic,
Modern Greek, Colloquial Persian, Russian, Turkish, Chinese, Burmese, Japanese, Malay and Swaheli.

The classes under this Division will be conducted at King's College, where arrangements will also be made for the establishment of evening classes. The names of Instructors and the places where various classes will be held

are given below:

There will be three terms, of about ten weeks, in each year, as follows:

AUTUMN TERM—commencing about the beginning of October. SPRING TERM-commencing about the middle of January.

SUMMER TERM-commencing early in May.

The School will open with the Autumn Term of 1889.

A fee of THREE GUINEAS per term will have to be paid in advance by each Student for each Language taken up for instruction. This payment will entitle the Student to the use, within the colleges, of text books, dictionaries, and works of reference required in connection with the particular Language taught, and to the use of all the facilities which it is proposed to secure in the development of the School.

Accommodation will be provided to enable Students to pursue their studies at hours when the classes are not held.

The Libraries of both Colleges will be opened to Students in any of the

classes of the School, during the usual hours of study.

Intending Students should communicate with the ORGANISING SECRETARY at the Offices of the IMPERIAL INSTITUTE, 1, ADAM STREET, ADELPHI, LONDON, W.C., where the registration of Students will take place, and where all information regarding the School will be supplied.

DIVISION I.

HELD AT

UNIVERSITY COLLEGE, LONDON.

Language	es.				Names of Professors or Lecturers.
SANSCRIT					C. BENDALL.
BENGALI					J. F. BLUMHARDT.
HINDI					J. F. BLUMHARDT.
HINDUSTA	NI				J. F. BLUMHARDT,
TAMIL .	٠		٠		J, Bradshaw.
TELUGU		0		•	
PUNJABI					
PALI					T. W. RHYS DAVIDS, LL.D. Ph.D.
MARATHI	a				H. CHINTAMON.
GUJARATI				0	S. A. KAPADIA, M.D., L.R.C.P.
ARABIC	٠		٠	.{	C. RIEU, Ph.D. H. A. SALMONE.
PERSIAN	٠	*	4.5		C. RIEU, Ph.D.

DIVISION II.

HELD AT

KING'S COLLEGE, LONDON.

Languages.					Names of Professors or Lecturers.
COLLOQUIA CHINESE BURMESE MODERN G COLLOQUIA JAPANESE RUSSIAN TURKISH MALAY SWAHELI	RE	EEK	•	•	The Rev. Dr. J. L. Sabunjie. R. K. Douglas. General Ardagh. M. Constantinides. Sir Frederic Goldsmid. F. V. Dickins, M.B., B.Sc. N. Orloff, M.A. Charles Wells, Ph.D. Archdeacon Farler.*

[•] The Committee is in communication with this gentleman.

C. J. LYALL,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

Correspondence relating to the loss of the S.S. Vaitarna off the Bombay Coast in November 1888.

No. 272-S., dated Simla, the 19th June 1889.

From-The Meteorological Reporter to the Government of India,

To-The Secretary to the Government of India, Revenue and Agricultural Department.

I have the honour to submit the following reply to the various charges which have been made against the Meteorological Department in connection with the loss of the *Vaitarna*, in accordance with the request contained in your No. 3.21. M., dated Simla, the 6th May 1889.

- 2. The following appear to be the whole of the points and issues which require consideration and answer. The Court of Enquiry calls the attention of the Government to the following defects:
 - (a) The want of a proper system of meteorological observations on the Coast of India.
 - (b) The want of a proper system of exhibiting storm-warning signals op the Coast of India.

It also records the opinion-

(c) That if a proper storm-warning system had been in force with communication to most of the northern ports, intimation could have been conveyed in time to have enabled the Vaitarna to avoid the cyclone.

In addition to these three points, the following are suggested by the evidence and subsequent discussion on the evidence:

- (d) Whether the Simla Office with the system then in force gave as full warning and information to merchants and shippers in Bombay of the storm in question as could reasonably have been expected.
- (e) Whether the Bombay storm-warning system then in operation was defective and unsatisfactory, and also to whom the blame for this state of affairs should be assigned.
- 3. My reply may be summed up as follows:
 - (a) That there is a fairly complete and satisfactory system of observations along the Coast of India, but the Kattiawar Coast is imperfectly represented.
 - (b) That there is a proper and satisfactory system for warning at least three-fourths of the Coast of India, but that the Bombay system was at the time of the Vaitarna disaster defective. The India Meteorological Department was, however, at the time endeavouring to remedy the defect.
 - (c) That if a proper and complete system for warning the Bombay (including the Kattiawar) Coast had been in force at the time, it almost certainly would not have enabled the Vaitarna to weather the storm, as she was too lightly built to encounter a cyclonic storm and was navigating a portion of the Coast where there is no shelter, and the Captain was apparently more or less ignorant of the laws of storms. It is, moreover, doubtful whether any system of storm signals would be of much use to vessels of the Vaitarna build navigating the Kattiawar Coast.
 - (d) The Simla Office gave as full warning of the position and character of the storm to the West Coast ports by means of signal and telegrams as could reasonably be expected, more especially when the

circumstances under which the Simla Office was performing that duty at that time are taken into consideration.

- (e) Neither the Bombay authorities nor Mr. Chambers ever called the attention of the Meteorological Department or the Government of India to the defects of the Bombay meteorological and stormwarning services so far as the Kattiawar Coast is concerned, and hence they are in part, if not chiefly, responsible for the continuance of the defect.
- 4. As a full explanation is desired, I will deal with each of these five points seriatim, and finally give a full statement of the action taken by the Simla Office to warn the West Coast ports during the progress of the storm, in order to give as complete a reply as possible to the fourth and most important issue. Before doing so I have to point out that the enquiry of the Court appears to me to have been imperfectly conducted and that the actual wording of its conclusions goes far beyond the scope of this enquiry. It neither summoned Mr. Hutchinson, Meteorological Reporter for Western India, nor Mr. Dallas, Assistant Meteorological Reporter to the Government of India, who hoisted the signals during the storm and was present in Bombay at the time and ready to give evidence; and bases the whole of its conclusions on the meteorological aspect of the enquiry upon the evidence of a single witness, who in no way represented the Meteorological Department. The enquiry was hence one-sided, and in my opinion fieled to point out the more striking and most easily remedied defects of the Bombay storm-signal service.

I may also point out that the Government of Bombay concurs in the opinion of the Court that if a proper storm-warning system had been in force with communication to most of the northern ports, intimation could have been conveyed in time to have enabled the Vaitarna to avoid the cyclone, and bases its concurrence on statements which, to say the least, do not represent facts. The Bombay Government says that it appears from a report submitted by Mr. Hutchinson, Meteorological Reporter for Western India, that merchants and shippers were not informed at the time the vessel left B mbay of the existence of a cyclonic storm on the Kattiawar Coast. The facts are that the storm signals were flying at Bombay when the Vaitarna left that port (intimating to merchants, shippers, port authorities, &c., that there was a cyclonic storm in the Arabian Sea at some distance from the Bombay Coast), and that there was also at that time no cyclonic storm in existence on or off the Kattiawar Coast.

- that there was at the time the Court sat a very fairly complete and well-organized system of meteorological observation over the whole of India, coast and inland. Mr. Chambers' sole suggestion in this respect, vide page 9 of report of the Court, is to establish an Observatory at Verawal, in addition to the 162 already in existence. So far as I can judge, this is the sole evidence for the recommendation of the Court. It might properly have pointed out the local deficiency in Kattiawar. Instead of that it condemned the whole system without making any enquiry into its character and extent.
- 6. With respect to the second criticism of the Court of Enquiry [(b) paragraph 2], it is presumed that the Court did not intend deliberately to ignore the fact that the Meteorological Department has, under instructions from the Government of India, devoted much time and labour during the last three years to the perfecting of the Bengal storm-warning system and the introduction of a satisfactory system suited to local requirements for warning the Burma and Madras ports. What the Court apparently intended to say was that the Bombay system, as in force at the time of the Vaitarna disaster, was defective or not a proper system, by which it perhaps meant that it was not based on correct principles. For this, as I shall show presently, I cannot assume any responsibility.

The opinion of the Court is worded in such a manner that I am unable to infer with certainty what it really means, but assume it is what I have stated above. A warning system had been in operation for the Bombay ports since 1880 administered by Mr. Chambers. The Simla Office took over this work in August 1888, and barely two months' working of the system convinced me

that it was defective and unsatisfactory, and that I ought to take early steps to place it on a proper footing. With this object in view I went to Kurrachee in November and discussed the matter with the Port Officer on the 8th of November, the day on which the storm approached the Kattiawar Coast, and on which the Vaitarna probably went down. I sent Mr. Dallas to Bombay early in December, partly with the object of learning from the Port Officer and other authorities their opinions and wishes with respect to an improved storm-signal service. Mr. Dallas was engaged in this work at the very time that the Court sat. One of the strangest features of this enquiry (and which seems to me to call for explanation) is that Mr. Dallas, who has had many years' experience of working a storm-signal service in England as well as in India, and who actually gave the orders for hoisting the signals on the West Coast during the Vaitarna storm and was known to be present in Bombay at the time of the enquiry with the object of improving the local meteorological service, was not called by the Government Solicitor for examination before the Court. The Court might have given the most valuable assistance to the Meteorological Department if it had enquired fully into the working of the Bombay storm-warning system, pointed out its defects and suggested necessary or desirable improvements, and it would thus have strengthened the hands of the Meteorological Department in carrying out the improvements it was actually trying to effect at the time.

In connection with this, I wish to protest against the theory that the Imperial Meteorological Department should ascertain and provide for all local requirements independently of any action of the Local Government or local authorities. My own opinion is that, while the Meteorological Department should endeavour to ascertain and carry out any improvements necessary to make its work more effective, it should as a practical Department rely for the direction of its improvements mainly upon the expressed wants of local authorities and the public. In other words, it should, for example, give the Government or public the information it requires and is prepared to use, and not the information that the Department thinks it ought to require. A recommendation for the improvement of the local meteorological service made by a competent local authority would frequently enable the Meteorological Department to ask for and obtain the necessary means

to enable it to remedy the defects pointed out by that authority.

The responsibilities of a storm warning Department are, I may point out, so great that its natural tendency is to endeavour to extend the field of observation upon which it bases its action. By properly selected extension the work of storm warning becomes easier and more certain, and the responsibility and anxiety inherent to the work is diminished. It is hence evident that any extension of the system of observations for storm-warning purposes established in India depends really upon the willingness of the Government of India or local authorities to provide the funds necessary for the cost of such extensions.

The Meteorological Department has, for example, frequently pointed out that the Bay of Bengal storm-warning work could be much more effectively performed and that earlier and more certain warning of storms could be given if Port Blair and the Eastern Channel Light Vessel at the entrance to the Hooghly were connected telegraphically with the mainland. Neither the Government of India nor the local authorities are willing to provide the funds. It would be equally easy for me to suggest that the extension of a proper storm-warning system to the Kattiawar Coast requires that telegraph lines should be laid down connecting Dwarka and Cutch Mandvi with the nearest telegraph offices, but suggestions of this kind are impracticable and valueless unless at the same time a feasible method of providing the funds necessary for carrying out the suggestions be indicated.

These remarks will perhaps indicate the difficult position in which the Department is placed in such matters and also show that the intelligent expression of local bodies, e.g., Local Governments, Chambers of Commerce, &c., might be a safer and better guide to useful and realisable extensions of the practical work of the Department than its own wishes and suggestions.

I have already stated the action I took in the year 1887 to place the Bombay storm-warning system on a proper footing. The Government of India is hence in a position to decide whether my action in visiting Bombay in 1887 (one result of which was Mr. Chambers' letter published in the Appendix) and my action in

November and December 1888 in visiting Kurrachee and sending Mr. Dallas to Bombay are sufficient proofs or not that I was doing as much as might reasonably be expected from me as Head of the Department to improve the local stormwarning system in accordance with local wants and requirements. As part of the same subject, the Government of India will perhaps also take into its consideration the fact that neither the whole-time Bombay Reporter nor any one else pointed out to me during the whole of this period in any official communication the deficiency in the Bombay meteorological or storm-warning system, so far as Kattiawar was concerned.

7. The statement of the Court that if a proper storm-warning system had been in force, with communication to most of the northern ports, intimation could have been conveyed in time to have enabled the Vastarna to avoid the cyclone, is apparently based solely on a remark of Mr. Chambers, that it would have been possible with a proper storm-signal system to have warned the Kattiawar Coast on the 8th November. The 8th covers a period of twenty-four hours, and the important point in such a matter is the hour of that day and not the day when the signals could have been hoisted. The Court apparently asked no question on this most important point, and the vague statement of a single witness was utilized by at least one Bombay newspaper, in order to make a serious charge against the Department and the Government of India, viz., of being virtually the cause of the loss of the Vaitarna. This is the most important issue raised by the report of the Court of Enquiry.

So far as I can reasonably judge from my experience of storm-warning work, if there had been an Observatory at Verawal and another at Dwarka or Mandvi and storm-signal arrangements in complete working order at the Kattiawar ports, it would have been possible to have hoisted warning signals at the Kattiawar ports intimating the existence of a disturbance at some distance to the south-west of the Kattiawar Coast about noon of the 8th, and to have hoisted danger signals intimating the early advance of a cyclonic storm about 4 or 6 P.M. of the same day. The Vaitarna left Cutch Mandvi at 8 A.M. and passed Dwarka at noon. Hence under a practically perfect system the Captain might have received general intimation of stormy weather about noon or about the time he began to advance along the West Kattiawar Coast. Mr. Moir, Manager of the line to which the Vaitarna belongs, thus describes that Coast: "There is no harbour between Mandvi and Bombay into which the Vaitarna could have run. They are all open roadsteads: Mandvi itself is an open roadstead." Hence it is certain, if this evidence be accepted, that even if the Kattiawar ports had been warned at noon of the 8th, the Vaitarna would still have been obliged to have remained out in the open sea, and in the absence of definite instructions to the Captain in which direction to run to avoid the storm (such as are not given by any existing storm-warning system), he would almost certainly have proceeded in the same course as he did and with the same result. For in such matters the knowledge and judgment of the Captain counts for a good deal and cannot be entirely superseded by the general warning of a distant signal. That this inference is almost certainly correct is proved by the fact that the Court concluded from the action of the Captain (and probably rightly, although this is not the opinion of Sir Henry Morland) that he was unable to utilize the indications of his barometer and the changes in wind, force, and direction so as to ascertain roughly the bearing of the storm centre and its line of march, and hence decide on the proper course to adopt to avoid the storm. In fact, he simply ran into the advancing storm, and his vessel was overwhelmed by the heavy seas.

The establishment of a proper system such as the Court apparently contemplated would require not merely the establishment of two Observatories—one at Verawal and the other at Dwarka or Cutch Mandvi—and the maintenance of storm-signal stations at Verawal, Porbandar, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvi (which would involve a comparatively small expenditure), but also the laying down of at least 150 miles of telegraphic lines to connect Dwarka and Cutch Mandvi; and I am informed by the Telegraph Department that they would not pay and that there is no probability of their construction for many years to come.

8. With respect to the fourth issue [(d) paragraph 2], vis., the action of the Simla Office, I have gone carefully through the history of the storm and

also considered the action which Mr. Dallas took (I was absent from Simla at the time as already stated) to warn the Bombay Coast of the storm, and have come to the conclusion that he acted with judgment and great care. I need not repeat the circumstances under which the working of the Bombay storm-signal service was transferred to Simla nor the difficulties under which it had to be carried out, as they have been already fully stated in previous correspondence on the subject.

Mr. Dallas's action is given in detail in paragraphs 10 and 11 in connection with the brief account of the storm.

o. My action in proceeding to Kurrachee in November is sufficient proof that I felt the Bombay warning system was defective at that time. As statements have been made imputing the delay in the removal of this defect to the India Meteorological Department ignoring the representations of Mr. Chambers, it is necessary for me to point out where, in my opinion, blame should really lie.

So far as I can ascertain from the records of my office, Mr. Chambers never pointed out to Mr. Blanford the absence of observatories or storm-warning stations on the Kattiawar Coast or submitted proposals for their establishment. Shortly after I took over charge from Mr. Blanford (in May 1887) I learnt that the Bombay storm-signal service was not in as efficient and satisfactory state as I thought it ought to be, considering the great importance of Bombay as a seaport on an open coast of a sea exposed to fierce tropical cyclones. At the first opportunity, that is, in October 1887, I went to Bombay and saw Mr. Chambers, discussed with him the unsatisfactory condition of the Bombay storm-warning system, and asked him to submit a scheme for placing it on a satisfactory footing. As the reduction of his appointment was then under consideration, I urged him to study economy as well as efficiency in drawing up his scheme. I enclose a copy of the letter embodying his scheme which he sent to me in November 1887 and of a chart accompanying it (vide Appendix A). It shows that Mr. Chambers made absolutely no suggestion at that time for establishing observatories or storm-signal stations on the Kattiawar Coast. There is also no indication in this letter that he at that time recognized the existence of the defects he subsequently pointed out to the Court of Enquiry in December 1888.

He then had several years' experience of the work of warning the Bombay Coast; and yet at that stage when called upon by me, as Head of the Department, in consequence of his own representations of the defective state of the Bombay warning system, to submit a satisfactory scheme which I could recommend to the Government of India, he failed to make any suggestion such as that which he made to the Court and upon which it bases its conclusions that the Meteorological Department had failed to provide a proper storm-warning system for the Bombay Coast. It is one of the most striking cases of a man being wise after the event, that has come within my experience. It is also not a little strange that the Court did not ask Mr. Chambers whether he had ever submitted definite proposals to the Government of India for the establishment of observatories and storm-signal stations on the Kattiawar Coast.

No further correspondence ensued on the subject, and hence this letter represents Mr. Chambers' views from the date of its submission until he ceased to be Reporter on 1st August 1888; that is, when the Simla Office took over charge of the Bombay storm-signal work. Hence Mr. Chambers failed, so long as he was Reporter, to point out the defects of the system so far as the Kattiawar Coast was concerned; and the Simla Office was obliged to take it over with all its defects for which I was in no way responsible, but which I began to try to remedy as soon as I was in a position to do it.

I am, however, not prepared to urge that Government should in its present financial condition spend the large amount required to lay down 150 miles of unproductive telegraph lines in order to protect as far as possible the Kattiawar Coast. It has no ports in which vessels can take shelter during storms, and traffic is suspended for nearly six months of the year (that is, during the whole of the south-west monsoon). Such disasters as the Vaitarna can be much more simply and directly avoided by the adoption of Sir Henry

Morland's suggestion that the Government should only permit vessels of suitable build and strength to navigate that part of the Coast and carry passengers. The chief advantage of the extension proposed would be to warn and protect the port towns, but not the shipping off the Coast. Although therefore I do not urge the extension as absolutely necessary, I recommend it strongly to the consideration of the Government of India and the local authorities, as it would undoubtedly enable the Kattiawar Coast to be adequately warned in stormy weather.

- 10. I have written a history of the storm for publication in the cyclone Memoirs. A careful consideration of the whole of the available data of the storm shows that the account given by Mr. Chambers and accepted by the Court is imperfect:
 - 1st—In stating that the cyclonic storm which crossed the Peninsula passed out as a cyclonic storm into the Arabian Sea.
 - and—In suggesting that the cyclonic storm advanced in a definite course over the Arabian Sea during the interval from the 2nd to the 6th.

The real facts, so far as I can judge from the data, were-

- 1st—The cyclonic storm broke up as a definite storm in the Peninsula, and on approaching the West Ghâts resolved into a series of eddies which were partially transmitted westwards, the final result being an extension of an area of disturbed weather previously existing in the Arabian Sea.
- and—In this area of disturbed weather a small cyclonic storm was very slowly generated or developed between the 4th and the 7th, during which period it was, as usually happens in the initial stage of cyclonic storms, nearly stationary.
- 3rd—This storm was of very small extent and of moderate intensity and began to move rapidly on the evening of the 7th to the north-north-east.

These facts are very important for the reason that the indications of squally weather or of an incipient cyclone at distant observing stations are more or less vague and uncertain. Sir Henry Morland, in his able letter, points out clearly the character of the barometric indications—"The barometric indications we have been able to obtain are not such as would have afforded much warning or have led an ordinary ship-master to anticipate the worst kind of weather," and again "there was nothing in the meteorological observations available or which could have been taken on the Continent of India to have justified a prognostication that the cyclone had recurved and would strike the Coast of Kattiawar."

11. The difficulty which Mr. Dallas had in dealing with the facts was as follows:

The Coast observations for some days showed the existence of disturbed weather off the West Coast; but these indications were vague and not sufficient to indicate even with approximate accuracy the nature of the disturbance. In the daily Reports of the period Mr. Dallas described the disturbance as the continuation of the cyclonic storm which crossed the Peninsula. In a memorandum which he drew up when in Bombay, and which was forwarded to the President of the Court, but was not read or accepted as evidence, Mr. Dallas, on the strength of the additional information received up to that date, modified his opinion so far as to suggest that the storm in the Arabian Sea was a secondary or subsidiary storm, a resultant of the primary, but not the direct continuation of it. The indications of the second or subsidiary cyclonic storm only became definite on the morning of the 8th when the storm was approaching the Kattiawar Coast. At that time unfortunately the storm, which was of small extent, was approaching a part of the Coast where there are no observatories. Whoever may be to blame for this, it was certainly not Mr. Dallas.

The first observations which he received showing the character of the disturbance were those sent from Surat and Rajkote on the morning of the 9th, and he then hoisted the signals at the signal stations on the Gulf of Cambay.

The following table shows fully the action Mr. Dallas took in warning the West Coast during the disturbance:

HOISTED.	LOWERED.	•	TELEGRAPHIC	ORDERS.*
Date on which order issued.	Date.	Stations warned.	To hoist the signal.	To lower the signal.
	4th November 1888.	Karwar Port Officer Kumta Customs Manager:	Severe cyclonic storm crossing Peninsula from Madras. South-westerly	Please lower signals. Lower signal; cyclone passed northward.
set November - 1888.	3rd November 1888.	Cochin Port Officer. Calicut ,, Mangalore ,,	strong winds or gales probable. Hoist signal.	
and November	5th November 1888.	Bombay Castle, Port Officer Alibagh Head Accountant, Huzur Treasury. Ratnagiri Sirkarkun in charge of Custom House.	Shallow cyclonic atorm drifting up West Coast and moderate south-east and east gales likely. Hoist signal.	
1888.	4th November 1888.	Vengorla Ditto. New Goa Director, Meteorological Observatory. Marmagao Chief Engineer and Agent, W. 1. P. R.		
oth November 1888.	10th November 1888.	Kurrachee Master Attendant Bhavnagar State Engineer. Daman Governor.	Moderate cyclonic storm advancing north-east ward across Kattiawar. Hoist danger signal.	Lower signal; cyclone passed inland.

All telegrams sent urgent

12. In judging of the action of Mr. Dallas, it is most important to act on the principle recognised by Sir Henry Morland in his statement that the evidence placed before the Court of the course and development of the storm was all obtained after its occurrence or was the result of inferences drawn from what did occur. We should place ourselves in his position at the time and having only the information he then had and not to allow any certain knowledge of subsequent facts to bias our judgment. There should also be further taken into consideration, in this special case, the very unsatisfactory character of the Bombay signal service at that time, and the imperfect acquaintance of the Simla Office with the conditions of the West Coast and of the storms of the Arabian Sea (due to the fact that there has been little previous systematic investigation of these storms). It is an open question whether it was desirable to hoist the storm signals at all on the Bombay Coast during the stormy weather of the first week of November 1888 in the Arabian Sea. Mr. Dallas believed at the time it would probably not give strong winds to the ports themselves, although it almost certainly would in the open sea off these ports. He had, however, only the alternative of hoisting no signal at all or of hoisting the only signal the system in force permitted. He adopted the more prudent course (that which, 'strange to say, the Department is now blamed for not having done) and gave notice to the shippers, merchants and port authorities at Bombay of the existence of this storm by hoisting the storm signals on the ord and keeping them up until noon storm by hoisting the storm signals on the 3rd and keeping them up until noon of the 5th. The weather telegrams which were sent daily from Simla at that time and published in the Bombay papers also informed the public of the existence and general character of the storm. The following is a copy of the weather telegrams published in the Times of India, on Monday morning, the 5th:

Extracts from the "Times of India," Monday, November 5th, 1888.

THE WEATHER. (By telegraph.)

Simla, November 3rd.

"The cyclonic storm noticed during the past few days is travelling northward along the West Coast. It has filled up a good deal, but is still well defined, and will probably give gales and rough weather to the Konkan Coast, with rain

there and perhaps in the interior. Further low pressures are developing over the Bay. The wind is cyclonic and strong to a gale on the mid-West Coast. Easterly winds prevail at the central stations; variable elsewhere. Rain has fallen all over the Peninsula; heavily on the East Coast and Ceylon. The weather is fine in Northern and Central India and very unsettled in the south."

Simla, November 4th.

"The pressure has fallen a little at Bombay and in Sind and the cyclonic storm has advanced northward to the neighbourhood of Bombay. The pressure has increased elsewhere and is high in Assam. The wind is generally easterly. It blows freshly at some western stations, and a gale is reported from Sholapur. Rain has fallen in Orissa and over the Peninsula; the largest amounts are at Masulipatam and Secunderabad."

Mr. Dallas hence fully warned the Bombay merchants, local authorities, and the public generally of the existence of this storm; and if the Vaitarna disaster had not occurred, the probabilities are his action would have been severely criticized by the Bombay press, &c., for unnecessarily alarming the Bombay public and interrupting the trade and work of the port.

Hence after a full consideration of Mr. Dallas's action from a proper and reasonable standpoint, I am strongly of opinion that he acted throughout with judgment and utilized fully all the means at his disposal to warn the Bombay Coast ports of the storm.

It would have been more satisfactory if the Court had examined Mr. Dallas and come to this conclusion. The full explanation I have given will, I venture to hope, prove to the satisfaction of the Government of India that Mr. Dallas not only endeavoured to perform a very onerous duty to the best of his ability under peculiarly difficult conditions, but that, taking into consideration the means at his disposal, he warned the Bombay Coast ports properly and adequately during the Vaitarna storm.

13. These remarks are, I trust, sufficient to enable the Government of India to take any action it considers necessary in connection with the enquiry and to deal with the important question, should it ever arise, who was chiefly blamable for the imperfection of the Bombay storm-warning system at the time of the Vaitarna disaster.

14. In conclusion, I may state that the Simla Meteorological Office, partly at the instance of the Government of India and partly on its own knowledge of the defects of the Bombay meteorological system, was doing its utmost to remedy the defects before the Vaitarna disaster occurred.

The chief defects were-

(a) The want of a proper local daily weather report.
(b) The defective character of the Bombay storm-signal service.
(c) The defective representation of Kattiawar in our meteorological system. It is sufficient to point out the action of the Department to remedy these defects-

- st-A local daily weather report and chart based on weather telegrams from 41 stations is now published and issued daily to the Bombay public and that practically at no additional cost to the State. This result, I may add, is mainly due to the action and liberality of the Bombay Champer of Commerce.
- and—The India Meteorological Reporter commenced to endeavour to , remedy the second defect last November and has submitted the complete details of a storm-warning system, the principles of which have been fully approved by the Bombay local authorities and which is now under consideration of the Government of India for adoption.
- 3rd-The India Meteorological Department, as soon as the third defect was brought to its notice, took practical measures to remedy it so far as it could by making or suggesting arrangements for the establishment of an Observatory at Verawal and storm-signal stations at Verawal and Porbandar. It is not possible to remedy this defect satisfactorily until telegraphic communication has been opened to Dwarka or Mandvi.

No. 139 Met dated Simla, the 22nd August 1889.

From—SIR E. C. BUCK, KT., Secretary to the Government of India, Revenue and Agricultural Department,

To-The Chief Secretary to the Government of Bombay.

With reference to your letter No. 1469 of the 13th April last, submitting a copy of the Proceedings of the Court of Enquiry on the loss of the steamship Vaitarna, I am directed to forward, for the information of His Excellency the Governor in Council, a copy of a report which has been furnished by the Meteorological Reporter to the Government of India, and to communicate the following remarks on the subject.

- 2. From your letter it is gathered that the Government of Bombay (a) is of opinion that the merchants and shippers were not informed at the time the Vaitarna left Bombay of the existence of a cyclone on the Kattiawar Coast; (b) concurs with the Court of Enquiry in thinking that, if a proper storm-warning system had been in force, intimation could have been conveyed in time to have enabled the Vaitarna to avoid the cyclone. With regard to the first point, I am to draw attention to Mr. Eliot's statements that on the 5th November, the date on which the *Vaitarna* left the harbour, the storm-signals were flying at Bombay, and that on that date no cyclone was in existence on the Kattiawar Coast. The signals were subsequently taken down, as the storm had dispersed or gone out to sea. On the second point, I am to observe that it is a well known fact that the coasts of Bengal, Madras, and Burma are provided with an elaborate and fairly worked storm-warning system. The Government of India, therefore, presumes that the Court of Enquiry, in calling attention to the want of a proper system of Meteorological observations and signals, meant to confine its condemnation to the state of things on the Western Coast, and more particularly to the absence of storm-warning stations in Kattiawar. Government of India is prepared to express its concurrence with the Court and the Government of Bombay to this extent, that there were at the time of the enquiry some imperfections in the system of Western India. But it appears to the Government of India that the utmost that could have been done, if there had been most complete communication with the ports on that coast, would have. been to fly the general danger-signal at or shortly after noon of the 8th November, that is, probably after the Vaitarna left Dwarka, at which place, according to the report of the Court of Enquiry, "the sea was smooth, and there was no indication of a storm." The next port of call was Porbandar, and before he reached there the Captain of the Vaitarna must have become fully aware of all that a mere danger-signal could have told him. His Excellency the Governor General in Council is not, therefore, prepared to assent to the conclusion that, under any existing system of storm-signalling, intimation could have been conveyed in time to have enabled the Vaitarna to avoid the cyclone. Inland signal-stations could not have helped the Department, and it was not until the afternoon of the 8th November that data existed for even the formation of an opinion that a cyclone was approaching from the south-south-west.
- 3. His Excellency in Council trusts that the Government of Bombay will be satisfied by Mr. Eliot's report that the Meteorological Department, in the measures which it initiated in 1887 and 1888, took all reasonable precautions not only for the maintenance, but even for the improvement, of the storm-warning system as handed over by the Local Reporter. Any practical suggestions for its further improvement will always be welcomed, and in this connection I am to invite attention to paragraph 14 (2) of Mr. Eliot's letter, and to my letter No. 110/3-24 M. of the 18th June last, with the latter of which was forwarded, for the approval of the Government of Bombay, a detailed scheme for the improved storm-warning signal service of the West Coast of India, and to say the Government of India still awaits a reply to this letter. With regard to clause (3), paragraph 14 of Mr. Eliot's letter, I am also to invite attention to my letter No. 117/3-29, dated the 1st ultimo, regarding the proposed establishment of an Observatory at Verawal on the Kattiawar Coast.
- 4. The Government of India will be glad to learn whether His Excellency in Council has taken or proposes to take any measures for the better instruction

of shipmasters in the law of storms, and the regulation of journeys along an unprotected coast by vessels of the light build of the Vaitarna.

No. 3778-A., dated Bombay Castle, the 11th September 1889.

From-J. NUGENT, Esq., C.S., Chief Secretary to the Government of Bombay,

To-The Secretary to the Government of India, Revenue and Agricultural Department.

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 139-3-35 Met., dated 22nd ultimo, and in reply to state that the Government of India have correctly presumed that the Court of Enquiry on the loss of the steamship Vaitarna in calling attention to the want of a proper system of meteorological observations and signals meant to confine its condemnation to the state of things on the Western Coast, and more particularly to the absence of stormwarning stations in Kattiawar. Neither the Court of Enquiry nor the Bombay Government had anything to say as regards the storm-warning system in force in Bengal, Madras, and Burma.

- 2. As regards the remarks made in paragraph 3 of your letter, I am desired to invite the attention of the Government of India to my letter No. 3376, dated 20th ultimo, in which it was stated that this Government approved the arrangements proposed by the Meteorological Reporter to the Government of India for improving the storm-warning system on the West Coast, and with reference to paragraph 3 thereof to state that the officers at Verawal and Porbandar, to whom the storm-warning telegrams should be sent, are the "Vahivatdar Verawal," and the "Port Superintendent, Porbandar." The arrangements regarding the delivery of such telegrams at Dwarka are still under consideration. I am also to state that this Government have no objection to the establishment of an Observatory at Verawal, and that the State of Junagad, to which the Port of Verawal belongs, has agreed to provide the buildings required for the Observatory and to maintain them in proper order.
- 3. Adverting to paragraph 4 of your letter under reply, I am to invite attention to paragraphs 2 and 3 of my letter No. 3214, dated the 9th ultimo, to the Government of India in the Department of Finance and Commerce, in which information on the points raised in your letter has been supplied.

By order,

J. MUIR-MACKENZIE,

Offy. Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

STATISTICS AND COMMERCE.
Statistics.

Review of the working of the Indian Companies Act, VI of 1882, during the year 1888-89.

No. 5522, dated Simla, the 25th October, 1889.

RESOLUTION-By the Government of India, Department of Finance and Commerce.

Read the following communications submitting the Reports of Registrars of Joint Stock Companies on the working of the Indian Companies Act, VI of 1882, during the official year 1888-89:

From the Government of Madras, No. 1217, dated the 16th July 1889.

From the Government of Bombay, No. 4817, dated the 5th July 1889.

From the Government of Bengal, Nos. 4-2 and 4-4, dated the 18th June and 13th August 1889.

From the Government of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, No. 756, dated the 29th May 1889.

From the Government of the Punjab, No. 7, dated the 14th May 1889.

From the Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces, No. 4329, dated the 17th July 1889.

From the Chief Commissioner, Burma, No. 318 oct., dated the 10th May 1889.

From the Chief Commissioner, Assam, No. 5396, dated the 7th September 1889.

From the Secretary for Berar to the Resident at Hyderabad, No. 282-G., dated the 18th July 1889.

From the Resident in Mysore, Nos. 3110 and 2391 and 2391 tember and the 18th July 1889.

RESOLUTION.—At the close of 1887-88 there were 910 joint stock companies in existence in India, registered under the Indian Companies Act. They possessed a total nominal capital of 3,025½ lakhs, the actual (paid-up) capital being nearly 2,233 lakhs. During the year 1888-89, the capital of 32 of these companies was increased nominally by about 45¾ lakhs, the actual figures, however, not being reported in most cases; while 112, with a paid-up capital of about 11 lakhs, so far as reported, ceased to work.

The number of companies registered in 1888-89 was 97, with a nominal capital of 178 lakhs; but their paid-up capital cannot be completely stated, the amount of such capital not having been reported in several cases up to the end of the year. The net result at the close of 1888-89 was a total of 895 companies possessing a nominal capital aggregating 3,134 lakhs, and an actual capital, so far as reported, of 2,299% lakhs.

2. The following table shews the number of companies and the amount of paid-up capital in each of the provinces in the last two years:

					BER OF ANIES.	PAID-UP	CAPITAL.	INCREASE CREASE PER 1888-8	CENT. IN	Provincial pro- portion of paid up capital to
	PROVINC	· .		1887-88.	1888-89.	1887-88.	1888-89.	Number of Companies.	Capital.	all paid-up capital in 1888-89.
	adays in condition of the 10th			. ,		Rs.	* Rs.			Per cent.
Bengal Bombay Madras North-West Punjab Burma Central Pro Assam Mysore Hyderabad	winces	***	Oudh	227 204 317 52 22 12 3 3 70	234 223 266 54 22 11 3 78	0,85,97,005 9,20,82,917 1,63,99,644 82,11,938 32,32,914 12,44,955 8,72,595 26,22,067	9,77,87,068 9,87,43,382 1,67,90,358 85,55,419 35,04,166 11,77,110 8,77,790 25,29,784	+ 3 + 9 - 16 + 4 Nil - 8 Nil Nil Nil + 11	+ 7 + 2 + 4 + 8 - 5 + 6 	42°5 43 73 3°7 1°5 °5 '4
	To	TAL		910	895	22,32,61,925	22,99,75,077	- 2	+ 3	100

3. The following table shews the division of the aggregate capital among the principal classes of joint-stock enterprise:

	Сом	PANIES.	Number.	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital
,				Rs.	Rs.
Banking, Loan, and Insurance	5	Banking and loan	314	5,16,75,295	3,27,37,866
manufacture and the second		Insurance	17	1,35,95,000	21,90,846
		Total	331	6,52,70,295	3,49,28,713
	ſ	Merchants and traders	105	2,53,45,550	1,81,67,682
		Navigation	7	1,05,65,000	92,60,933
Trading	}	Dellares and terrores	13	1,07,30,000	69,58,445
		Co-operative associations	30	7,02,500	3,77,140
	- E	Shipping, landing, and warehousing.	. 5	7,31,600	6,29,100
		Total	. 149	4,80,74,650	3,53,93,300
	(Cotton mills	58	5,48,52,250	8,97,61,661
		Jute mills	10	1,26,75,000	1,07,11,200
Mills and Process	{	Mills for cotton, jute, wool, silk, hem	58	• 4,62,87,000	3,53,85,640
		Sec. Cotton and jute screws and presses.	63	1,38,05;580	1,26,41,118
	- E	Other mills and presses	. 30	64,66,000	38,40,520
		Total	. 219	13,40,85,830	10,23,40,148
	ſ	Tea	[29	4,13,39,075	3,52,91,400
Tea and other Planting Compan	sies {	Coffee and chinchona	. 7	6,00,000	5,14,285
	t	Others	. 9	9,10,000	5,41,833
		. Total .	145	4,28,49,075	3,63,47,518
		•			
Mining and Quarrying		******	20	85,00,100	79,34,858
ico manufacturo		\$00 ap.	13	26,07,500	19,59,938
Sugar manufacture	0.04	*****	1	16,00,000	16,00,000
Broweries		14000	3	17,00,000	12,00,000
Others	*44	-00.99%	14	87,11,000	82,70,600
•		GRAND TOTAL	. 895	31,33,98,450	22,99,75,077

The largest part—1,023 lakhs paid-up—of the aggregate capital is invested in mills and presses chiefly for working or pressing cotton, jute, wool, and silk. The greater number of these are registered in Bombay, that Presidency representing under this head a paid-up capital of 721 lakhs, or over two-thirds of the whole, most of it invested in cotton mills and presses. The sum of 199 lakhs represents the paid-up capital invested in mills and presses registered in Bengal, their working being mainly limited to jute.

In tea, coffee, and other plantations 363 lakhs of paid-up capital are invested, of which 344 lakhs are held in Bengal, most of the tea companies being registered in Calcutta.

The paid-up capital invested in banking or loan companies amounts to 349 lakhs, of which 180 lakhs are in companies registered in Bengal and 96 lakhs in Madras.

Trading companies have a paid-up capital of 354 lakhs, of which 93 lakhs are invested in coasting and river steamer companies, and about 70 lakhs in railways and tramways. Of these 70 lakhs the bulk is invested in the Bombay tramways (30 lakhs), the Darjeeling-Himálayan Railway (17½ lakhs), the Tarkessar Railway (16½ lakhs), the Deoghur Railway (2½ lakhs).

Of the 79 lakhs invested in mining and quarrying companies, 59 lakhs are in companies registered in Bengal, 52 lakhs being invested in that province in coal mining companies.

4. Comparing the paid-up capital of the last two years, the figures below are of some interest. The figures are rupees, ooo's omitted:

			PAID	JP IN—
			1887-88.	1888-89.
Banking and loan	* * *	0.0,0	324,63	327,37
Merchants and traders	***	• • •	173,24	181,67
Mills for cotton, jute, wool,	silk, and	hemp	794,81	858,58
Cotton and jute presses	•••		121,50	126,41
Tea		141	354,36	352,91
Mining and quarrying	. ***	0 • •	100,95	79.34
Navigation	***		89,45	92,61
Railways and tramways		0.6.0	68,89	69,58

The only considerable increase in capital—about 8 per cent—was assigned to mills, mainly cotton mills.

5. The following table shews the number of companies under each category during the last five years:

Co	OMPANIES.	188	4-85.	1885-86.	1886-87.	1 887-8 8.	1888-89.	Increase decrease resper cer 1888-1 compa with 1884-8	ise it in 39 red (
Banking, Loan, and Insur-	Banking and loan		196	287	359	362	314	+	60
ance.	Insurance		11	14	13	17	17	+	55
	Total		207	301	372	379	331	+	60
. (Merchants and traders		85	85	88	98	105	+	34
6	Navigation	104	8	7	10	7	7		12
Trading	Railways and tramways	B 0 0	7	8	10	11	12		71
	Co-operative associations	5.0.0	14	13	15	18	20		43
,	Shipping, landing, and warehous	sing	4	8	5	6	5		25
	Total	***	118	121	128	140	149		26
. (Cotton mills	***	44	48	53	. 51	58		32
	Jute mills		11	. 10	10	10	10	_	9
Mills and Presses	Mills for working cotton, jute, wo	ool,	42,	45	38	50	58	+	38
-	Cotton and jute screws and press	905	55	51	60	бо	63	+	15
	Other mills and presses	007	10	26	29	27	30.		00
	Total		162	180	190	198	219		3.5
	Tea	680	127	130	131	127	129	_	3
•	Coffee		3	3	,	/	9		-
Tea and other Planting Companies.	Chinchona		5	5	7	70	7	-	12
	Others	•••	3	5	5	.7	9	+ 2	20
•	Total	•••	138	142	143	141	145		5
Mining and Quarrying	000 000		25	26	25	23	20	,	20
los manufacture	882-000		14	13	12	12	13	_	7
Sugar manufacture	00000		4	4	2		.3		75
Breweries	400 000		3	3	3	3	3	Nil	
Others	404000		23	16	13	13	14		39
	Carra Tarra		594	805	888	910	895		20

6. The following table shews, so far as reported, the total number of joint stock companies at work in India with their nominal and paid-up capital at the end of each of the last nine years:

		YEARS.			Companies at work.	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital.	Increase of paid-up capital.
						Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
880-81	000		***	***	475	19,74,10,150	14,86,66,364	
881-82	0.00	9 0 b		400	500	21,29,73,730	15,45,80,041	59,13,677= 4 5
882-83		g-il e	4 4 9	***	547	22,17,01,800	17,01,59,044	1,55,79,003=10,
883-84	***	0.04	***		649	26,67,34,384	18,75,06,107	1,73,47,063=10
884-85	4.0.0	0.00	***	***	696	27,88,76,908	20,63,58,444	1,88,52,337=10
885-86	24*		4 * *	***	805	28,54,34,367	21,00,25,677	36,67,233= 2 ,
886-87	00+		***	201	888	29,13,61,646	21,38,04,422	37,78,745= 2
887-88		0 * 1	***	***	910	30,25,42,842	22,32,61,925	94,57,503 = 4
888-89	***	0.01	***	001	895	31,33,98,450	22,99,75,077	67,13,152= 3

The increase during the year was 67 lakhs, being at the rate of 3 per cent. The average annual rate of increase during the eight years has been 5 per cent. In the last four years the increase has been slow.

7. The statistics of companies limited by guarantee have apparently been defectively reported. The figures, so far as they go, shew that there were 79 such companies at the close of 1887-88, almost all in the Madras Presidency, being mostly small benefit societies of a speculative and not infrequently fraudulent character. A great number of these companies was started in 1885-86 in Madras, collapsing after a year or two. Thirty ceased to work in 1888-89. Four new companies being added, there were 53 such companies at the close of the year.

8. The fees realised and the expenditure in each province last year were:

			PROVINCE.					Fee	16.		Expend	litu	re.
								Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Bengal	0 * *		0.00	90+	•••	***		6,354	12	0	617	6	4
Bombay	***	***	4 * *		000	0 6 0	***	10,681	0	-	1,052	5	0
Madras	***		***		0.00	***	***	5,096	10	0	1,505	4	9
North-Western Provin	ces and Ou	ıdh	000	0 4 1	401	0 9 %	***	895	12	0	***		
Punjab		, 0.0	69.0	***	***	***	000	1,352	12	0	0.00		
Central Provinces	***		0	0 0 0	0.01						***		
Burma	***		9 444	•••		991		280	0	0			
Assam		001	***	***	000	•••	000	10	0	0	440		
Mysore State	***		***	8.00	440		***	3,821	11	2	•••		
Bangalore	***	0.04	***	***	5+4	• • •		205	0	0			
Hyderabad Assigned	Districts	0.01	800	444	0 0 0	***	***	43	0	0	***		
					TOTA	L		28,740	9	2	9 3,175	0	ı

• Government of Madras-Bombay.

Bengal. the North-Western Provinces

and Oudh.
the Punjab.
Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces.

Burma. Assam. Ajmere. Coorg.

ctary for Berar to the Resident at Hyder-

ORDER.—Ordered, that the foregoing Resolution be published in the Supplement to the Gazette of India, and that copies be forwarded to all Local Governments and Administrations* and to the Foreign Department for communication to the Resident in Mysore.

> E. J. SINKINSON, Secretary to the Government of India.

TABLE I.

Foint Stock Companies at work at the end of 1888-89.

Provinces.	Ü	Capital.	Ban	Banking or Loan Companies.	Trading Companies.		Mills and	and Presses.	Lea ar	Lea and other Planting Companies.	Con	Mining and Quarrying Companies.	Ice Co	ice Companies.	Su	Sugar.	Brew	Brewerles.	Oth	Others,	£ .	TOTAL.
0	Nominal		No	Rs. 2,44,49,620	No.	Rs.	No.	Rs. 60,45,000	No.	Rs. 13,10,000	No.	Rs. 14,31,100	Se ~	Rs. 60,000	No.		No.	2:	No.	Rs. 20,000	. No.	Rs. 3,72,80,780
*	Paid-up		~	96,31,718)	9,51,326	-	41,70,637	~	9,23,113	~	10,49,548	~ ~	58,263	~	4		:	<u></u>	5,759	تر	1,67,90,353
•	Nominal		ئے	91,00,000	~ SA	3,61,36,600	\$148 E	9,56,53,830	~~~	1,15,000	~~	8,82,000	~~	15,77,500		: :		: :	-4-	74,05,000		3,48,69,930
•	{ Nominal	1 :	35	2,30,60,000	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	1,93,93,000	~~~~	1,98,64,850	2 × × × ×	3,44,38,175	7	58,91,830	~~	7,10,000	~~	16,00,000			-	8,91,800	- F	1,60,73,575
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	1		4	30,36,740	33	19,86,000	- E-	35,64,360	~~	6,63,000		: :	~~	1,50,000	منہ	d 9 0 0 0 0	~~	5,00,000	- <u>ب</u>	91,000	- K	85,55,419
	Nominal	3 :	مگ	7,71,630	~~	9,44,500	~~	9,61,000	مير	3,12,500	~~	1,20,000	~~	1,00,000		Ø 8 0 0	~~	7,00,000	~~~	000'08	7	35,04,105
	Leaimon }	:::	1				~~~	8,77,790	~~	: :	~	: :		* *	~~	4 4	-4-	: :	~~	1 1	-	8,77,790
	{ Nominal		~~	59,000	مير	12,66,550	~~	4 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	~~	: :	~~	:	منہ		~~	9 99	~~	, ! !	~~~	15,000	=	13,31,550
	{ Nominal	: :	~	0 0	ست	25,000	~	1 :	~~~	20,000	~~	: :	~~	10,000	-4-	4 0	~~	: :	-4-	: :	مير	\$5,000
	Nominal	: :	38	26,17,675	~~	39,376	~~	4,50,000	حة.	30,000	~~	: :	~~	h • 6 d d	~~	0 0 0 0	~~~	: :		1 :	8	33,45,675
	{ Paid-up		~~	7,60,623	~~	7	~~	4,00,000	~~	* *	~~	6 :		• :	~~	9 0	~~	1 :			~~~	11,60,633
Hyderabad Assigned Districts	Nominal Paid-up			4	حتہ	10,000	~~	: :	~~	a 4 1 3		: :		: :	~~	: :		1 1	-	0 0	-	10,000
	m { Pald-up		- Sign	5,52,70,395	3	4,80,74,650	319 (12	13,40,85,830	3145	3,63,47,518	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	85,00,100	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	19,59,932	~~	16,00,000		17,00,000	-	87,11,000	- See	31,33,98,450

· Not reported.

TABLE II.

Companies divided into shares.

		4	>	Vorring	WORKING AT CLOSE OF 1857-88.	OF 1857-48.	REGIL	Registred during 1888-29.	10 1888-89.	CAP	CAPITAL MERETSED DURING 1858-59.	DURING CI	Can	CAPITAL DECREASED DURING 1888 89.	SO DURING	CEASED	CRASED TO WORK DURING 1885-39.	жо г665-8р.	Wor	WORKING AT CLOSE OF 1888-ES.	1 to 1884.
Č.	Растиска.			No.	Nominal capital.	Paid-np capital.	No.	Nominal capital.	Pald-up capital.	°° Z	Northall capital.	Paid-up capital.	Š	Nominal capital.	Paid up capital.	×	Nominal capital.	Paid up capital.	200	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital.
					Rs.	8.		2	2		2	R.		Z.	2		8.	2		2	2
Madras Presidency	:	9 4	:	317	3,95,91,012	7,63,99,644	96	27,80,545	4,20,058	٥	11,99,994	•	9 0 0	9 4 9	:	60	62,90,831		300	3,73,80,730	1,67
Bombay Presidency	\$:	ŧ	204	204 12,46,35,930	9,20,82,917	*	96,17,000	8,01,600	0.	19,13,000	•	# A	e 6 0	9 9	40	13,05,000	10,76,425	233	13,48,69,930	9,87,43,383
Beng at	i	*	:	227	11,51,74,575	9,85,97,905	8	37,07,000	•	n	6,50,000	•	:	99	P @	5	34,58,000		978	11,60,73,575	9,77,87,068
North-Western Provinces and Ondh	note and O	4pa	1	65	1,12,70,000	82,11,938	105	96,000	•	be	1,00,000	•	1	# **	0	•	1,07,000	4,000	3	1,13,49,000	\$5,55,419
Punjab	1	*	*	2	43,68,000	32,32,914	0	12,00,000	٠	64	5,00,000	•	:	:	:	М	1,00,000	٠	3	59,68,000	35,04,166
Central Provinces	1	•	8	6.5	11,60,000	8,72,595	:	•	# 0 0	:	9 9 8	8,398	i		:	9 4 9	e e e	9 9	๓	11,60,000	8,77,790
Burma	ф 10 0	@ 0 0	*	2	13,56,550	12,41,955	Bro	000'06	•	:	# H	*	i	e = q	:	m	1,15,000		11	13,31,150	11,77,11
Assam	*	5 9 9	*	en	55,000	•	*		0 0	* *	e 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	*	÷	* *	:	:	* *	0.00	es	\$3,000	•
Mysore State	*	ê e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	:	57	39,57,275	13,10,189	. =	3,98,000	•	W)	1,30,000	•	i	•	÷ •	n	39,600	•	8	33,45,675	13,69,161
Bangalore	i	÷ ÷ ÷	•	80 80	19,74,500	13,11,879	. :	:	:		06,09	٠	:	0 0 0		29	8,10,000	•	4	19,55,000	11,60,633
Hyderabad Assigned Districts	Districts	**	• 1	i	;	0	**	10,000	10,000	**	:	:	:	*	9 9 8	9 9	:	;	-	10,000	. 19,000
	H	Torat	:	910	30,25,42,542 22,32,61,925	\$66,19,55,5	8	1,77,98,545	12,31,658	8	45,82,494	5,195		:	:	69 30 20	1,15,25,437	10,80,435	805	31,71,08,450	95 31.31.98450 22.00.25.099

Not reported.

TABLE III. Companies limited by guarantee, i.e., possessing no capital paid-up.

4		Pe	OVINCES.				Number working at close of 1887-38.	Number registered during 1888-89.	Number ceased to work during 1888-89.	Number working at close of 1888-89.
.Madras Presi	dency	• • •		401	***		- 57	3	30	30
Bombay Presi	idency	***	***	4++	+00		Nil	a	Nii	3
Bengel		0.00	*40	4.1				Nil	Nit	1
North-Wester	n Provinc	es and Ou	dh	***	***	44.	2011	Nu "	Mu	NH.
Punjab	***	***	***	***			3	₩it	1	а
Central Provi	псеъ		***	411			201	Nit	Mir	Nil.
Burma	9 - 1	*1*	, 4 .	***	***		2011	Nu	Nil	Nit.
Aream	***	4 9 4		460	**	174	2012	Wil	Nei	Nil.
Mysore State	~E+	***	•••	100 10	PFa	***	17	Nii	2/11	17
Bangalore	***	***	eno.	***	**	~ 0 0	1	Hil	Nu	4
		. *			TOTAL		79	4	30	50

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

Weather Review of India for the week ending at 8 a.m. on Monday, October 21st, 1889.

The rainfall of the summer monsoon is as a rule concluded all over the Indian region by about the 15th of October, while the rainfall of the winter monsoon on the Coromandel Coast commences at about the same time. Hence the middle of October forms a convenient division for the purposes of rainfall registration, and, while the last summary showed the final results of the summer monsoon, the present summary shows the first effects of the winter monsoon. In normal years the weather of the present week is characterised by more or less heavy showers over Burmah, Assam and Bengal, by very slight showers in Upper India, the Gangetic plain, the Central Provinces, Central India and the north of the Peninsula, and by moderately heavy rain in the Carnatic and South India. The records of the present week show that this normal distribution has been largely departed from owing mainly to the action of the cyclonic storm, the formation of which over the Bay was noticed last week. This storm not only occasioned increased energy and rainfall in the north-east monsoon current blowing on the East Coast of the Peninsula, but induced a strong south-west current on the opposite coast, and occasioned very heavy rain there and also in

Berar and the west of the Central Provinces.

The chart of the 15th showed relatively high pressures over the north-west of the Punjab and the Assam Valley, low pressures over the Peninsula with two minima, - one off the Coromandel and one off the Malabar Coast. Irregular and partial cyclonic circulations of the wind prevailed in the neighbourhood of both disturbances, but the depression of the barometer within the low pressure areas was in moderate only, and the winds were by no means strong. The weather was exceedingly fine all over Northern India, the Central Provinces, Central India and the north of the Peninsula. The chart of the 16th showed that the Madras depression had crossed the Coast during the preceding night and was advancing in a west-north-west direction towards the South Bombay Deccan. The storm had increased somewhat in intensity, and the somewhat irregular cyclonic circulation of the winds had increased in force, and a moderate gale was reported from Cocanada. The weather was hence unsettled over the Peninsula, while it remained exceedingly fine elsewhere. By the morning of the 17th the storm lay a few miles to the south-eastward of Belgaum. depression had continued to develop, and the lowest pressures reported were about o'l inch lower than those of the preceding day. The general conditions of the weather were unchanged, unsettled stormy weather prevailing over the Peninsula and exceedingly fine weather all over Northern India. The chart of the 18th showed that the storm had hardly moved its position. The centre had apparently passed over Bellary, and the wind was south-south-west at that station instead of north as on the preceding day. The storm was apparently recurving and advancing northward along the east of the Gháts towards Berar. A cyclonic circulation of fairly strong winds prevailed, and the weather remained very unsettled all over the Peninsula. Very fine weather continued in the north. By the 19th the storm was beginning to fill up. It had advanced very slowly in a north-northeast direction, and the centre lay near Sholapur. There was no other change of importance. The chart of the 20th showed that the process of filling up continued, and that the depression was now very slight. The centre apparently lay to the south-east of Nagpur, so that it had continued to move north-east-ward and the unsettled weather had spread into the Central Provinces. There was no change over Northern India. On the 21st the depression was unchanged in character, but the centre had apparently moved slightly eastward. The weather was unchanged.

Temperature.—A remarkable depression of temperature has prevailed during the past week. In the Peninsula and the central parts of the country this depression has been very largely due to the excessive rainfall, but in Northern India it has apparently been attributable to an abnormal wave of cold which has advanced over Upper India, seemingly from the north-westward. At first this

abnormal coolness was more noticeable in the night than in the day temperatures: thus, at Quetta on the night of the 16th the minimum temperature was 101° lower than usual and at Hyderabad, Jacobabad, Dera Ismail Khan, Rawalpindi and Roorkee was more than 7° in defect. This large deficiency in the night temperatures continued and spread over the whole of Northern India, and at the same time the maxima became affected in a slighter but similar manner.

The net result of these two causes was that the returns for the week as given in the table below showed a general deficiency in all Provinces, except Burmah and the Central Provinces, where there was an excess of about half

PROV	INCES					Difference of Mean Temperature of Last Week from Normal.	Difference of Mean Temperature of Present Week from Normal.
Burmah				,		+ 0.90	+ 0.2°
Bengal	0					+ 0.9°	-0.20
North-Western	Prov	inces			٠	+ 0.7°	— 2·6°
Punjab					0	- 1.5°	- 4.7°
Bombay						+ 0.9°	- 0.2°
Central Provinc	es				u	+ 0.9°	+ 0.3
Guzerat and Ce	ntral	India				+ 0.80	— 1.3°
Sind and Rajpu	tana		,			- 1.0°	- 4·2°
Madras						+ 0.50	- o.7°

This table shows a steady fall of temperature compared with the average throughout the country; the decrease being greatest 3.2° over Upper India. At many stations the minimum readings recorded were lower than any recorded in any previous October. At Quetta the thermometer fell below the freezing point

on nearly every morning during the week.

Rain.—There has again been no rain over Upper India. In the Centrai Provinces showers recommenced during the week, and in all other parts of India there has been general, and over the Peninsula heavy, rainfall. A large part of this rainfall has been due to the barometric depression which passed into India from the Bay, but in Burmah and Bengal it has been attributable to fairly general showers.

The following is a brief description of the daily distribution: -On the 15th there was general rain over the Peninsula to the south of a line joining Vizagapatam to Ratnagiri; there were also local showers in the north-west angle of the Bay and in parts of Burmah. Elsewhere the weather was fine and dry. The heaviest falls were at West Coast stations. On the 16th the distribution was the same, except that there was some slight northward extension of the rainfall area. The chart of the 17th showed no change, but on the 18th the rainfall area was extending further northward into Berar, while the falls in South-West Bengal, Orissa and the Circars had become much heavier. On the 19th rain had spread into the Central Provinces, but had fallen off in the south of the Peninsula. On the 20th the rain had fallen lighter generally and had altogether ceased over a large part of the south and west of the Peninsula. In the Circars, Orissa, Lower Bengal and the Central Provinces it still continued, and in Burmah general showers were reported. On the 21st there was no change.

The concluding table shows that no rain whatever fell during the week in the Assam Valley, North Bengal, Behar, the greater part of the North-Western Provinces, the Punjab, Rajputana, Sind and Kattiawar. In twenty-seven divisions the week's fall was short of the normal and in nineteen was in excess. In Sind and Kattiawar rain neither fell nor was expected during the week. The greatest excess was 8 inches in Coorg, followed by 5½ inches in Malabar, 4 inches in the Konkan and East Coast Central and 31 inches in East Coast North and the Bombay Deccan. The greatest excess relatively to the average was however in the Central Provinces (west), where the normal rainfall was only 0.25 inch, and the amount received 2'41 inches, or nearly ten times as much.

The returns of maximum falls exhibit several exceptionally large amounts considering the time of year: thus, Vayitri in Calicut received 23 inches; in south Kanara, 16½ inches; Gudapur in the Nilgiris, 10½ inches; Verojendrapet in Coorg, 11 inches; and Kumpta in North Kanara, 15 inches; on the eastern side of the Peninsula Yellamanchili in Vizagapatam received 12 inches; Narsapur in Godavery, 13\frac{1}{2} inches; Repalli in Kistna, 12\frac{1}{2} inches; Ongoli in Nellore, 10\frac{1}{2} inches; and Ponnery in Chingleput, 13\frac{3}{2} inches.

These falls, but more especially those on the western side of the Peninsula,

are exceptionally heavy for the season.

9			DATA FOR WE OCTOBER 21ST, 18	89.	RAINFALL	DATA FROM OC ACTORER SERT, 2	FORER ISTH TO
PROVINCE.	DIVISION.	Average Actual Ramfall of Division.	Average Nor- mal Rainfall of Division,	Excess or Defect, in inches.	Average Actual Rainfall of Season to date.	Average Nor- mal Rainfall, October 15th to October 27st.	Excess or Defect of (Season al) Rainfall expressed as a percentage.
		Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Per cent.
Bunnan	Tenasserim Lower Burmah Central Burmah Upper Burmah	4.85 2.45 1.77 1.15	2'48 1'68 1'20	+ 2·37 + 0·77 + 0·57	4.85 2.45 1.77 1.15	2.48 1.68 1.20	+ 96 + 46 + 48
	Arakan	0.75	1,19	— o 41	0.42	1.19	7 9
Saugal and Assam .	Eastern Bengal Assam (Surma) Do. (Brahmaputra) Deltaic Bengal Central Bengal	0°16 0°12 0 0°32 0°15	1°56 1°41 1°17 1°31	- 1.40 - 1.29 - 1.17 - 0.99	0.10 0.10 0.10	1°56 1°41 1°17 1°31	- 90 - 91 100 76
DENGAL AND ABSAM	North Bengal Orissa Chutia Nagpur Behar (South)	2'96 0'27	1.43 1.43 0.59	- 1.13 - 1.23 + 1.53 - 0.32 - 0.54	0.12 5.00 0.12	1.28 1.23 1.43 0.59	- 88 100 +109 54
	Do. (North) North - Western Provinces	0	0.20	o.26	0	0'54	-100
	(East). Oudh (South)	0'24	0.13	+ 0.11	0.54	0.13	+ 85
North - Wastern Provinces And Couds.	Do. (North) North - Western Provinces (Central).	0	0'04	- 0.01 - 0.01 - 0.11	O O	0.04	- 85 -100 -100
-	North - Western Provinces (West). North - Western Provinces	O	0.01	- 0'01	o	0'01	100
	(Submontane).	0	0,03	0.00	0	0,00	-100
Рошлав	Punjab (South) Do. (Central) Do. (Submontane) Do. (Hill Districts)	0	0.08° 0.10 0.12	- 0.15 - 0.10 - 0.10	0 0	0.01 0.10 0.08	-100 -100
. (Do. (North-West) Do. (West)	7.61	0.03	- 0.12 - 0.03 + 5.20	7'61	0.12 0.13	-100 -100
BOMBAY AND MALA- BAR COAST DIS-{ TRICTS (MADRAS).	Madras (South Central) Coorg Mysore Konkan Bombay Deccan Hyderabad (North)	2'91 10'00 1'77 4'83 4'92	2'64 1'81 1'03 0'61 1'17	+ 0°27 + 8°19 + 0°74 + 4°22 + 3°75	2°91 10°00 1°77 4°83 4′92	2.64 1.81 1.03 0.01	+ 261 + 10 + 452 + 72 + 692 + 321
L	Khandeish	1,36	1.33	- o'07	1.26	1.33	- 5
CENTRAL PROVINCES AMD BERAR.	Berar Central Provinces (West) Ditto (Central) Ditto (East)	2'31 2'41 0'61 0'63	0°25 0°15 0°35	+ 1'31 + 2'16 + 0'46 + 0'28	2'31 2'41 0'01 0'03	1'00 0'25 0'15 0'35	+ 131 + 864 + 307 + 80
BOMBAY (NORTH)	Guzerat	0.03	0°20	0 0.18	0 02 0 0	0.30	- 90 0
RASPOTABLA AND CRN-	Central India (East) . Rajputana (East), Central India (West). Rajputana (West)	0.08	0.10	- 0.00 - 0.11	0.08	0.10	- 58 100
	East Coast (North)	5'79	2.25	- 0.03	0	0'03	-100
MADRAS	Do. (North) (a) Hyderabad (South) Madras (Central) East Coast (Central) Ditto (South) Madras (South)	3 7 9 4 2 5 1 4 5 3 7 8 6 6 1	0.86 1.11 2.22 1.80	+ 3'54 + 0'59 + 2'67 + 1'06 + 0'54	5'79 4'25 1'45 3'78 0 01 2'43	2°25 ? 0°86 1'11 2°55 1°89	+157 + 69 +241 +159 + 29

SIMLA, 25th October, 1889.

W. L. DALLAS,

Assistant Meteorological Reporter to the Government of India.

J. MUIR-MACKENZIE,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

Weekly Report on the State of the Season and Prospects of the Crops.

Madras.—For week ending 19th October.—Rainfall good throughout the Presidency. Crops generally good, but suffering from excessive rain in parts of Ganjam, Godavari, Kistna, Bellary, Anantapur and Kurnool, and withering from want of rain in parts of Chingleput and South Arcot. Ragi and castor damaged by insects in parts of Trichinopoly. Prices generally falling or stationary. Labourers employed last day of week,—Rushikulya works, 3,378; Gopalpore Canal, 449; Ghat Roads, 1,434; other minor works, 4,935. Number on village relief on 12th October, 14,540, including 8,646 children; fed in kitchens, 4,735, including 3,544 children. Imports into Ganjam during week by sea and land 441 tons. General prospects good.

Bombay.—For week ending 23rd October.—Heavy rain during the week throughout Deccan and Carnatic, in parts injuring crops and retarding agricultural operations; prospects otherwise generally good. Harvesting and sowing operations progressing. Fodder sufficient and agricultural stock generally healthy.

Bengal.—For week ending aand October.—General and rather heavy rain has fallen in Orissa, and partial showers are reported from other parts of the Province. More rain is still wanted in several districts for winter rice, especially on high lands. Cultivation of rabi or cold weather crops is in progress, but is in want of rain in some districts. Sugarcane is generally a promising crop. The price of rice is cheaper than at this time last year in Chota Nagpur and Orissa, but is still much dearer in the districts of Bengal and Behar. In the affected tracts in Durbhanga, Muzaffarpur and Chumparun prices are said to be steadily falling, and food-stocks are sufficient. There is also an adequate supply of food in the affected area in Midnapur, where all relief operations have been closed. In Durbhanga labourers are finding work in the fields.

North-Western Provinces and Oudh.—For week ending 23rd October.—Weather generally fine, except in eastern districts, where it has been cloudy. Harvesting of kharif nearly completed; the outturn promises well. Rabi sowings in progress. Supplies ample, but prices are still fluctuating.

Punjab.—For week ending a3rd October.—No rain. Prices stationary in all districts, except Delhi and Rawalpindi, where they are rising. Harvesting of kharif crops commenced. Ploughings for, and sowings of, rabi in progress. Rain much wanted in all districts for rabi sowings and also for kharif crops in Ferozepur and Lahore. Crops are reported to be in good condition, except in Hissar and Peshawar, where they are said to be below the average. Crop on barani land has suffered much in Muktsar and Fazilka for want of rain. Fodder is sufficient throughout the Province. Poppy. sowings commenced in Shahpur.

Central Provinces.—For week ending 23rd October.—Rain has fallen in Seoni, Wardha, Nagpur and Sambalpur. In Seoni, Nagpur and Balaghat the rain has been injurious to standing crops and to the rabi sowings. In Wardha, where the fall of rain has been particularly heavy, the cotton and linseed crops have been damaged. Rabi sowings are in progress in the Chhattisgarh district. Rice is being reaped, and if not damaged by rain, good prospects are anticipated. Prices steady.

Burma.—For week ending 19th October.—Heavy rain fell in Thongwa, Henzada and Shwegyin. The fall was light in Prome and Thayetmyo; elsewhere it was normal. In the northern portion of Tharrawaddy more rain is needed, and rain is wanted in Thayetmyo. The crop prospect in Lower Burma continues good. In Upper Burma rain is wanted in Shwebo and parts of Minbu.

In Pyinmana there was a heavy fall, and elsewhere it was light. The crop prospect in Upper Burma is generally good. There was a fall in the price of paddy in Prome, Thongwa and Amherst; in other districts prices remained unchanged. In Upper Burma there was a rise in the price at Shwebo, and in the other districts there were no fluctuations. The food-supply is sufficient throughout the Province.

Assam.—For week ending 23rd October.—Weather seasonable. Mustard and pulses being sown. Tea and other standing crops doing well.

Mysore and Coorg.—For week ending 23rd October.—Rainfall good throughout the State of Mysore. Standing crops in good condition. Harvesting operations continue. Prospects of season favourable. Prices slightly risen in Shimoga, Kadur and Chitaldroog districts.

Rainfall 5'27 inches in Coorg. Standing crops good.

Berar and Hyderabad.—For week ending 23rd October.—Average rainfall in Berar 28 inches. Picking of cotton commenced. Fowari in good condition. Locusts appeared in Amraoti taluka, but no damage done. Fodder sufficient, except in Chikli. Prices declining. Rabi sowing in progress.

Rainfall during week in Hyderabad 2.52 inches; total since 1st January 36.67 inches. Harvesting of kharif crops finished in some places and continues in others. Prices stationary.

Central India.—For week ending 23rd October.—Slight rain fell in Baghelkhand. Prices rising in Baghelkhand and Neemuch; stationary at Goona.

Rajputana.—For week ending 23rd October.—No rain. Agricultural operations satisfactory. Rabi crops being sown. Agricultural stock good. Pasturage or fodder sufficient, except in Marwar. Prices steady generally.

Nepal.—For week ending 17th October.—Weather seasonable. Harvesting of paddy is in progress; outturn very favourable.

I MUIR-MACKENZIE,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT. RAILWAY TRAFFIC.

No. XXVI. of 1889-90.

APPROXIMATE STATEMENT OF GROSS RECEIPTS AND EXPENSES OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

N.B.-As regards the figures in column Total Receipts from 1st April to date, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

			EEK ENDING :			EK ENDING 28			APRIL PTEM-	FROM 18T AP 28TH SEPTI 1889.	RIL TO	Total	Total
Latest Return received.	RAILWAYS.	Total mean	Receipts	1.	Total mean	Receipt		Total.	Per mile open	Total.	Per mile open	increase in 1889-90.	decreas in 1889-9
	-	length open.	Total.	Per mile open.	length open.	Total.	Per mile open.	2000.	per week.	2	per week.		
	State Lines worked by		Rs.	Rs.		- Rs.	₽Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
5th October 1889 5th ditto	Companies. Fast Indian Patna-Gya Dildúrnagar-Gházipur	1,514 57 12	7,67,863 21,801 669	507 384 56	1,526 57	(a) 7,51,395 15,560 (b) (c)	492 273	2,07,36,282 2,29,142 36,287 1,79,188	. 527 154 116 92	2,11,05,178 2,32,781 (b) (c)	532 157	3,68,889	36,28
th October 1889 th ditto th ditto th ditto th ditto th September 1889	Sindia Ralputana-Malwa Bengal-Nugpur (d) Southern Mahratta (f Do. Mysone Section Indian Midland Villupuram - Dharma		2,72,043 18,886 66,101 9,667 10,617	73 164 107 77 69 78	1,672 305 856 296 746	2,61,000 (e) 24,633 56,449 23,141 (g) 44,948	81 66 78 60	87,97,002 7,47,354 19,15,094 2,69,322 3,46,498	203 155 86 74 98	94,25,206 (e) 8,75,918 20,64,200 4,09,863 (f) 13,59,290	93 66 79	6,28,204 1,28,564 1,49,106 1,40,541 10,12,792	000
sth October 1889	varain (Nellore Branch)	83 36	4,740 1,102	57 31	83 36	2, 518 1,522	54 42	1,26,155 37,889	58 42	1,24,404 47,630	58 53	9,741	1,73
	TOTAL .	4,757	11,79,671	248	5,577	11,83,166	212	3,34,20,213	270	3,56,44,463	254	22,24,250	
5th October 1889 5th ditto 8th September 1889 5th October 1889 5th October 1889 5th October 1889 5th October 1889	State Lines worked by Government. North Western (A) Oudh and Rohilkhand Bengal Central Wardha Coal Lastern Bengal Nahháti Tirhoot	2,469 692 125 45 673 27 259	5,55,876 90,290 20,338 17,521 3,13,837 1,927 25,(81	225 130 163 389 460 71 99	2,386 - 692 125 45 747 27 273	5,44,777 1,14,611 19,670 19,417 3,11,800 1,700 24,801	228 166 157 431 417 63 91	1,21,99,457 33,60,072 3,35,561 3,03,292 47,54,778 49,534 8,02,752	190 186 103 311 272 73 124	1,32,67,796 37,74,708 3,71,789 3,72,097 50,09,224 48,442 9,25,038	215 4 210 114 320 271 71 136	10,68,339 4,14,696 35,228 8,805 2,54,446	99
5th ditto 5th ditto 4th September 1889,	Lucknow-Sitapur- Sihramau Jorhát Cherra-Companyganj	105	4,057	39 45	105 25	4,026 1,036 (i)	38	1,25,444 .31,133 (j) 2,315	46 48 14	1,61,055 31,952 (k) 3,434	59 49 20	35,611 819 1,100	***
8th ditto	Burma (l)	392	54,078	138	553	81,786	148	14,14,694	148	21,73,753	205	7,59,038	•••
	TOTAL .	4,812	10,84,726	225	4,978	11,23,624	226	2,34,39,033	100	2,61,40,437	205	27,01,405	
oth October 1889 1th September 1889 1th October 1889 1th October 1889	Lines worked by Gua- ranteed Companies. Madras South Indian Great Indian Peninsul. Bombay, Baroda and	840 654 1,497	1,69,267 1,04,294 (m)5,30,229	202 159 354	840 654 1,440	1,92,754 1,01,064 (n) 4,12,811 1,68,000	229 155 287 364	42,21,883 28,04,953 2,06,45,270 (m) 61,15,745	193 165 530	46,23,051 29,37,163 1,57,01,055 (n) 62,53,819	213 174 423	4,01,168 1,32,310 	48,84,2
	Central India (o)	461	9,87,140	398	3,395	8,74,629	258	3,37,87,951	376	2,95,75,088	337	**1	42,12,7
BANKS TOTAL (C.)	ARANTEED AND STATE)	3,452	32,51,537	250	13,950	31,81,419	228	9,06,47,096	268	9,13,59,988	257	7,12,892	
	STIMATED EXPENSES		3-10-1307				***	4,75,73,273	141	4,78,71,892	135	2,98,619	
6	NET RECEIPTS		•••					4,30,73,823	127	4,34,88,096	122	4,14,273	
rth October 1889 pth September 1889	Assisted Companies. Tarakeshwar Dibru-Sadiya	22	. 4,500	205	-22	4,443 (i)	202	1,37,536 (<i>j</i>) 2,00,942	238	1,43,330 (k) 2,28,032	248	5,794 21,090	940 840
h October 1889 th ditto	Bengal and North Western . Rohilkhand-Kumaun	376	38,176 5,913	102	376 67	25,300 6,657	6 7 99	11,96,822	105	12,42,170	128	45,348 15,685	***
	TOTAL	465	48,589	104	465	36,400	78	17,16,397	122	18,04,314	128	87,917	
	Native States.												
th October 1889	Ilis Highness the Ni zam's Guaranteed His Highness the Gaekwar's His Highness the Gael	310	26,540 1,623	86	354 59	42,733 1,680	121	7,97,68 3 64,922		66,184	122	3,15,323	000
th ditto	war's Viramgam Mehsana-Vadnagar	21	798	38	27	700	26	23,356	43	27,087	39	3,731	
th ditto	Bhávanagar-Gond a l Junagarh-Porbanda Morvi Jodhpore		16,981 2,189 6,395	81 32 52	261 68 124	21,636 2,347 5,200	83 35 42	4,89,269 99,543 1,77,993		6,59,713 1,00,448 1,67,279	98 57 53	1,70,444 9,905	9,7
5th ditto	TOTAL	791	54,526	60	893	74,296	-	16,42,841	84	21,33,722	92	4,90,881	

Includes the Dildarnagar-Gházipur State Railway.
Included with hast Indian Railway.
Included with Indian Midland Railway.
Includes the Katni-Umaria Branch.
Includes the Sanctoria Coal Section of the Bengal-Nágpur Railway.
Includes the Beliary-Kistna State Railway.
Includes the Sindia and Bhopal-Itársi State Railways.
Includes the Amritsar-Pathánkot and Rájpura-Bhatinda State Railways.

Return not received.
Total receipts from 1st April to 15th September 1888.
Total receipts from 1st April to 14th September 1889.
Includes the Toungoo-Mandalay Extension.
Includes the Dhond-Mannad, Khamgaon, Amráoti, and Bhopal-Itársi State Railways.
Includes the Dhond-Manmád, Khámgaon, and Amráoti State Railways.
Includes the Patri Branch.

M. C. BRACKENBURY, Major, R.E., Under-Secretary. Printed and published for the Government of India at the Government Central Press Simia.



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of Andia.

No. 44.} CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1880.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A Supplement to the Galette of India may deem to be off-streeged from time, containing such Official Paders and information as the Government of India may deem to be off-streeged to the Public, and such as may unversible be made known. The Debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be outlined in Part VI of the Gazette.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the Supplement separately on a payment of five Rupees per annum of delivered in Calcutta, or eight Rupees if sent or Post. The Supplement and Part VI of the Gazette can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum of delivered in Calcutta or Rupees nine if sent by Post. In No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the Gazette of India is required by Law, or writen that over customary to publicate the Calcutta Gazette, will be included in the Supplement. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the Gazette must be loosed to. .

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

WAGES OF SKILLED AND UNSKILLED LABOUR FOR THE HALF-YEAR ENDING 30th JUNE 1889.

							- 1	VERA	GE WAGE	S P	ER MO	NTH.		
	Distric	Th,				Able-bodie tural Lal			Syce Home-l	or cepe	er.	Common (arpe or Blacks	nter	
*														-
Burma-						R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.
Tenasserim-											-			
Mergui .		4				20	0	0	15	0	0	30	0	(1
Tavoy .	9					10	0	0	15	0	0	30	0	0
Moulmein'and	Amherst				٠	25	0	0	12	0	0	25	0	()
Pegu (deltaic) -			,											
Pegu .						20	0	0	12	0	0	30	0	0
Rangoon						15	0	0	12	0	0	30	0	0
Thongwa						10	0	0	12	0	0	30	0	U
Bassein .						15	0	0	14	0	0	50	0	U
Pegu (inland)—														
Shwaygyin						15-0 t	0 20	0-0	12-0 t	0.11	5-0	30-0 to	a 41	Early
Tharawadi						20	0	0	12-0 t			30-0 to		
Henzada						15	0	0	12	,	0	22		40.7
Prome						17	8	0	13	8	0	25	0	(1
Toungoo						12	0	0	14	0	0	10	0	0
Thayetmyo						 15	0	0	12		0	30	0	()
Upper Burma-														
Mandalay		a		٠	0	12	0	0	12	0	0	16	0	0
Arakan-														
Sandoway						15	0	0	. 10	0	0	30	0	0
Kyouk-pyu						10	0	0	14	_	0	30		0
Akyab						15-0 t	-		10-0 (15-0 to		

WAGES OF SKILLED AND UNSKILLED LABOUR FOR THE HALF-YEAR ENDING 30th JUNE 1889 — continued.

					AVERA	GE WAGES PER M	ONTH.
Distrator	n.				Able-bodied Agricul- tural Labourer.	Syce or Home-keeper,	Common Mason, Carpenter or Blacksmith,
					B a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
Assam—							2.
Surma-					5 0 0		
Sylhet		0	•		5 0 0	7 0 0	14 0 0 14-0 to 15-0
Khási and Jaintia Hills					8-0 to 15-0	8-0 to 12-0	15-0 to 35-0
Garo Hills	• •	4	•	0	5-10 to 7-8	7-8 to 12-0	20-0 to 40-0
Brahmáputra-							
Goálpára					8-0 to 9-0	7-0 to 8-0	15-0 to 35-0
Kámrúp Darrang	•		4		6-0 to 8-0 7-0 to 9-0	8-0 to 10-0	12-0 to 20-0
Nowgong					7-0 to 9-0	9-0 to 10-0	12-0 to 30-0
Sibsagar				,0	8-0 to 10-0	10 0 0 8-0 to 10-0	10-0 to 40-0
Lakhimpur	• •		•	۰	9-0 10 10-0	0-0 to 10-0	15-0 to 40-0
Bengal							1 1 - 1
Eastern hill tracts— Chittagong Hill Tracts					12 0 0		
Hill Tipperah .					800	600	15 0 0
Nágá Hills		•	4		10-0 to 15-0	10-0 to 15-0	30-0 to 45-0
Eastern-							
Backergunge	0	•			980	6 0 0	12-0 to 15-0
Noakholly		٠			6-0 to 10-0	5-0 to 6-0	8-0 to 14-0 9-4 to 12-0
Tipperah					7-0 to 10-0	7-0 to 8-0	8-0 to 15-0
Dacca		4			6-0 to 10-0	7-0 to 12-0	8-0 to 20-0
Mymensingh .		•			7-8 to 9-0	6-0 to 7-0	12-0 to 30-0
Deltaic- Koolna					7-9 to 0.6	7-0 to 8-0	12-0 to 00-0
24-Pergunnahs .		•	•		7-8 to 9-6	6-0 to 7-0	12-0 to 30-0 15-0 to 25-0
Midnapore					7 8 0	600	. 7-8 to 10-0
Howrah		0		۰	7-8 to 15-0 5-0 to 8-0	7 0 0	12-0 to 25-0 15 0 0
Hooghly					9 13 6	6-0 to 7-0	10-0 to 30-0
Nuddea (Kishnaghur)					600	6 0 0	7-8 to 15-0
Jessore		•	*	•	5-0 to 7-8 7 8 0	4-0 to 6-0	10-0 to 15-0
			i		4 9 79	,	-5
Central— Bankoora					7-0 to 12-0	6-0 to g-0	0-0 to 16-0
Burdwan			0		8 0 0	6 0 0	10-0 to 15-0
Beerbhoom	9 9				. 500	6 0 0	3 8 0
Moorshedabad . Sonthal Pergunnahs			•		7 8 0	5 0 0	7-8 to 10-0
Pubna			•	°	5-0 to 6-8	6-0 to 8-0	7-0 to 20-0
Bogra					6-0 to 7-8	5-0 to 7-0	10-0 to 20-0
Maldah		•			4-0 to 6-0	4-0 to 6-0 5-0 to 6-0	8-0 to 16-0
Northern-							
Rungpore					500	600	8-0 to 20-0
Dinagepore					7 8 0	6-0 to 8-0	10-0 to 15-0
Jalpáiguri Darjoeling		•	•	•	7 8 0 7-0 to 8-0	9 0 0	15-0 to 20-0
		•	•		/ 10 0-0	7-0 to 9-0	12-0 to 22-0
Orissa— Pooree							9 - 4 -
Cuttack		•			500	5 0 0	8-0 to 10-0 6-0 to 7-8
Balasore					4-0 to 5-0	4-0 to 6-0	7-0 to 10-0
Chota-Nagpur-							
Singbhoom					3 0 0	400	12 0 0
Manbhoom Lohardugga		٠			4 11 0	5 0 0	13-2 to 15-0
Hazáribágh .					3-4-6 to 3-12 3 12 0	3-8 to 6-0 5 0 0	4-11 to 14-1
Behar, south-							
Monghyr					4-0 to 5-0	3-0 to 5-0	5-0 to 12-0
Gya	1 0		4		2-8 to 3-0	3-0 to 5-0	6-0 to 8-0
Patna . Shahabad		•			4-0 to 5-0	4-8 to 5-0	7-0 to 8-0
				•	5 0 0	4-0 to 6-0	6-0 to 7-8

WAGES OF SKILLED AND UNSKILLED LABOUR FOR THE HALF-YEAR ENDING 30th JUNE. 1889 —continued.

							AVER	AGE WAGES PER M	ONTH,
	Diete	UCTS.					Able-bodied Agricul- tural Labourer,	Syce or Horse-keeper,	Common Mason, Carpenter or Blacksmith.
Bengal -contd.					1	,	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
Behar, north-									
Purneah .							4-11 to 5-10	4-0 to 5-0	7-0 to 16-8
Bhágalpur .							3-12 to 5-10	3-8 to 5-0	7-8 to 11-4
Durbhunga .							3-12 to 5-0	3-0 to 5-0	3-12 to 9-8
Mozuflerpore	٠	10		•	•	•	3-0 to 5-0	4-0 to 5-0	5-0 to 8-0
Sarun	•	•	4	•		•	3-12 to 7-8	4-0 to 7-0	6-9 to 16-0
Champarun .	•	•		•			2-13 to 3-12	4-0 to 6-0	5-10 to 9-6
NW. Provinces									
Bastern- Mirzapur .							4 0 0	500	800
Benares .							4 0 0	4 8 0	9 6 0
Ghazipur .							3 12 0		7 8 0
Jaunpur .		0					3 8 0	5 0 0	780
Allahabad .	•	•		•			4 8 0	5 0 0	12 8 0
Central-									
Bánda .			•		0		2-4 to 4-0	5 0 0	7-8 to 9-6
Fatehpur . Hamírpur .		•	•		0		2-8 to 3-12	4-6 to 5-0	5-10 to 7-8
Ialaun .	•		•		•	•	3 0 0	4 0 0 4-0 to 6-0	8 0 0
Cawnpore							3-0 to 4-0	4-0 to 5-0	10 0 0
Etáwah .	q				0		4 8 0	5 0 0	980
Farukhabad .					0		. 5 0 0	5 0 0	10 0 0
Mampuri .	•	0	•	0	•		4-0 to 5-0	4-0 to 6-0	8-0 to 20-0
Etah .			•	۰	0	٠	3-12 to 4-0	4-0 to 5-0	9-0 to 18-0
Western-							^	V	
Lalitpur .			0	•	•	•	4-0 to 5-0	5 0 0	10 0 0
Jhánsi .	•		•	1.0	•	0	3-8 to 4-0	5-0 to 6-0	10-0 to 12-0
Agra . Muttra .	•	•			•	•	4-0 to 5-0	4-0 to 5-0	9 4 0
Aligarh .	•	•	•	•	•		4 11 0 4-0 to 5-0	5 0 0	0-0 to 10-0
Bulandshahr							3-0 to 4-0	4-0 to 5-0	8-0 to 10-0
Meerut .		•			0		5-0 to 6-0	5 o to 6-0	12-0 to 15-0
Sub-montane-						-1			
Ballia .							4 0 0	400	780
Azamgarh .						0	3 12 0	5 10 0	7 8 0
Gorakhpur .					•		3 12 0	4-0 to 5-0	7-8 to 9-12
Basti . Sháhjahánpur	•	٠	•		0	•	3 12 0	4-0 to 5-0	7-0 to 10-0
Budaun .	•	•				•	2-0 to 3-0	3-8 to 6-0	8 0 0
Pilibhit .			•		•		3 0 0	400	8 0 0
Bareilly .							3 12 0	400	7 8 0
Moradabad .				0	0.177		3 8 0	4-0 to 5-0	780
Tarái .		0	•		• 1		5 0 0	600	10 0 0
Bijnor .	٠			•	• [4 0 0	500	7 8 0
Muzaffarnagar Saháranpur		4		0	•	•	4-0 to 5-0	4-0 to 5-0	10-0 to 12-0
Dehra Dun			•		•		5 0 0	5 0 0	10 0 0
Kumaun .							4-0 to 8-0	5 0 0	I0-0 to 12-0
Garhwal .			0				5 10 0	500	10-0 to 15-0
ndh									
Southern-									
Partabgarh .			0				3 0 0	3-8 to 5-0°	6 6 0
Sultanpur .		9		•			3 12 0	5 0 0	7 8 0
Rae-Bareli .				10			3-8 to 4-0	4-o to 4-8	7-0 to 8-6
Unao	0	•	•	•	•	•	4 0 0	4-0 to 5-0	7 8 0
Lucknow . Hardoi .		•	•	•	•		3 12 0	4 0 0	11-4 to 13-2 9 6 0
	1			14			3 *** 0		, , ,
Northern— Fyzabad .							. 0 4		4.00 00 0 6
Barabanki .	0	0	•	0	6	•	3-8 to 4-0	3 12 0	7-8 to 9-6
Gonda .			•	•	0	*	3 8 0	4 0 0	8 0 0
Bahraich .		4		•			3 0 0	3 8 0 4-0 to 5-0	8-0 to 10-0
							4 0 0	400	8 0 0
Sitapur .	0								

WAGES OF SKILLED AND UNSKILLED LABOUR FOR THE HALF-YEAR ENDING 30th JUNE 1889 —continued.

							AVERA	AGE WAGES PER 1	ONTH.
	Diatri	LICTS,					Able-bodied Agricul- tural Labourer.	Syce or Horse-keeper,	Common Mason, Carpenter or Blacksmith,
Rajputana —	-	+					R .a. p.	R Ta. p.	R a. p
Eastern-									
Partábgarh							7 8 0	5 10 0	15-0 to 16-14
Bánswára Manusa (O.	·	0	٠				5 0 0 4-0 to 6-0	5 0 0	11-4 to 18-12
Meywar (Od Sirohi	odeypore)	•	•	•			5 8 0	5-0 to 6-0	12-0 to 30-0 15 0 0
Erinpura							0 0 0	6 0 0	12 0. 0
Ajmere		0					3-0 to 4-0	5-0 to 8-0	10-0 to 20-0
Abu . Kishengarh		٠	•		•	•	7 8 0 3-0 to 5-0	7 0 0 5-0 to 7-0	18 12 0 4-11 to 15-12
Boondee							5 10 0	5 10 0	7-8 to 15-0
Kotah .		P		45			4 0 0	4 0 0	7-8 to 8-0
Jhalláwar Tonk		0		3 .		•	4-0 to 5-0 5 10 0	4-0 to 7-0 5 10 0	5-0 to 30-0
levpore					•	•	2+0 to 3-0	3-8 to 6-0	7-8 to 15-0 7-8 to 12-4
Kerauli		00					2 0 0	***	4-0 to 5-8
Dholpur Bhartpur			•	. 0	0		4 0 0	***	5-8 to 7-0
Alwar .					•		4-0 to 4-8	3-8 to 6-0	5-8 to 7-0 8-0 to 15-0
Deoli Canto							3-12 to 5-10	***	7-8 to 0-6
Nasirabad C Hilly Tracts	antonmen				•		6-0 to 7-0	6-0 to 9-0	10-0 to 15-0
Balmer	of Meywa					•	5 4 0 5 7 6	4 9 0	9-6 to 15-0
Anádra							5 7 6 7 8 0	6 0 0	***
Shahpura			•				3 12 0	4 11 0	7-8 to 9-6
Western-						- 1			
Jodhpur					. 4		5 10 0	4 11 0	10 5 0
Jaisulmer, Bickanir	•		•				***	15 0 0	111
Dickanir	• •	•	•	•			4 11 0	4 3 6	9-6 to 11-4
Central India—									
Indore .							600	700	12-0 to 15 o
Nimach Can	tonment		•	•	•	•	5 10 0	7 0 0	12-0 to 15-0 12-0 to 13-0
Baghelkhano	(Sutna)						4 8 0	5 0 0	7-12 to 11-4
Goona . Gwalior		٠		0		•	4-0 to 5-0	4-0 to 5-0	12-0 to 15-0 10-0 to 15-0
			•	•	۰				.0.0 10 13-0
unjab—									
Southern-									
Hissar . Ferozepore					•		5 0 0	6 0 0	10 0 0
Montgomery				•			5 5 0	5 8 0	13 0 0
Central-					•				-4 0 0
Gurgaon							600		
Dethi .						•		5 0 0	11 10 0
Rohtak Karnál							600	600	9 0 0
Lahore .					•	•	6 8 0	5 8 0	13 8 0
Sub u				•	4		3 0 0	600	15 0 0
Sub-montane-									
Ludhiána		•	9	9	•	•	7 8 0	5 0 0	10 to 0
Jullundur				•			5 0 0	6 0 0	12 3 0
Hoshiárpur Gurdáspur	• •						5 0 0	600	10 0 0
Amritsar		•	•		•	•	5 0 0	5 0 0	15 0 0
			•		0	•	7 0 0	5 8 0	14 8 0
Hills- Simla .									
Kángra		4	٠		•		7 8 0	6 9 0	16 14 0
		•	•	٠	•		7 8 0	5 10 0	15 0 0
North-western- Siálkote	-								
Gujránwála				0	•		6 8 0	600	15 0 0
Guirat .	• •			•	•		5 0 0	6 8 0	14 8 0
Jhelum Ráwalpindi	• •			0				6 0 0	11 0 0
ipuldraman	•				•		600	8 0 0	11 5 0
Hazára							7 0 0	780	25 0 0
Peshawar Kohát							600	7 0 0	21 0 0

WAGES OF SKILLED AND UNSKILLED LABOUR FOR THE HALF-YEAR ENDING 30th JUNE 1889 — continued.

4								AVER	AGE WAGE	S PER M	ONTH,
:0	DISTRICTS.					Abic-bodied tural La			Syce Home-k		Common Mason Carpenter or Blacksmith
						R	a.	p.	R	a. p.	R u.
Punjab —continued.											,
Western—						-	-		-		IA I
Shahpur	•	*	4	•		5 6	3	0	5	10 0	14 1
Jhang			•		•	8	0	0	7 7	0 0	17 8
Bannu .						6	9	0	6	8 0	22 8
D. I. Khán						5		0		0 0	19 8
Muzaffargar .						7	8	0	5	8 0	15 0
D. G. Khán		٠		a	•	4	0	0	. 6	0 0	15 0
Sind and Baluchistan-											
Karáchi						12-0 t	0 2	0-0	12-0 t	0 15-0	30-0 to 40-
Hyderabad (Gidu B		0				12	0	0	8	0 0	30 0
Thar and Parkar (U	Jmarkot)				0	8-0 to			10	0 0	19-0 to 39-
Sukkur	0		0				0		. 9	0 0	30-0 to 35-
Shikarpur	0	4	0	•			0		8	0 0	25-0 to 30-
Upper Sind Frontie	E 1	0		•		10			11	4 0	18-12 to 30-
Quetta	•	•	٠	•	•	15	0	0	15	0 0	35-0 to 40-
ombay-											
Konkan- Karwar						8	0	0		9	18-12 to 22-1
Rátnágiri		•	0		•	7	8	0	7	8 0	15 0
Colába (Alibág)			•		0	6-0		- 4	8-01	10-0	15-0 to 30-0
Bombay	•	•	•	•		11	0	0	9	8 0	32-8 to 48-5-4
Tanna (Salsette) .						7	8	0	9	0 0	18-12 to 22-
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		•							,		
Deccan-											
Dharwar (Hubli) .		0		4		8	0	0	7	0 0	15-0 to 20-0
Belgaum						6	2	0	7	4 0	16 4
Satara		0	0			4	13	0	7	0 0	13-0 to 16-0
Sholápur				•	•	7	0	0	9	0 0	25 0
Bijápur	•			•		7	8	0	10	0 0	15-0 to 22-1
Poona (City) .	•	•	•	•	0	7	8	0	10	0 0	15-0 to 22-0
Khandesh-											
Ahmednagar .						7	8	0	IO	0 0	22 0
Násik						ó	0	0	9	0 0	15-0 to 30-4
Khandesh (Dhulia)	•		٠			ź	0	0	9	0 0	14-0 to 20-0
Guserat-											15040 00
Surat		0		0		5-0	to 8	-0		0-01	15-0 to 30-
Broach	0	•			۰		8			8 0	18 12
Kaira	- D\					7	8	0	8	0 0	9-6 to 15-
Baroda Camp (Sada	ar Bazar)					7	8	0	7	0 0	18 12
Ahmedabad (Daskr		•	•	đ		7		0	7	0 0	15-0 to 18-1
Panch Mahals (God Deesa Cantonment		•	0	•			10	1	7	0 0	18 12
Decsa Cantonment	•	٠	٠	•	- 1	5	10	0	7	0 0	10 10
Kathiawar-											TT 0 40 00 1
Rájkot	•	•	0	٠		10	0	0	8	0 0	15-0 to 22-
Western											
Nimár						6	0	0	6	0 0	15 0
Khandwa-Asirgarh	Cantonm	ent	•				0			0 0	15 0
Hoshangabad .			0			6	0			to 7-0	12-0 to 30-
Betul						4	0			00	15 0
Chhindwara			0			4-01		-		to 6-0	10-0 to 15
Nágpur						4	-	0			15 0
Wardha	•	•	0	٠			0	0	ő	0 0	15 0
Central Narsinghpur .								_	4		11-0 to 15-
Saugor	•	4	•			3		0	6	0 0	10-0 to 13-
Damoh	•		•		•	4	0	0	6	0 0	10-0 to 13-
Jubbulpore	*	•	•			4	-	0	6	0 0	10-0 to 13-
Mandla		•	0	•		3-0				to 6-0	10 0
Seoni	•	•	0	0	•	4	0	0	5	0 0	11 0
Bálághát	•	0		0		4	0	0	6	0 0	12 0
Bhandára	•	•	6	0		3	0	0	6	0 0	15 0
Chánda .				•	•	4	0	0	6	0 0	12-0 to 15-
0 0			0		0	4	0	0	U	0	

WAGES OF SKILLED AND UNSKILLED LABOUR FOR THE HALF-YEAR ENDING 30th JUNE 1889 — concluded.

									2	AVERA	GE WAC	ES	PER A	IONTH.	
		Dier	EICTA.					Able-bodie tural La	d Agr	ricul- tr.	Sy Horse	ce or -keep	er,	Car	n Mason penter cksmith,
Central Province	18 — c	conti	nued.					R	a.	p.	,	R a	. р.		R a. 1
Bilaspur								4	0	0	(5 0	0	71	5 0
Sambalpur	•	•	0	•			•	5	8	0	7-	to	8-0	12-0	to 20-
Berar— Buldána	0		•					5	10	0	2	8	0	75	3 12 (
Básim		è		a				5	0	0	2	_	0	15	
Akola . Ellichpur			0 %	0 0			0	7	0	0	2		0	22	
Amráoti								7	8	0	8		0	22	
Wún .	0	•	•		0	•	•	6	0	0	7		0	15	
izam's Territori Secunderaba	es														
Boláram			•	,				5-0	to 7		5-0) to	7-0		to 30-
Chadarghat					•				8		8	-	0		to 22-
Malabar Coast-	-														
Malahar S. Canara	•			•				6	3	7		9		13	2 (
South, central-	-											-			
Coimbatore	•					0		4	9	0	-	7.0		17	8 0
Nílgiris Salem	0		•	•				7		0 8		10	4	27	2 0
Central-						•	*	3	10	°	5	5	4	12	13 4
Bellary								E	5	0		2			
Anantapur	•	0			0			5	0	0	7		0	35	0 (
Cuddnpah Kurnool			٠		٠	110		5 5 7 6	8	0	7	8	0	15	0
East Coast, nort	ı.L.				•	•		0	4	0	6	5	0	19	12 8
Ganjam															
Vizagapatam						0			8	0 .	6	-	0	11	
	•		٠	•	•			5		8	5	5	0 4	35	_
East Coast, cent Kistna	rab-	•									6				
Nellore					•			6		0	37	5	4		10 8
East Coast, sout	2					•	•	5	0	0	6	4	0	10	10 8
Madan-															- 2
Chingleput								5 4	-	0	5	8	0	14	1 0
N. Arcot S. Arcot								5	6	4	5	0	0	13	8 0
Tanjore		0	1	b	٠			5	6	4	6	3	4	12	11 4
Trichinopoly								6		I	6	38	2	14	13 11
Southern-								7			0	0	0		3 0
Tinnevelly Madura		•					-	5	4	0	6	12		12	6 8
	•	4	•	٠	٠	•		5 5		6		13	4 0		6 0
ysore → Mysore															
Bangalore					٠		0	7		0	6	0	0	15	0 0
Kolar .	•				•			4-01			7	0	0	19-01	0 23-0
Túmkur .								7	8	0	7 6	0	0	15	0 0
Hassan Kadur			4	0				2-8 t				to 6	0	15-0 t	0 22-0
Shimoga		0	0		٠	0	0	7	8	0	5-0		0	22	8 0
Chitaldrug				•		0		2-8 t				to 8			0 25-0
				•			*	5	0	0	7				0 0
Coorg .							0						1		
				•	•	9		7	8	0	8	0	0	22	9 0
											0	U	0		8 0
dea .		•						****			10		0		37-8

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT. CIVIL WORKS-Irrigation. GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

STATEMENTS OF IRRIGATION OPERATIONS IN BENGAL FOR THE RABI SEASON OF 1888-89.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL, PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH.

No. I.—RABI STATEMENT.

Comparative Statement of Irrigation and Rainfall in Canal Districts of Bengal

							-										
6	Area in	Area in Cultura Ma	AREA IRRIGATED.	UGATED.	1888-89 PARED 1887	188-89 AS COM- PARED WITH 1887-88.			84	RAINPALL FOR FOUR MONTHS.	E POR 1	OUR M	ONTHS.				al
DISTRICT.	acres.	acres.	1887-88.	1887-88. 1888-80. Increase		Decrease	November.	nber.	December.	ber.	January.	- 'Y	February.	ary.	TOTAL.	I.	REMARKS.
							1887.	1888.	1887.	1888.	1888. 1889.	-	1888.	1889.	1887-88. 1888-89.	1888-89.	
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	In.	In.	In.	In.	In.	In.	In.	In.	In.	In.	
Cuttack	. Informa	Informa-Informa-	009	2,835	2,235	:	1.03	3.00	0 0		1.78	0.03	11.1	06 0	3.61	4.63	Average rainfall of the 11 sta-
Balasore	tion no	tion not tion not	126	138	13	:	01.0	1.89	:	*	1.30	0.25	2.03	0.35	3 42	5.40	Average rainfall at Bhuddruck
Midnapore .	able.	able.	*:	3,369	13,3691	0 4 0	0.13	80.0	0.03		0.03	1.62	1.67	4.80	3.04	05.9	and Acquapadda stations.
· fridance	•		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	:		:	:	:	:	:	*	:	:	:	:		No rain-gauge stations on the
Gya Patna Shahabad	3,015,680		3,908 2,536	5,637	3,101	: :	::	0.00	::			0.40		3.42	1.25	8.95	
Sarun	1,680,000	1,312,500	2314	3,170	856	0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	*:	::	::	0 45	3.30	::	9,5	0.42	3.16	Ditto at Gopalgunj station.
								1									
TOTAL	•	:	59,130	59,130 1,08,662	49,533	0 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	. :		1	*	1-
The state of the s	The same of the sa			-													

Nora. - The figures for 1887.88 as now given are correct.

1,162 acres wrigated with boro rice during the rabi season 1887.88, were included in the area shown as irrigated during the Kharif season of that year.

| Boro rice.

Off. Under-Secy. to the Gort. of Bengal, P. W. D. C. H. DEMELLO,

CALCUTTA,

The 17th September 1889

IRRIGATION OPERATIONS OF FASL RABI, 1888-80.

Districts.
Canal
13.
irrigated
crops
5
acres
7.
Statement

No. II.—RABI STATEMENT.	Statement in	acres of crops irrigated in	bs irrigated	Canal	Districts.	٠		7	
NATURE OF GROPS.	Cuttack.	Balasore.	Midnapore.	Hooghly.	Gya.	Patna.	Shahabad.	Sarun.	TOTAL.
Garden and orchards Sugarcane Cereals Rice Miscellaneous Gram, &c. Miscellaneous Grass, lucerne Gotton Dyes Cotton Cotton Cotton Miscellaneous Tobacco, &c. Miscellaneous Castor Miscellaneous Castor	286 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 25	©C.	3,369° · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		2,699		25 41,766 11,244 4,941 5,071 11,046 793 716.	.:	12,626 12,743 18,339 15,0339 15,017 12,626 141 12,626 141 14,626 144 141 141 141 141 141 141 141 141 14
TOTAL RABI, 1888-89	2,835	138	3,369		5,795	5,637	81,7,78	3,170	108,662
TOTAL RABI, 1887-88	0009	126	:		3.908	2,536	49,646	2,314	59,130
The first state of the state of			Boro rice.						

CALCUTTA
The 17th September 1889.

C. H. DEMELLO, Offg. Under-Secy. to the Goot. of Bengal, P. W. D.

THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS.

Statement in acres of crops irrigated by Canals in Canal Divisions. IRRIGATION OPERATIONS OF FASL RABI, 1888-89.

No. III.-RABI STATEMENT.

MARKS.

	0			1																	
	E	1 OTAL.		127	193	42,743	18,339	3,309	6,573	15,017	170	2,125	141	2.080	41	2100	44	12,626	* *	1,08,662	59,130
SARITN	CARAL	Gunduck.		:	•	- 0	2,618	:	:	:	ന	:	ŧ	205	41		:	:		3,170	2,314
BUXAR	CANAL.	Buxar.		23	:	30,424	3,404	:00				:	* * * *	216		211	;	8,355	0 0 0	50,227	30,449
ARRAH	CANAL.	Arrah.		0	:	11,342	7,780	1.123	1,933	10,468	:	=	*	577	:	W	:	4,260	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	37,491	19,197
PATNA	CANAL	Eastern Sone.		0 0	:	976	4,277	: :	1,502	3,685	0 0	*		903	:	:	a a a	•		11,432	6,444
MIDNA-	CANAL.	Cossye.		d 0		0 0	*******		0 0	*	4 4	•	*		* * *	:	*	:		3,369	
1	RANGE II. RANGE III.	Acquapadda-Jajepore.		90	130	•	0 4 6		0 0 0		**		0 (0 0	8 0	0 7 0	9	0 0	891	126
KENDRAPARA HIGH LEVEL	-	Brahminee-Byturnee.).	65	**	9 1	0 0		• (700	2.024	171	4	:	•	m ;	44	• •	•	2,563	441
TALDUNDA		Mahanudd y.		3.5	14	0 0	: 1	:	; 6	04 4	1 901	3		:			* * *	11		242	159
			•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•			-	٠	•	•	0	•	рь	•
	NATURE OF CROPS.			Garden and orchards .	Sugarcane	_	Cereals . Rice	Miscellaneous	Pulse Misselland	Fodder grose Grose Income			Dyes . Turmeric, &c.	Days	(lobacco,	Oilseeds . \ Creek	Missellenesses	Hot-weather		TOTAL RABI, 1888-89	TOTAL RABI, 1887-88

Boro rice.

Offs. Under-Secy, to the Goot, of Bengal, P. W. Dept. C. H. DEMELLO,

The 17th September 1889. CALCUTTA,

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL, PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH.

IRRIGATION OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR 1888-89.

Comparative Statement of Irrigation and Rainfall for the years 1887-88 and 1888-89, in Canal Districts of Bengal.

NO. 1. - ANNUAL STATEMENT.

...

							AREA IRRIGATED	MIGATED.					8	RAINFALL	1
			KB	KHARIP, 1588-89.	89.	144	RABI, 1888-89.	d		WHOLE YE	WHOLE YEAR, 1888-89.	4			
DISTRICTS.	acres.	Culturable acres.	Total	In compa	In comparison with kharif, 1987-88.	Total	In compa	In comparison with 1887-88.	TOTAL	In comparison 1887-88.	parison with 887-88.	Percent-	1887-88 1888-89.	888-89.	Percentage of increase
			AREA.	Increase.	Decrease.	AREA.	Increase.	Decrease.	AREA.	Increase	Decrease	or or decrease.			decrease.
I		m	4	w	9	7	∞	6	IO	11	13	13	14	15	.92
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	•	In.	In.	-
Cuttack Balasore Midnapore	Information no available	Inform- Inform ation not available.	23,578 54,551	13,868	10,334	2,835 138 3,369	2,235	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	132,466 23,716 57,920	42,699	6,965		32.66	43.81 42.53 57.92	3867
Gya Patna	3,015,680	2,356,000	27,600 28,146	2,737	1,748	5.795	1,007	* * * *	33,395		. : 45	+0.4		46.71	116.7
Sarun .	. 2,806,400		206,929	3,935	6 tu	87,718	38,072		294,647	40,468		+13.2	33.22	35.33	72.0
TOTAL		•	476,776	63,400	12,127	108,662	49,532	:	585,438	107,815	7,010	+17.3		:	
			NET INCREASE	REASE .	51,273	NET INCREASE		. 49,532	NET INCREASE		. 100,805				

The 17th September 1889. CALCUTTA,

Off. Under-Secy. to the Goot. of Bengal, P. W. D. C. H. DEMELLO,

IRRIGATION OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR 1888-89. No. II.-ANNUAL STATEMENT.

No. II.—ANNUAL STATEMENT. States	nent in acr	Statement in acres of crops irrigated in the Canal Districts.	irrigated :	n the Can	d Districts	٠			
NATURE OF CROPS.	Cuttack	Balasore,	Midnapore.	Hooghly.	Gya.	Patna.	Shahabad.	Sarun,	TOTAL.
Garden and orchards Sugarcane Wheat Cereals Rice Miscellaneous Fodder crops Gram, &c. Miscellaneous Grams lucerne Fodder crops Grass lucerne Cotton Dyes Turmeric, &c. Drugs Turmeric, &c. Drugs Tobacco, &c. Opium Castor Miscellaneous Hot-weather	102 55 2,124 141 44 141	#38 #3 578	22,920		. 6, 6, 4, 4, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6,	1,61,485 2,485 3,04,47 3,05,885 3,000 3,00	18,938 41,766 11,244 175,820 5,343 5,071 11,046 1 793 216 12,615 11,769		23.313 42,743 18,339 444400 55,735 6,573 2,125 2,080 2,125 2,080 175 41 11,769
TOTAL, 1888-89 .	132,466	23,716	57,920	502	33,395	33,783	294,647	600'6	585,438
TOTAL, 1887-88	89.767	9,836	64,885	547	33,256	27,945	254,179	4,218	484,633

C. H. DEMELLO,
Offs. Under Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. D.

The 17th September 1889. CALCUTTA,

IRRIGATION OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR 1888-89.

Dimerone
Count
.8
Canale
34
irrianted
of crobs
acres
13.
Statement

No. III. - ANNUAL STATEMENT.

	TALDUNDA CANAL.	TALDUNDA KENDRAPARA HIGH LEVEL CANAL, CANAL, RANGE I.	HIGH LEVEL HIGH LEVEL CANAL, CANAL, RANGE II. RANGE III.	MIDNA- PORE CANAL.	PATNA CANAL	ARRAH CANAL	BUXAR CANAL	SARUN		
MATURE OF CROSS.	Mahamuddy.	Brahminee-Byturnee.	Acquapadda-Jajepore.	Cossye.	Eastern-Sone.	Arrah.	Buxar.	Gunduck.	TOTAL	REMARKS.
	-									
Carden and orchards .	31	. 65	9	•	:	C9 (23	* *	127	
Sugarcane	. 14	41	1300	:	4,174	12,378	6,560	00	23 313	
N meat	•	•			976	11,342	30,424	-	42,743	
Cereals , Bice				•	4,277	7,780	3,464	2,818	18,339	
Microllone	• 41,339	80,278	25,592	58,422	51,275	113,000	62,814	5,674	444,400	
	:	2 0	6.	:	297	1,232	4,121	#35	5,775	
Pulse . Miscellanous	: 0		•	*	1,502	1,933	3, 130	* *	6,573	
Fodder orone Comes Income	•	203			3,685	10,468	578	•	15,017	
			24	:			*	m	00	
	100	2,024	0 0	0 8 7	* * *	-	*	:	2,125	
Dyes Turneric &c.		141	8 6 0		* * *	:		34	175	
		44	0 0	:				*	45	
Drugs . Tobacco &c.			dr 3 v	9 4	992	577	916	295	2,080	
	•	•	0 0		0 0	:	•	41	4	
Oilseeds . \ Castor		N	•		0 0	מא	311	:	210	
Miscellaneone		*	:	:	*	:	:	•	4	
Hotelstor	-	* *		:	* * * *	4,260	8,355		12,020	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	*	0 0 4	jo	:	0 0	086,8	2,789	:	692'11	
TOTAL, 1888-89	41.581	00000	25 260	00	822 29	171 084	209 221	000	000 4 200	
			2010	20000	2/11/2	+CK1.1.	260,000	honik	3-31430	
TOTAL, 1887-88	. 26,847	61,404	11,352	65,432	61,201	141,484 : 112,695	112,695	4,218	484,633	

CALCUITA, The 17th September 1889.

C. H. DEMELLO, Ofg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. Dept.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

WEATHER SUMMARY FOR SEPTEMBER 1889.

The principal meteorological features of the month of September in normal years are the retreat of the south-west monsoon from Upper and Central India and the appearance of more or less severe cyclones over the Bay of Bengal. The date of the occurrence of the former phenomenon apparently depends largely on the general strength of the monsoon during the whole period of its prevalence, but of the rules which regulate the occurrence of cyclones much less is known. The withdrawal from Central and Upper India of the moist currents from the Bombay and from the Bengal side of India occur fairly simultaneously, and is followed by fine dry weather in that region, but Bengal and Burmah continue to receive moderate general rain from the Bay current and the Konkan, Malabar, the Deccan and Southern India from the Arabian Sea current. As mentioned above, the cyclonic storms of this period are frequently of considerable severity, and give heavy and general rainfall. Their course is as a rule west-north-west from the Orissa Coast across the central parts of the country, and they are frequently remarkable for long vitality.

The present September has been remarkable for the exceptionally early cessation of the rains over a considerable portion of India. Over the whole of North-Western India (i.e., the whole of the region lying to the north-west of a line joining Rajkot and Lucknow) there has been practically no rain of importance throughout the month. This has apparently arisen from two causes—the first being the excessive weakness of the Bombay current, the second the feeding of the Bay current into the various depressions, which have formed over and travelled near the Bay of Bengal. Conditions on the West Coast of the Peninsula have been very exceptional. In the ordinary course of events there should be a fairly strong south-westerly and westerly wind crossing the West Coast at this season, and rain should be general and fairly frequent. Instead of this the records of the past month have shown for the greater part of the period variable or east to north breezes of light or moderate strength, and on several days there has been a partial or complete absence of rain all along the West Coast. During the occurrence of the depressions described below, these abnormal conditions were of course modified, and an inrush of moist monsoon winds towards the depression occasioned heavy and general rain on the West Coast; but with the disappearance of the disturbances the wind returned to its abnormal directions and the rain more or less ceased.

After a short disturbed period quite at the commencement of the month the weather became settled. Very small pressure differences were accompanied with light and variable winds, and, though rain was reported from most stations (except those in the north-west), it occurred generally in passing showers, and the general weather was fair. On the 16th however conditions became unsettled over the Bay, and a brisk fall of the barometer was accompanied with the formation of a depression. An unsettled period which lasted until the 23rd then set in, during which the weather was stormy and the rainfall heavy. After the 24th or 25th the rainfall again fell off gradually, and by the end of the month the weather was again fine over the greater part of the country.

Barometric depression; and cyclonic storms of the month.—Three depressions were formed during the month, of these one was of very considerable importance, but the other two were small and short lived.

Depression of 1st to 3rd September.—At the close of August a shallow low pressure area lay over Behar and the North-Western Provinces, into which the wind from surrounding districts fed and around which rain was falling. On the 1st September a shallow but well defined disturbance formed within this low pressure area, and a cyclonic circulation of the winds was established. Moderately heavy rain fell within the storm area. The reports of the

IRRIGATION OPERATIONS FOR THE VEAR 1888-89.

Divisions.	֡
Canal	
Cas	
Is in C	
Canals	
49	
irrigated by Canals	
of crops	
of	
acres	
13	
Statement	

No. III.—ANNUAL STATEMENT.

	REMARKS.									of the													
	I OTAL.		127	23 313	42,743	18,339	444,400	5,775	6,573	15,017	000	2,125	175	45	2,080	41	210	44	12,626	11,769	0	585,438	484,633
SARUN	Gunduck.		:	00	(44)	2,00	5,674	135	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		8	:	34	:	295	41	:			:		600,6	4,218
BUXAR CANAL	Buxar.	-	23	6,560	30,424	3,464	62,814	4,121	3,138	578				8 0	316	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	211		8,355	2,789		122,093	112,695
ARRAH CANAL	Arrah.		CQ	12,378	11,342	7,780	113,006	1,222	1,933	10,468	:	H		0 0	577	0 0	10		4,260	8,980		171,954	61,201 141,484 112,695
PATNA CANAL.	Eastern-Sone.		*	4,174	926	4,277	51,275	297	1,502	3,685			:	:	992		0 0	0 0		***	•	67.178	61,201
MIDNA- PORE CANAL.	Cossye.		•		•		58,422	•	0 0	•			:	0 0	ů	•	:			*	c	58,433	65,432
HIGH LEVEL HIGH LEVEL HIGH LEVEL CANAL, CANAL, CANAL, RANGE II. RANGE III.	Acquapadda-Jajepore.	,	10	138	:	0 0	25,592		0 0	:	24	:	* *	•	* •		• •	•	0 0 0	ie		25,700	11,352
KENDRAPARA HIGH LEVEL CANAL, RANGE I.	Brahminee-Byturnee.		. 65	+	0 0		86,278	***		202	0 0 0	2,024	141	44	* * *	• • • •	(4)	4			0000	08,041	61,404
TALDUNDA CANAL.	Mahanuddy.		31	14	:	:	41,339		* (4	-	100	*	-	:		*	:	int int	*	-0-	41.501	26,847
	NATURE OF CROPS.		Carden and orcnards	Sugarcane		Cereals . \ Barley		Miscellaneous	Pulse		crops	Fibres . Cotton .	Dyes Indigo		Drugs . Telego		Oilseeds \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	٠	Miscellaneous .	not-weather	TOTAL 1888-80		TOTAL, 1887-88

CALCUTTA,

The 17th September 1889.

C. H. DEMELLO,

Offg. Under-Secy. to the Goot. of Bengal, P. W. Dept.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

WEATHER SUMMARY FOR SEPTEMBER 1880.

The principal meteorological features of the month of September in normal years are the retreat of the south-west monsoon from Upper and Central India and the appearance of more or less severe cyclones over the Bay of Bengal. The date of the occurrence of the former phenomenon apparently depends largely on the general strength of the monsoon during the whole period of its prevalence, but of the rules which regulate the occurrence of cyclones much less is known. The withdrawal from Central and Upper India of the moist currents from the Bombay and from the Bengal side of India occur fairly simultaneously, and is followed by fine dry weather in that region, but Bengal and Burmah continue to receive moderate general rain from the Bay current and the Konkan, Malabar, the Deccan and Southern India from the Arabian Sea current. As mentioned above, the cyclonic storms of this period are frequently of considerable severity, and give heavy and general rainfall. Their course is as a rule west-north-west from the Orissa Coast across the central parts of the country, and they are frequently remarkable for long vitality.

The present September has been remarkable for the exceptionally early cessation of the rains over a considerable portion of India. Over the whole of North-Western India (i.c., the whole of the region lying to the north-west of a line joining Rajkot and Lucknow) there has been practically no rain of importance throughout the month. This has apparently arisen from two causes—the first being the excessive weakness of the Bombay current, the second the feeding of the Bay current into the various depressions, which have formed over and travelled near the Bay of Bengal. Conditions on the West Coast of the Peninsula have been very exceptional. In the ordinary course of events there should be a fairly strong south-westerly and westerly wind crossing the West Coast at this season, and rain should be general and fairly frequent. Instead of this the records of the past month have shown for the greater part of the period variable or east to north breezes of light or moderate strength, and on several days there has been a partial or complete absence of rain all along the West Coast. During the occurrence of the depressions described below, these abnormal conditions were of course modified, and an inrush of moist monsoon winds towards the depression occasioned heavy and general rain on the West Coast; but with the disappearance of the disturbances the wind returned to its abnormal directions and the rain more or less ceased.

After a short disturbed period quite at the commencement of the month the weather became settled. Very small pressure differences were accompanied with light and variable winds, and, though rain was reported from most stations (except those in the north-west), it occurred generally in passing showers, and the general weather was fair. On the 16th however conditions became unsettled over the Bay, and a brisk fall of the barometer was accompanied with the formation of a depression. An unsettled period which lasted until the 23rd then set in, during which the weather was stormy and the rainfall heavy. After the 24th or 25th the rainfall again fell off gradually, and by the end of the month the weather was again fine over the greater part of the country.

Barometric depression; and cyclonic storms of the month.—Three depressions were formed during the month, of these one was of very considerable importance, but the other two were small and short lived.

Depression of 1st to 3rd September.—At the close of August a shallow low pressure area lay over Behar and the North-Western Provinces, into which the wind from surrounding districts fed and around which rain was falling. On the 1st September a shallow but well defined disturbance formed within this low pressure area, and a cyclonic circulation of the winds was established. Moderately heavy rain fell within the storm area. The reports of the

and showed that the storm was filling up, but that heavy rain had occurred in its neighbourhood, the following being some of the principal amounts reported:

On the morning of the 3rd the barometer was rising quickly and the depression

had almost disappeared.

Large depression of the 16th to 22nd September. - Very uniform pressures were reported over the Bay and the surrounding coasts on the morning of the 15th -a condition which in the middle of September was almost certainly antecedent to the formation of a storm. On the 16th a depression was clearly traceable in the Bay and there was a general indraught of air towards the centre. The chart of the 17th showed that the depression had developed and that the centre of depression was in Lat. 18°30' and Long. 88°30', where the barometer was probably falling briskly. A cyclonic circulation of moderate intensity had been formed around the Bay. On the 18th the centre of the storm was close to the coast between the stations of Gopalpore and Vizagapatam, where the barometer had fallen very rapidly. Strong cyclonic winds prevailed around and over the Bay. The storm crossed the coast in the afternoon, and moderate gales prevailed around it. The barometer at the centre probably fell below 29'0" and the storm was altogether of considerable intensity. By the morning of the 19th it had passed about 100 miles inland on a west-north-west course. Strong winds were feeding into it, and the rainfall around was very heavy. On the 20th the storm was to the south of Raipur and still maintained the same intensity. The chart of the 21st showed that the storm was filling up, and that it was passing northward towards the North-Western Provinces. A strong cyclonic circulation was still maintained around it and fairly heavy fain continued. By the morning of the 22nd the disturbance had reached the foot of the Hills in the neighbourhood of Gorakhpur and by the following morning it had broken up. It continued to give very heavy rain up to the time of its disappearance. The following returns show approximately the amount of the depression of the barometer below the normal during the course of the storm, but as the actual centre was on no occasion actually over one of the meteorological stations at the hour of observation, the result is only a rough approximation:

		w	C3 1 1				
On the	17th	{ Gopalpore			•	٠	'051"
	,	Vizagapatam					—·048"
	18th	{ Gopalpore					'193"
2.9	. 0 . 11	Vizagapatam		4			217"
9.3	rgth	(Gopalpore		۰	۰		- 235"
**		Vizagapatam					'226"
91	20th	Raipur					254"
2.1	21st	Sconi			*		151"
	22nd	Gorakhpur					'208"

Heavy rainfall was more or less confined to a comparatively narrow band in the direct path of the storm. Ankapalli received about 20 inches and Vizagapatam about 10 inches on the 18th and 19th. The Central Provinces (east and south) received between 4 and 6 inches on the 20th and 21st and the Gorakhpur, Basti and Azamgarh districts of the North-Western Provinces received between 6 and 13 inches of rain between the 22nd and 23rd.

Shallow depression of 25th io 28th September.—On the 25th a large shallow area of low pressure was formed over the Bay, Burmah and South Bengal, and appearances on this day favoured the production of another considerable depression. The reports of the 26th showed, however, that the barometer was rising all round the Bay, so that the disturbance never developed but drifted slowly northward into Bengal, and broke up on the 27th or 28th. No rain of any

consequence fell with this depression.

Pressure has been remarkably high over the greater part of Northern and Central India. Notwithstanding the influence of the depressions noticed above, and which was almost entirely confined to Northern India, the results at the close of the month show that over the whole of Northern India, excepting the northwest of the Punjab, Sind and Guzerat, but including the Circars, the north of the

Bay and Burmah the mean barometer was above the normal, while over the Peninsula on the contrary and more particularly on the Malabar Coast it was largely in defect.

The following table gives the barometric anomalies or local pressure variations in different parts of the country for September with those for June, July

and August for comparison:

		BAROMETRIC ANOMALY.									
Province.		June 1889.	July 1889.	August 1889.	September 1889.						
· A.		 									
Burmalı		+.011	+ '004	+ .008	+.006						
Bengal		+ .008	+ 017	'014	+ '013						
Assam	٠,	+.019	4 .010	+ '002	+ '007						
Behar and Chutia Nagpur .	٠	+ '006	+.019	'007	+ '008						
North-Western Provinces		+ '003	+ '015	+ '005	+'011						
Punjab		016	001	+.010	+.003						
Sind and Rajputana	٠	'013	+ '005	+ '005	+ .001						
Central India	٠	001	+ '012	001	+ '011						
Central Provinces	٠	001	+ '005	'048	+ '015						
Bombay	٠	001	— ⁺025	+ '002	·-·o35						
Madras		-002	—·n26	+ '012	'017						

The principal features of the above table are the change in pressure over the Central parts of the country, the steadiness of the excess in Upper India and the

considerable deficiency in the south and west of the Peninsula.

Temperature.—The most remarkable point about the temperature conditions of the month is the large diurnal range of temperature which has been reported over Northern India. With the early clearing of the sky nocturnal radiation apparently set in with unusual energy, and the night temperatures, more particularly towards the close of the month, were most unusually low. The variation of the mean temperature for each week and for the month from the mean is given in the following table:

	DIFFERENCE O	MEAN TEMPI WEEK ENDING	ERATURE FROM SEPTEMBER	NORMAL FOR	Difference of mean
PROVINCE.	gth	16th	2 3 rd	30th	from the Nor al for the month,
,				the control of the second seco	
Burmah	+0.7	+1.6	-0.1	-1.0	+0.3
Bengal	0.6	o·5	-0.0	+1.0	-0.4
North-Western Provinces .	+0.1	+0.3	+0.5	-°o·7	-0.1
Punjab	+1.6	+ 2.0	+1.0	0.8	+0.8
Bombay	+1.0	+2.9	+2'0	+0.0	+1.2
Central Provinces and Berar	+1.0	+1.0	+ 2.3	+2.1	+1.6
Guzerat and Central India.	0.1	+1.7	+ 2.0	+1.6	+1.3
Sind and Rajputana	-0.3	+1.3	+3.2	+0.6	+1'2
Madras	0'4	+0.1	0'7	-0.9	0.3

Rainfall.—The distribution, &c., of rain during the past month has been largely described in the earlier portions of this summary. Briefly, the returns show that the rains ceased early and were consequently light over nearly the whole of Northern and Central India, the exceptions being the Trans-Gangetic portions of the North-Western Provinces, Behar, North Bengal and Assam. Of these the first three regions were under the influence of the two depressions noticed above, and the excess of rainfall is due to this cause. The Indian Peninsula, with the exception of the Konkan, had generally heavy rain, the excess ranging from about \(\frac{1}{2}\) inch in the Carnatic to nearly 9 inches in Malabar. In Ceylon the rainfall was even heavier, the returns from Colombo showing that at that station the month's fall was more than five times the normal amount. In Burmah the fall almost exactly equalled the average.

The following table gives complete data, and shows the actual average rainfall and the normal rainfall of the month of the twenty-one districts into which the country is divided, so far as it is indicated by the telegraphic reports of a few stations in each district:

DISTRICTS.	of	Normal Ayerage Rainfall in September.	Actual Average Rainfall in September 1889.	Difference from the Aver- age in Sep- tember 1889.
Punjab, West	. 7	2.44	0.28	- 1.86
East	. 4	3.92	0.41	- 3'21
North-Western Provinces, Trans-Gangetic	. 8	7.07	7.60	+ 0.53
" Cis-Gangetic		5:35	2.63	- 2.72
Behar	3 2	6.02	10.20	+ 3.28
North Bengal	. 3.	13:10	14:75	+ 1.26
Assam—Cachar	. 3	13'44	14.77	+ 1.33
Lower Bengal and Chutia Nagpur	3	10.08	7.95	- 2.13
Orisna -North Circars	. 5	8.30	8.14	- 0.16
Central Provinces, South	. 7	9'54	4:33	- 5'21
Berar-Khandeish	. 2	6.31	4.00	- 2.35
Rajputana, Central India, Saugor, and Nerbudda.	- 9	5.03	1.90	- 3.13
Sind—Cutch	. 3	0.57	0	- o·57
Guzerat	. 3	5.26	2:53	- 2.73
Konkan	3 4	10.67	5.43	- 4'94
Deccan-Hyderabad		6.00	9.52	+ 3.46
Malabar	. 1 5	10'20	19'20	+ 8.91
Mysore-Bellary	5 5 4	5'04	10'02	+ 4.98
Carnatic	. 6	3.73	4'34	+ 0.61
Lower Burmah	7	16.57	16.00	+ 0.03
Ceylon	. 1	4.67	25'40	+ 20'73

W. L. DALLAS,

SIMLA, 24th October, 1889.

Assistant Meteorological Reporter to the Government of India.

J. W. P. MUIR-MACKENZIE,
Officiating Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

Weather Review of India for the week ending at 8 a.m. on Monday, October 28th, 1889.

The weather over the greater part of India has, been finer and more settled than is ordinarily the case even at this fine season of the year. Western and Central India has been the seat of a slight anticyclone or high pressure area, while the whole of North-Western India has experienced steady and uniform pressures, so that the slight showers which not uncommonly occur about this time—more particularly in the mountain and submontane regions—have been absent this year. In strong contrast to these fine conditions has been the weather prevailing over and around the head of the Bay of Bengal, where a storm of considerable intensity has given strong squally winds and exceptionally heavy This storm took a somewhat unusual course for this time of year and passed into East Bengal. This unusual course had a very important influence on the weather occasioning heavy rain around the head of the Bay, where it is ordinarily fine, and occasioning fine weather on the Coromandel Coast, where it is ordinarily rainy, at this season. In most years the moist south-west winds which prevail over the south, south-east and east of the Bay during the latter half of October curve to the westward over the centre of the Bay, and blowing on to the Coromandel Coast as north-east winds occasion the heavy rains which are characteristic of that coast at this time. In the present year, instead of recurving, these winds have fed into the depression at the head of the Bay, while north-westerly winds with a land origin have prevailed over Madras and brought fine dry weather.

The chart of the 22nd showed a large area of low pressure overlying East and South Bengal, Orissa, the Circars and the head of the Bay into which there was a steady indraught of wind from all directions. Moderately steep gradients for northerly winds prevailed over the central parts of India and of the Peninsula and winds from between north and west prevailed there, while both in North-West India and on the West Coast variable airs and calms predominated. On the morning of the 23rd the barometer was falling quickly over the head of the Bay, and the definition of the storm had increased very considerably and a small storm centre apparently lay in Long, 88° and Lat. 20°. The winds were cyclonic at the head of the Bay, but very feeble. Elsewhere conditions were unchanged. The chart of the 24th showed that pressure had increased were unchanged. The chart of the 24th showed that pressure had increased at all stations. The storm at the head of the Bay was smaller than on the preceding day, and no further development had taken place. Winds remained cyclonic at the head of the Bay and there was a distinct tendency to increase in force. The normal north-westerly to westerly current of air prevailed down the Gangetic plain, and elsewhere the winds were westerly or variable. Between the 24th and 25th the storm developed a good deal. This was owing to a general rise of pressure in surrounding regions, while the barometer remained almost steady at the centre of depression. In consequence gradients increased considerably around the centre, the cyclonic circulation of the winds extended to nearly all parts of the Bay, and the force of the winds rose quickly in the north. Hitherto the storm centre had been steady off the Orissa Coast, but after 8 A.M. on the 25th it began to move north-eastward and by the morning of the 26th it had passed to the east of Saugor Island, and had apparently travelled inland over the Sunderbuns. Very strong winds prevailed at the Sandheads. The chart of the 27th showed that the storm had travelled east-north-eastward and that the centre lay near Burrisal, where the barometer marked 29.60". Strong cyclonic winds prevailed all around the centre. Light variable or westerly winds prevailed in other parts of India with fine weather. By the morning of the 28th the storm had almost broken up. The cyclonic circulation had become feeble and irregular, and the north-westerly to westerly winds of the Gangetic plain, with their accompanying fine weather, were extending into Bengal.

Temperature.—The remarkable depression of temperature which has prevailed over the greater part of India during the past two weeks has been continued during the week under review, but there are now signs that the lowest point of the oscillation has been reached and that temperature, relatively to the average, will now begin to rise. One interesting feature of this period of depression has been the remarkable lowness of the night temperatures on the plains in comparison with those on the hills. On several occasions the minimum temperature recorded at the plains stations in the Punjab, and west of the North-Western Provinces has been several degrees lower than the temperature recorded at the same time at the hill stations of Murree and Simla.

The following table shows the variations of the mean temperature of the present and of the past week from the normal average:

PROV	INCES	i.					ofference of Mean perature of Last Week from Normal.	Difference of Mean Temperature of Present Week from Normal.
Burmah					*		+ 0.50	o.6°
Bengal							-0.2°	+ 1.6°
North-Western	Prov	inces					- 2.6°	- I.I.
Punjab							- 4'7°	- 3·1°
Bombay	4				0		- 0.5°	- 4.30
Central Province			9				+ 0.30	- 4·3°
Guzerat and Ce		India				a	- 1.3°	- 5'4°
Sind and Rajpu	tana		,	4		4	4'2°	5.10
Madras							-0.7°	I.Io

This table shows that, except in Bengal, every Province throughout India has experienced a considerable depression of temperature during the week. It will be noticed that in the Punjab and North-Western Provinces the depression is less than it was last week, and that in the other Provinces it is greater, showing that the cold wave is apparently travelling southward.

Rain.—There has again been little or no rain over the greater part of India. In the immediate neighbourhood of the cyclonic storm described above the fall has been heavy, but rain did not extend to any great distance on either side of the track of the storm centre and was hence confined to a limited extent of country.

The following is a brief description of the daily distribution:—On the 22nd the weather over India being still in an unsettled state, owing to the breaking up of the depression noticed in the preceding summary, showers were reported from many parts of the country—more particularly from Bengal, the east of the North-Western Provinces, the Central Provinces, the south of the Peninsula and Burmah. The amounts were considerable in several places, especially in Lower Burmah. On the 23rd a few scattered showers were reported from Behar, one or two central stations and from the Malabar Coast; with these exceptions rain was confined to the Bay area and was not heavy. On the 24th, 25th and 26th there was no rain, except around the upper part of the Bay and in Assam and Upper Burmah. On the 27th and 28th there was heavy rain in Bengal and some showers in Assam, but no rain in any other part of India.

The table at the close of the summary shows that in seventeen rainfall divisions no rain whatever was received during the week, and that in seven other divisions the average rainfall for the week was less than one-tenth of an inch. In twelve of these twenty-four divisions the normal rainfall is either nil or less than one-tenth of an inch, but that this number should be doubled in the week under review is an indication of the exceptionally fine weather at present prevailing. Fifteen divisions report an excess and thirty a deficiency of rainfall during the week. The greatest excess is in Burmah and Eastern and Deltaic Bengal, where the cyclonic storm noticed above occasioned several large falls. Of these the principal are—73 inches at Maungdaw (Akyab); 11 inches at Kushak (Tipperah); 12 inches at Perozepur (Backergunge); 8 inches at Munsheegunge (Dacca); 91 inches at Bagerhat (Khoolna); 72 inches at Madaripur (Faridpur); 112 inches at Basirhat (24-Pergunnahs); and 121 inches at Gope (Pooree).

In the south of the Peninsula and in the Central Provinces there were a few heavy showers on the first day of the week, but after the 22nd there was practically no rain, except in North-Eastern India.

4 -			DATA FOR WES		RAINFALL	DATA FROM OC OCTOBER 1814, 1	TORER 15TH TO 889.
PROVINCE.	DIVISION.	Average Actual Rainfall of Division,	Average Nor- met Rainfaliof Division.	Excess or Defect, in inches.	Average Actual Rainfall of Season to date.	Average Normal Rainfall, October 15th to October 38th.	Rucess or Defectof(Season al) Rainfall expressed as a percentage.
		Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Per cent.
						21101161	t es coste.
	Lower Burmah	8.78	1,50	+ 7'56	13.63	3.60	+269
BURMAH	Central Burmah	1.02	1.10	+ 0.21	4'37 3'09	2.88	+ 52
	Upper Burmah	0.02	?	?	1'97	3.30	+ 34
	Arakan	4.14	1.02	+ 2.40	4.89	2.80	+ 75
	Eastern Bengal	4112		4 2100	1106	6.	
	Assam (Surma)	4'13 2'23	0.49	+ 3.00	4°26 2°35	2'69	+ 57
	Do. (Brahmaputra)	0.76	0.36	+ 0 40	0.76	1.23	+ 9
	Deltaic Bengal	4'40	0.87	+ 3.23	4.72	3.18	+117
BRNGAL AND ASSAM .	Central Bengal	0.63	0.05	+ 0.01	0.78	1'90	- 59
	North Bengal	0.50	0.04	- 0'41	0.50	1.90	- 87
	Orissa	2'48	1'54	+ 0.04	5'45	2'97	+ 84
	Behar (South)	0.20	0.20	- 0.00 - 0.12	0.77	1.18	- 35
į	Do. (North)	0 30	0'53	- 0.40	0.36	0'06	- 66
				0 40		1790	100
	North - Western Provinces (East).	0.23	0.49	+ 0.03	0 75	0'62	+ 21
	Oudh (South)	0.01	0'20	- 0.10	0.03	0.33	- 91
NORTH - WESTERN	Do. (North) North - Western Provinces	0,01	0'07	- 0.07	0	11.0	-100
PROVINCES AND ?	((entral).	001	1 24	0.53	0.01	0.58	- 96
OODH.	North - Western Provinces (West).	0	0.03	- 0.03	0	0.03	-100
,	North - Western Provinces (Submontane).	0.03	0.13	- 0.00	0 03	0.51	- 86
	Punjab (South)	0	0 000	0/	0	0.10	-100 -100
PUNJAB	Do. (Hill Districts)	0	0.01	- 0'00 - 0'07	0	0.01	-100
	Do. (North-West)	O	0.02	- 0.02	0	0.50	—100 —100
	Do. (West)	0	0	0	0	0 03	-100
(Malabar	0'18	1'44	- 1'26	7.79	7:55	Arra
	Madras (South Central) .	0.17	1'43	- 1 20	3.05	3'55	+119 - 25
BOMBAY AND MALA-	Coorg	0,00	1.73	- 0.83	10:90	3.2+	+208
BAR COAST DIS-	Mysore	0.30	1.50	- 0 98	2.00	2.29	10
TRICTS (MADRAS).	Konkan	0.01	0.47	- 0 46	4'84	1.08	+348
	Bombay Deccan	. 0.04	0.18	- 0.74	4.06	1.00	+153
	Khandeish	0	0.61	- 0.64	1.50	1'97	- 36
(Berar	0.47	0.43	- 0.01	3.14	1.45	+117
CENTRAL PROVINCES	Central Provinces (West)	0.08	0'45	+ 0.33	2.02	0.72	+310
AND BERAR.	Ditto (Central)	1.13	0 38	+ 0'74	1.72	0.23	+ 225
-	Ditto (East)	0.43	0,08	+ 0.02	1.32	0.43	+214
(Guzerat	0	0,11	0.11	0.03	0'31	- 94
BOMBAY (NORTH) . }	Kathawar	0	0.00	- 0.06	O	006	100
	Sind	0	0'02	- 0.03	0	0.03	-100
(Central India (East)	0.02	0'23	0.18	0.13	0'42	- 60
RAJPUTANA AND CEN-	Rajputana (East), Central India (West).	0,	0.13	- 0.13	0	0.31	-100
	Rajputana (West)	U	0'04	- 0.01	0	0'07	-100
. (East Coast (North)	0.70	2'19	- 1.49	6:49	4'44	+ 46
	Do. (North) (a)	2.00	?	?	6.32	? ***	7
MADRAS	Hyderabad (South)	0.23	0'43	+ 0.10	1.08	1.38	+ 55
MANUAL	Madras (Central)	0	1.00	1.00	• 3.78	3.18	+ 73
	Ditto (Sound)	0 84	2 10	- 1.33	7 45	4.71	+ 58
- 4	Madras (South)	0 0	1.42	- 1.03	2.20	3 64	- 31
				. 01	0 59	3'49	- 83

SIMLA, 1st November, 1889.

W. L. DALLAS,

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J. MUIR-MACKENZIE,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

Weekly Report on the State of the Season and Prospects of the Crops.

Madras.—For week ending 26th October.—No rain in Anantapur, Madras, Trichinopoly, Madura, Tinnevelly and Travancore; good in the four northern districts and South Canara; and slight elsewhere. Crops generally good, but suffering from excessive rain in Kistna, Bellary and Anantapur; withering from want of rain in South Arcot and Chingleput; and injured by insects in parts of Ganjam. Prices generally falling or stationary. Labourers employed last day of week,—on Rushikulya works, 3,158; Gopalpore Canal, 803; Ghat Roads, 2,398; other minor works, 3,226. Number on village relief on 19th October, 7,330, including 4,476 children; fed in kitchens, 3,393, including 2,429 children. Imports into Ganjam during week by sea and land 553 tons. General prospects favourable.

Bombay.—For week ending 30th October.—Slight rain during the week in parts. Cotton in Guzerat and Kathiawar, and other standing crops generally good. Harvesting and sowing operations in full progress. Fodder generally sufficient and agricultural stock good.

Bengal.—For week ending 29th October.—Fairly heavy rain has been almost general in Orissa, South-West Bengal and East Bengal, and local showers have fallen in North Bengal. The rain has done considerable good to the winter rice crop which is doing well. Prospects of the rabi cultivation are also improved and sowings are in active progress. In Behar, where no rain has fallen, it is wanted in some places for the rice on high lands and for the rabi crops Reports of the sugarcane crop are generally satisfactory. Prices of rice are still almost stationary throughout the Province, with a tendency to fall in some districts. In the affected districts of Behar food-stocks continue to be sufficient and prices are falling; and from Durbhanga it is reported that there is plenty of work for labourers in the fields. In Muzaffarpur the daily average number of persons on relief works during the fortnight ending 15th instant was 2,765, mostly employed on the Sitamarhi Extension of the Tirhoot Railway; the daily average number in receipt of charitable relief during the same fortnight was 6,634 in Muzaffarpur and 344 in Chumparun against 10,429 and 730 respectively during the preceding fortnight.

North-Western Provinces and Oudh.—For week ending 29th October.—Weather seasonable. Kharif being harvested. Rabi sowings in progress. Supplies ample. Prices stationary. Prospects good.

Punjab.—For week ending 30th October.—No rain. Prices rising in Delhi, Umballa and Rawalpindi; stationary elsewhere. Harvesting of kharif and sowing of rabi in progress. Rain much needed for rabi sowings throughout the Province. Crops are said to be in good condition, though average in some districts. Pasturage or fodder sufficient throughout the Province.

Central Provinces.—For week ending 30th October.—Weather clear and cold, with slight rain in a few districts in the beginning of the week. The recent rain has done slight damage to jowari and cotton and somewhat retarded wheat sowings, but the injury is inconsiderable. Prospects continue good. Prices steady or falling.

Burma.—For week ending 26th October.—There was a considerable fall of rain in Lower Burma and the crop prospect is good. Rain fell in Mandalay, Ruby Mines district, Ye-u, Sagaing and to a small extent in most other districts

of Upper Burma. The crop prospect is not bright in Shwebo owing to want of rain, and more rain is now required in Minbu, Meiktila and Yamethin; in the other districts in Upper Burma the crop prospect is good. The price of paddy has fallen to per cent. in Pegu and Henzada, 9 per cent. in Amherst, 15 per cent. in Bhamo, 13 per cent. in Katha, 20 per cent. in the Ruby Mines and 11 per cent. in Pyinmana. Elsewhere prices are stationary or the fluctuations are but small.

Assam.—For week ending 30th October.—Rain in most districts. Sowing of mustard and pulses continues. State and prospects of crops generally good.

Mysore and Coorg.—For week ending 30th October.—Rainfall good in Shimoga and Kadur districts, and fair in other parts of the State of Mysore. Standing crops in good condition. Harvesting operations continue. Prospects of season favourable. Prices slightly fallen in the Bangalore district.

No rain in Coorg during the week. Dry crops reaped in eastern taluks. Season favourable for standing crops.

Berar and Hyderabad.—For week ending 30th October.—Average rainfall '91 inches. Fowari in good condition. Picking of cotton commenced. Rabi sowing in progress. Prices declining. Cattle healthy. Fodder sufficient, except in Chikli.

Rainfall in Hyderabad during the week '48 inches; total since 1st January 37'15 inches. Harvesting of kharif crops continues. Crops have suffered to some extent by excessive rainfall. Abi crops thriving. Preparations for sowing of rabi crops commenced. Prices stationary.

Central India.—For week ending 30th October.—Partial rain fell in Baghelkhand and none elsewhere. Rainfall is reported as insufficient from Gwalior and Bundelkhand, though crops have not suffered. Prices are falling in Neemuch and Jhabua, and are steady elsewhere.

Rajputana.—For week ending 30th October.—Kharif crops being harvested. Rabi sowings in progress. Total rainfall insufficient in Dholepur. Agricultural stock good. Fodder dear in Marwar and falling in Dholepur. Prices rising in Kerowlee and are steady elsewhere.

Nepal.—For week ending 24th October.—No rain. Weather clear. Foggy mornings. Prospects very satisfactory.

J. MUIR-MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT. RAILWAY TRAFFIC.

No. XXVII. OF 1889-90.

APPROXIMATE STATEMENT OF GROSS RECEIPTS AND EXPENSES OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

N.B.-As regards the figures in column Total Receipts from 1st April to date, audited figures have been used as far as po

				W	OCTOBER 18		W	OCTOBER 18			APRIL TOBER	FROM 1ST AI 5TH OCT 1889	PRIL TO		
	Letest Return received.		RAILWAYS.	Total		ts.	Total		ts.	T. 4-1	Per		Per	Total increase is 1889-90.	Total decreas
				length open.	Total.	Per mile upon	open.		Per mile open		per week.		per week.		
			State Lines worked by		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Ra.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Re.	Rs.
19th	October 1889 ditto 		Companies. East Indian Patna-Gya. Dildarnagar-Ghazipur Sindia Rajputana-Malwa Bengal-Nügpur (d) Southern Mahiatta (f) Ibo. Mysore Section Indian Midland Villupuram - Dharma- varam (Nellore	136	7,84,307 29,708 611 5,349 2,87,604 17,856 74,607 11,200 10,300	\$18 521 51 71 173 96 87 80 70		(a) 6,17,255 7,397 (b) (c) 2,76,000 (e) 26,532 49,224 29,843 (g) 48,843	405 129 165 87 \$4 101 66	2,15,20,670 2,58,850 36,898 1,84,537 90,84,606 7,65,-68 19,89,701 2,80,588 3,56,858	526 168 114 91 202 152 86 74 97	(a) 2,17,22,426 2,40,178 (b) (c) 97,73,897 (e) 9,02,450 21,17,383 4,40,146 (g) 14,11,014	527 156 219 110 92 68 79	6,80,291 1,37,242 1,27,682 1,59,558 10,54,750	18,67 36,89 1,84,53
5th	ditto		Baredly-Pilibhit	83 36	3,853 1,347	46 37	83	5,201 1,637	63	1,30,008 39,236	58 43	1,20,875 49,216	58 53	9,980	13
			TOTAL .	4,757	12,26,956	258	5,630	10,61,932	180	3,46,47,16)	270	3,67,87,185	252	21,40,016	-
loth Octable 2th	ciober 1889 ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto	•	State Lines worked by Government. North Western (h) Oudh and Rohilkhand Bengal Central Wardha Coal Lastern Bengal Neithati Tuhoot Lucknow-Sitapur-	2,469 092 125 45 673 27 271	4,80,273 97,938 20,587 15,281 2,97,400 1,977 27,002	195 143 213 340 442 73 100	2,386 6,92 125 45 747 27 273	5-39,341 1,10,078 18,300 10,523 2,85,010 1,218 29,003	226 169 150 367 382 45 100	1,26,70,730 34,53,000 3,02,148 3,02,148 3,02,148 5,573 50,52,187 51,511 8,29,814	190 185 107 312 277 73 123	1,39,07,137 38,80,545 3,00,581 3,83,811 52(94, 334 49,760 9,55,041	215 208 116 323 270 70 135	11,27,407 4,42,535 28,441 11,238 2,42,647 1,25,327	**************************************
5th	ditto ditto	9.	Sihramau Jorhat Cherra-Companyganj. Busma (i)	105 25 7 392	3,482 1,008 283 60,817	33 40 40 155	105 25 7 553	4,366 1,490 242 78,303	59 34 143	1,28,926 32,141 3,116 14,75,511	45 44 15 148	1,64,258 33,442 4,307 22,54,059	58 45 21 158	35,332 1,301 1,191 7,78,548	*** *** ***
			· TOTAL .	4,831	10,12,117	210	4,985	10,91,514	219	2,44,51,666	188	2,72,23,783	205	27,72,117	
ath Oc 5th 2th 2th	ctober 1889 ditto ditto ditte		Lines worked by Gua- ranteed Companies. Madras . South Indian Peninsula Bombay, Baroda and Contral India (!)	461	1,46,202 1,05,156 5) 5,98,140 1,64,538	174 161 400 357	840 654 1,440 461	1,87,376 1,03,457 (k) 4,52,329 1,99,000	223 158 314 432	43,68,085 20,40,109 2,12,43,410 (j) 62,80,283	193 165 525 505	48,10,077 30,41,193 1,62,20,3%3 (k) 64,73,933	213 173 419 523	4,41,992 1,31,084 	50,23,027
DO ANI	D TOTAL (C)	!	TOTAL .	3,452	10,14,036	294	3.395	9,42,162	278	3,48,01,487	373	3,05,45,586	335		42,56,301
Mark Sec. 41			MATED EXPENSES	13,040	32,53,109	249	14,010	30,95,608	221	9,39,00,722	267	9,45,50,554	256	6,55,832	***
			NET RECEIPTS		***	***		***	0.0%	4,92,16,861	140	4,05,24,973	134	3,08,112	***
8th Sa	ctober 1889 ptember 1889 ctober 1889 ditto		Assisted Companies. Tätakeshwar Dibru-Sadiya Bengal and North Wostern, Rohilkhand-Kumaun,	376 67	4,780 29,944 6,710	317 80	22 376 67	4,327 (m) 28,200 7,935	197 75	1,42,316 (#) 2,24,349 12,26,766 1,81,807	237 111 121 104	1,47,657 (0) 2,44,617 12,71,649 1,99,202	246 121 126 114	5,341 20,268 44,883	000
			TOTAL .	465	41,434	89	465	40,462	87	17,75,238	121	18,63,125	127	87,897	000
			Native States.										-	27,007	***
oth Oc	ctober 1889		His Highness the Ni-								£				
2th	ditto		His Highness the	310	31,600	102	354	33,309	94	8,29,288	107	11,57,347	122	3,28,059	400
ath	ditte		Gaekwar's His Highness the Gaek- war's Vitamgam-	59	2,097	36	59	1,730	20	67,019	42	68,364	43	1,345	0 ***
ath	ditte		Mehsana-Vadnagar . Bhavanagar-Gond a l- Junagarh-Porbandar	31	614	29	27	700	26	93,970	42	28,094	39	4,124	***
ath 2th	ditto ditto		Motor . Judhpure .	209 68 124	32,585 2,313 5,500	156 34 44	309 68 124	18,007 3,057 5,700	58 45 46	5,21,854 92,456 1,82,564	99 51 55	6,77,014 1,03,516 1,74,210	96 56 52	1,55,160	8,354
			TOTAL .	791	74.709	94	941	62,503	66	17,17,551	84	22,08,545	92	4,90,994	***

Includes the Diddonagar-Gházipur State Railway.
Included with the East Indian Railway.
Included with the Indian Midiand Railway.
Includes the Katni-Umaria Bianch.
Includes the Sanctoria Coal Section of the Bengal-Nágpur Railway.
Includes the Beliary-Kistna State Railway.
Includes the Sindia and Bhepai-Hársi State Railways.
Includes the American-Pathankot and Rájpura-Bhatinda State Railways.

(i) Includes the Toungoo-Mandalay Extension.

Includes the Dhond-Manmad, Khámgaon, Amráoti, and Bhopal-Itára
State Railways.

Includes the Dhond-Manmád, Khámgaon, and Amráoti State Railways.

Includes the Patri Branch.

(ii) Includes the Patri Branch.

Return not received.

(iv) Total receipts from tat April to 29th September 1888.

(o) Total receipts from 1st April to 28th September 1889.

M. C. BRACKENBURY, Major, R.E.,

Under-Secretary



SUPPLEMENT

of Andia. The Gazette

No. 45.3 CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1889.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A Supplement to the Gazette of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made intown. The Denates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published a Part VI of the Gazette may receive the Supplement separately on a payment of five Rupees of sent by Post. The Supplement and Part VI of the Gazette can also decivered in Calcutta, or eight Rupees if sent by Post. The Supplement and Part VI of the Gazette can also desired for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta or Rupees nine if sent by Post No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the Gazette of India is required by Law, or which this been customery to publish in the Calcutta Gazette, will be included in the Supplement. For such Orders an Notifications the body of the Gazette must be longed to.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

Weekly Report on the State of the Season and Prospects of the Crops.

Madras.—For week ending and November.—No rain in Ganjam, Cuddapah, Bellary Anantapur, Kurnool, North Arcot, Trichinopoly, Tinnevelly, and Salem; very slight elsewhere. Crops generally good, but affected by excessive rain in parts of Godavari, Kistna, Bellary, and Anantapur; paddy blighted in parts of Ganjam, Cuddapah, South Arcot, and by insects in Ganjam; crops withering from want of water in parts of Chingleput; require rain in South Arcot, North Arcot, Tanjore, Trichinopoly, Tinnevelly, Coimbatore, and Salem. Price of gingelly falling or stationary. Labourers employed on last day of week on Rushikulya works, 4,848, Gopalpore Canal, 977, Ghat roads, 3,038, other minor reliet works, 1,908. Number on village relief on 26th October, 511, including 299 children, fed in kitchens 2,031, including 1,467 children. Imports into Ganjam during week by sea and land 165 tons. General prospects favourable. able.

Bombay.-For week ending 6th November.-Slight rain during week in two districts. Early and late crops generally good, except where damaged by rats and locusts in parts of Sind. Prospects of cotton in Guzerat and Kathiawar favourable. Harvesting and sowing operations progressing generally. Fodder supply and agricultural stock good.

Bengal.-For week ending 5th November .- No rain; fine weather prevalent throughout the week. Winter rice is generally a promising crop, but in a few districts the average outturn will be rather short on account of deficient rainfall, and in places in Behar there will be some loss on the high lands owing to the failure of the hathiya or closing rains. All cold weather crops, including poppy and tobacco, are being sown, and sowings are germinating well. In Mozufferpore the poppy sowings are suffering from want of moisture. In Raj-

shahye ganja is being cultivated, and the weather is favourable. Sugarcane is reported to be a good crop in almost all districts. Prices of rice are almost stationary, but a slight decline has been reported from some districts. In Behar the scarcity is said to be practically at an end. In the affected districts, harvest prospects are satisfactory, ample labour is obtainable everywhere in the fields, markets are fully supplied with food, and prices are falling. Relief works and gratuitous relief are almost all closed. During the fortnight ending 31st October the daily average number of persons relieved gratuitously was 1,944 in Mozufferpore and 199 in Champarun, against 6,634 and 344 respectively, in the preceding fortnight. In Mozufferpore the daily average number on relief works during the same fortnight was 2,700, against 2,765 in the preceding fortnight.

North-Western Provinces and Oudh .- For week ending 6th November.—Favourable weather continues. The kharif harvest is nearly over, and the sowing of the rabi is progressing satisfactorily. Markets are well supplied, and

prices are generally steady.

Punjab. - For the week ending 6th November .- No rain. Prices rising in Delhi, Umballa, and Rawalpindi, stationary elsewhere; harvesting of kharif going on; sowings of rabe in progress; rain much needed; prospects of the outturn of kharif crop is average except in Amritsar, where it is reported fair; fodder sufficient and ample throughout the province.

Central Provinces. - For the week ending 6th November. - Weather clear and cool; juari, rice, and other kharif crops are being harvested, and outturns are good; cotton is being picked; full average outturn expected; sowings

of rabi crops continue; prospects favourable; prices steady.

Burma.—For week ending and November.—Rain in all districts in Lower Burma, and the crop prospect there is generally good. In Upper Burma the rainfall was fair in Kyaukse, Meiktila, and Yamethin; elsewhere there was little or none. The rice crop has failed in parts of Shwebo, and will be below average in Minbu and Yamethin, in which districts the rainfall has been insufficient; elsewhere crops promise well. The price of paddy has fallen 14 per cent. in Tharrawaddy, 5 per cent. in Thongwa, 12 per cent. in Thayetmyo, 11 per cent. in Toungoo and Bhamo, 5 per cent. in Shwebo, 10 per cent. in Lower Chindwin, 7 per cent. in Pakokku; prices have risen in Akyab, and elsewhere are stationary

Assam. - For week ending 6th November .- No rain. Weather seasonable. Sowing of mustard continues. Cotton being gathered in Garo Hills. Tea and winter rice crop doing well.

Mysore and Coorg .- For week ending 6th November .- Crops good, except in parts of Bahgalore district, where more rain is needed. Sowing operations almost completed. Outturn of crops harvested generally favourable. No material change in prices.

No rain in Coorg. Season favourable.

Berar and Hyderabad.- For week ending 6th November.- No rain during week at Hyderabad. Harvesting of kharif crops continues. Abi crops prospering. Sowing of rabi commenced though retarded in some places by recent rainfall. Prices stationary.

In Berar the weather is cool. Picking of cotton commenced. Kharif in good condition. Rahi sowing continues. Fodder sufficient except in Chickli. Prices falling. Reaping of rice commenced in Bassim district.

Central India .- For week ending 6th November .- No rain during week. Crop outturn generally good, but below average in Goona, Condition of agricultural stock and pasturage generally good, but stock indifferent in Bundelkhand. Sowing of crops completed in Gwalior, and in progress elsewhere. Sowing of opium commenced in Western Malwa, Bhopawar, and Neemuch. Condition of opium in Goona good. Prices steady throughout the Agency.

Rajputana.-For week ending 6th November.-Rali sowings in progress. Agricultural operations satisfactory. Agricultural stock good. Pasturage

or fodder generally sufficient. Prices steady generally.

Nepal.—(Report not received)

J. W. P. MUIR-MACKENZIE, Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT. RAILWAY TRAFFIC.

No. XXVIII of 1889-90.

APPROXIMATE STATEMENT OF GROSS RECEIPTS AND EXPENSES OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

N.B.—As regards the figures in column Total Receipts from 1st April to date, audited figures have been used, as far as possible.

	The state of the s		K ENDING			K ENDING		RECEIPTS I	ROM	RECRIPTS	FROM		
0		mean pen.	RECEIP	TS	.	RECEIP	TS	OCTOBER,	13TH 898.	OCTOBER.			
Latest Return received.	RAILWAYS.	Total mean length open.	Total.	Per mile opea.	Total mean length open.	Total.	Per mile open.	Total.	Per mile open per week.	Total.	Per mile open per week.		Total Decrease in 1889-90
19th Oct., 1889	State Lines worked by Companies East Indian	1,514	7,81,369 10,855	R 516	1,526 57	(a) 6,95,219 6,998	# 456 123	2,23,02,048 2,63,705	R 529 168	R (a)2,24,17,645 2,47,176	R 525 154	2,15,597	22,529
toth Oct., 1889 teth ditto teth ditto	Dildarnagar-Gházipur Sindia Rajputana-Malwa Bengal-Nágpur (d) Southern Mahratta(f) Ditto Mysore Sec- tion	12 75 1,664 180 854	640 5,995 3,58,306 18,755 78,044	53 80 215 101 94	1,672 305 978	(b) (c) 3,10,000 (a)29,6:6 57,807	185 97 59	37,538 1,90,532 94,42,912 7,83,993 20,67,745 3,08,975	91 203 151 86 79	(b) (c) 1,00,94,995 (e)9,30,306 21,74,806 4,65,057	218 110 90 68	6,52,083 1,46,843 1,07,001 1,56,682	37,538
syth ditto .	Indian Midland Villupuram-Dharma- varam, Nellore Branch Bareilly-Pillibhit	130 83	9.4,5	70 53	746 83	(g)51.735 6,110	71 74 58	3,66,333 1,34,413 40,649	96 58 42	(g) 14 67,531 1,36,041 51,238	79 59 53	11,01,198	***
19th ditto .		4,757	12,97,644	273	5,699	11,85,697		3,59,44,813	270	3,79,85,895	250	20,41, 82	
19th Oct., 1883 19th ditto 19th ditto 19th ditto 19th ditto 19th ditto 19th ditto	State Lines worked by Government. North-Western (h) Oudh and Rohilkhand Bongal Central Wardha Coal Eastern Bengal Nathati Tirhoot Lucknow-Sitapus-Sih	2,469 694 125 45 673 27 273	5,02,841 1,11,949 24,892 15,530 2,86,740 2,254 26,582	204 162 199 345 426 83 97	2,386 692 125 45 747 27 273	5,71,767 1,14,958 18,130 16,786 2,20,240 1,602 25,879	240 166 145 373 295 59 95	1,31,82,571 35,60,958 3,87,040 3,94,103 53,38,927 53,765 8,56 397	191 184 111 313 283 73 122	1,43,78,904 39,08,392 4,08,719 4,06,079 55,15,074 51,392 9,80,920	216 206 117 324 277 70 133	11,96,333 4,28,434 21,679 11,976 1,76,147	 2,403
toth ditto . 12th ditto .	Jorhat Cherra-Companyganj. Burma (i)	105 25 7 392	4,573 1,337 299 52,370	53 43 134	105 25 7 553	5,311- 945 260 71,748	51 38 37 130	1,33,498 33,478 3,415 15,27,881	45 44 17 148	1,69,570 34,387 4,567 23,29,454	58 45 23 157	36,072 900 1,152 8,01,573	•••
	TOTAL .	4.833	10,29,367	213	4,985	10,47,620	210	2,54,81.013	189	2,82,77,428	205	27.96,395	
19th Oct., 1889 19th ditto 19th ditto	Lines worked by Guaranteed Companies Madras South Indian Great Indian Peninsula Bombay, Baroda and Central India (1)	840 654 1,504	1,69,556 1,10,380 (j) 6,47,030 2,04,442	202 169 430	840 654 1,440 461	2,07,631 1,10,211 (k)4,03,047 2,27,100	247 169 322 492	45,37,641 30,20,489 (j)2,18,92,440 64,84,725	193 165 52,	50,14,700 31,52,332 (k):,66,80,228	1	4,77,059 1,31,843 	52,04,212
	TOIAL .	3+459	11,31,409	327	3,395	10,07,88)		1 3,59,33,295,	375	3,15,53,974	334	a) 13/30/	42.70.014
GRAND TOTA STATE) .	L (GUARANTEED AND	13,047.	34,58,419	265	14,070	32,41,282	230	9,73,59,141	267	9,78,17,297	255	4,58,156	43,79,341
GROSS ESTIN	TATED EXPENSES .				***		***	5,09,49,875	140	5,11,87,952	133	2,38,077	
	NET RECEIPTS .		***		,,,		1	4,64,09,206	127	4,66,29,345	,122	2,20,079	
19th Oct., 1889 12th ditto	Assisted Companies Tarakeshwar Dibru-Sadiya Bengal and North-	22 78	. 6,193 8,647	28t	22 78	4,818 7,251	219	1348,509 2,42,679	238	1,52,475 2,61,828	24:	, 3,966 19,149	
19th ditta .	Western	376	27,568 10,518	73 157	376 67	27,960 7,940	74	12,54,334	119 10h	12.99,600 2,07,790	113	45,275 15,465	
	TOTAL .	543	52,926	97	543	47.969	88	18,37,847	121	19,21,702	127	83,855	
19th Oct., 1889	Native States. His Highness the Nizam's Guaranteed His Highness the	310	38,874	125	354	40,879	815	8,68,162	10%	11,98,226	122	3,30,064	
19th ditto	Gaekwar's His Highness the Gaekwar's Viramgam	59	2,684	45	59	2,620	44	69,703	43	71.093	43	1,390	
tgth ditto .	Mehsana-Vadnagar, Bhavanagar-Gondal- Junagarh-Porbandar	200	737	35 81	329	750 19,250	28	84,707	43	28,916	39	4,200	
19th ditto .	Morvi	68	2,796 6,050	41 49	68 124	2,937 7,400	59 43 60	5,38,7+7 95,622 1,88,614	98 50 54	6,94,549 1,06 479 1,81,773	94 56 53	1,55 F32 10,857	6,8:1
	TOTAL .	971	07.973	86	961	73.836	77	17,85,525	84	22,81,030	- 91	4,95,511	***

the Dildarnagar-Gházipur State Railway.

with East Indian Railway.

with Indian Midland Railway.

the Katni-Umana Branch.

the Sanctoria Coal Section of the Bengal-Nágpur Railway.

the Bellary-Kistna State Railway.

the Sindia and Bhopsi-Itarsi State Railways.

(h) Includes the Amritsar-Pathánkot and Rajpura-Biatinda State Railways.
 (i) Includes the Toungor-Mandalay extension.
 (j) Includes the Dhond-Manmad, Khámgaon, Amraoti and Bhopal-Itáis State Railways.
 (k) Includes the Dhond-Manmáj, Khámgaon and Amraoti State Railways.
 (l) Includes the Patri Branch.

M. C. BRACKENBURY, Major, R.E., Under-Secretary.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE 2nd HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1889.

QUANTITIES PER RUPEE IN SERS OF 30 TOLAS.

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E. J. SINKINSON, Secretary to the Government of India.

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DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE, (Statistical Branch).

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SUPPLEMENT

The Gazette of Andia.

No. 46.3 CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1889.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A Surplament to the Gazette of India will be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The Departs of the Legislative Council of His Rucellency the Governor General will in future be published in Part VI of the Gazette.

Non-subscribers to the Gazette may receive the Supplement separately on a payment of the Rupes per annum if desivered in Calcutta, or eight Rupes is sent by Post. The Supplement and Part VI of the Gazette can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupes six per annum if delivered in Calcutta or Rupes mine if sent by Post.

No Official Orders or Notinications, the Publication of which in the Gazette or India is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the Calcutta Gazette, will be included in the Supplement. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the Gazette must be looked to.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

Weather Review of India for the week ending at 8 a.m. on Monday, November 4th, 1889.

It will be remembered that during the previous week a well-defined and not inconsiderable storm had formed over the Bay and that rainy, unsettled, weather had prevailed around the head of the Bay and over a large part of Bengal. With the disappearance of this depression, which took place at the close of the preceding week, there occurred a sudden and extensive extension of the fine weather which had previously prevailed over North-Western and Central India, and which during the present week has spread to almost all parts of the Indian region. As was the case last week the rain-bearing north-easterly current, which usually prevails in the Madras Presidency at this season, has again been absent. Its absence last week was satisfactorily explained by the presence of the depression over the Bay, into which the moist southerly winds, which cross the Equator, fell instead of recurving over the centre of the Bay and blowing on to the Coromandel Coast. During the present week, though the observations have given evidence of the presence of a slight low pressure area near the Burmese coast and over the Andaman sea, there has been no evidence of any such depression as that which interrupted the current last week, so that perhaps the reason of the absence of rain in the Madras Presidency may be the absolute weakness of the southerly winds crossing the Equator. Whatever may be the solution of the question it is undoubted that the deficiency is becoming serious.

The chart of the 29th showed a large area of uniform and relatively high readings overlying the greater part of the country with slightly lower readings along the foot of the hills and over the Bay of Bengal. The range of pressure throughout the Indian region was only one-eighth of an inch and accompanying this uniformity of pressure were light and rather variable winds. On the whole, however, except on the east coast of the Peninsula, the directions were fairly normal. On the 30th the distribution was approximately the same, but the range was smaller. Hence the winds were even lighter than on the preceding day. The chart of the 31st showed that the barometer had fallen both in the west and north of the Punjab and in Burma, so that while a slight high pressure area prevailed over the central parts of India and of the Peninsula, low pressures were reported from the Punjab and a distinct depression from Burma. Winds were cyclonic in Burma and abnormally westerly on the east coast of the Peninsula, while elsewhere they were fairly normal in direction. On the morning

of the 1st the chart showed that the depression over Burma had intensified and increased somewhat, and that the barometer was still falling there. The barometer was also falling over the Peninsula, and relatively low pressures were reported from both coasts. In Northern India, on the contrary, the barometer had risen, and the range of pressure was greater than on previous days. Northerly winds prevailed over Burma, and light variable winds and calms in Upper India; elsewhere the directions were unchanged. On the 2nd the barometer was still falling in Burma and over the Indian Peninsula, while it had risen briskly in Northern India. A large high pressure area lay over the whole of North-Western and Central India, and the difference between the reading at Hoshangabad and that at Diamond Island was o'2". Light variable airs or calms prevailed within the high pressure area noticed above, while elsewhere the directions were generally between north-west and north-east. The chart of the 3rd showed that the barometer had continued to rise in North-Western India while it had fallen or remained almost steady elsewhere. In consequence the high pressure area in the north-west had become much more strongly defined, and the pressure difference between Sind and Lower Burma amounted to 0'25". The winds showed very little change and the circulation over the greater part of the country was almost normal, though on the east coast of the Peninsula there was much more westing than usual. On the 4th, owing to a slight to moderate barometric rise in all parts of the Indian region except the north-west, pressure became much more uniform again, and the winds on the west side of the Bay showed a tendency to shift towards the normal north to north-east direction.

Temperature.—The remarkable depression of temperature, which has prevailed over India for several weeks, has continued during the week under review, but the lowest point of the oscillation was reached last week, and the present deficiencies are less than those previously reported. In some cases, indeed, a slight excess has replaced a deficiency. As the general depression of temperature disappeared, the remarkable relation between the minimum temperatures on the hills and neighbouring plains also disappeared, so that during the greater part of the past week the minima on the hills have been the lowest recorded.

The following table shows the variations of the mean temperature of the

present and of the past week from the normal average:-

ME -	Pro	DVIN	CHS.			Difference of mean temperature of last week from normal.	Difference of mean temperature of present week from normal.		
						18			
1								0	0
Burma								0.6	-0.4
Bengal								+1.6	-0.2
North-Western Provin	ices					7.7		-1.1	+0.8
Punjab		0		•				-3.1	+1'3
Bombay				•		0		-4.3	-2.5
Central Provinces			٠	1,2,7	1	•		-4'3	-2.6
juzerat and Central I	ndia		1980	- 0				-5'4	I'5
ind and Rajputana		•						-5.1	-0.7
Madras			•				0	1'1	+0.5

Rain.—The rainfall of the past week has been exceedingly small. Over a very large part of India no rain whatever has fallen, and only in Burma has there

been any general rain or any excess over the normal average.

The daily distribution of rainfall was briefly as follows:—On the 29th showers fell in Assam, on the Arrakan coast and at Rangoon, but in no other part of the Indian region. On the 30th scattered showers were again the only rainfalls recorded, and occurred in the Upper Assam Valley and at Rajahmundry and Nellore. On the 31st rain was reported from Moulmein, Thyetmyo, and Madras, the amounts in all cases being less than one-tenth of an inch. On the 1st there was moderate general rain in Burma, and showers at Nellore, Wellington, and Trevandrum. On the 2nd the distribution was the same. On the 3rd rain ceased in Burma, except at Diamond Island, but fell fairly generally in the south of the Peninsula, while a slight local fall was reported from Murree. On the 4th the record was the same except that there was no rain at Murree.

The table at the close of the summary shows that the past week has been one of exceptionally light rainfall. In normal years eight of the rainfall divisions are ordinarily rainless at this time, but during the past week no less than thirty-four divisions report no rain whatever, while six report amounts of less than 10 of an

inch. The only divisions where there has been any excess are the Burmese, where the normal average has been largely exceeded. The Madras divisions show large deficiencies and the seasonal rainfall in that part of the country is considerably behind the normal.

			L DATA F		RAINFALL 15TH TO 4		
PROVINCE.	Division.	Average actual rainfall of Division.	Average normal rainfall of Division.	Excess or defect in inches.	Average actual rainfall of season to date.		Excess or detect of (seasonal) rainfall expressed as a per- centage.
		Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Per cent.
BURMA	Tenasserim Lower Burma	1°12 1 06 1°48 0°54	0°15 0°20 0°15 ?	+0.07 +0.86 +1.33	14.75 4.88 4.91 2.32	3.84 3.08 2.59 ?	+284 + 58 + 90
Bengal and Assam	Arakan Eastern Bengal Assam (Surma) Do. (Brahmaputra) Deltaic Bengal Central do. North do. Orissa Chuta Nagpur Behar (South) Do. (North)	0 12 0 18 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0°12 0°73 0°20 0°43 0°27 0°41 1°03 0°28 0°26 0°26	+0'52 -0'12 -0'61 -0'02 -0'43 -0'25 -0'41 -1'03 -0'26 -0'26	5'41 4'26 2'47 0'92 4'72 0'80 0'26 5'45 0'77 0'36	2.81 2.89 1.73 2.61 2.17 2.31 4.00 1.46 1.31 1.21	+ 93 + 52 - 15 - 47 + 81 - 63 - 89 + 36 - 47 - 73 - 100
North - Western Provinces and	North-Western (East) Oudh (South) Do. (North) North-Western (Central)	0 0	0'13	-0.13 0 0	0°75 0°05 0	0°75 0°33 0°11	0 - 85 - 100
Ouda.	North-Western (West) . North-Western (Submontane) Provinces	0	0 0'02	-0'02	0'03	0.02	-100 - 87
Римлав	Punjab (South) Do. (Central) Do. (Submontane) Do. (Hill Districts) Do. (North-west) Do. (West)	0,01	0 0 0 0.06 0.04	-0.09	0 0 0 0	0°08 0°16 0°01 0°25 0°24 0°03	-100 -100 -100 -100 - 96 -100
BOMBAY AND MALABAR COAST DISTRICTS (MADRAS).	Malabar Madras (South Central) Coorg Mysore Konkan Bombay Deccan Hyderabad (North) Khandeish	0'40	2'53 1'32 1'93 0'70 0'43 0'48	-2'13 -0'78 -1'87 -0'65 -0'43 -0'48	10°96 2°10	6.07 5.40 5.47 3.00 1.51 2.43	+ 35 - 33 + 100 - 30 + 221 + 104 - 37
CENTRAL PROVIN-	Berar Central Provinces (West) Do. (Central) Do. (East)		0°13 0°05 0'09 0°37	-0.13 -0.02 -0.03	2.95 1.45	1°59 0°77 0°62 0°80	+ 97 + 283 + 177 + 69
BOMBAY (NORTH)	Guzerat Kattiawar Sind	0 0	0'04 0'07 0'01	-0'04 0'07 0'01	O	0.32	- 9 -10 -10
RAJPUTANA AND CENTRAL INDIA.	Central India (East). Rajputana (East), Central India (West). Rajputana (West)	0	0,01	-0.01 -0.03	0	0°43 0°24 0°08	- 70 -10
Mádras	East Coast (North) . Do. (North)(a) Hyderabad (South) . Madras (Central) . East Coast (Central) . Do. (South) . Madras (South) .	0.02	0°72 7 0°22 0°53 1°82 2°48 2°40	-0.67 ? -0.22 -0.53 -1.66 -2.36 -1.65	6 54 6 25 1 98 3 78 7 60 2 59	5.16 ? 1.50 2.71 6.53 6.12 5.89	+ 2 7 + 3 + 3 + 1 - 5 - 7

W. L. DALLAS,

CALCUTTA, 11th November; 1889.

Assistant Meteorological Reporter to the Government of India.

J. W. P. MUIR-MACKENZIE,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

Weekly Report on the State of the Season and Prospects of the Crops.

Madras.—For week ending 9th November.—No rain in Vizagapatam, Bellary, Anantapur, Kurnool, North Arcot and Salem; moderate in Madura and Tinnevelly, and very slight elsewhere. Standing crops generally good, but withering from want of rain in Chingleput, North Arcot and South Arcot. Rain urgently wanted in these districts, and in Madura, Tinnevelly, Trichinopoly, Coimbatore, Salem and parts of Tanjore. Crops damaged by locusts in Kistna, and by previous excessive rains in parts of Bellary. Paddy and cholum blighted in parts of Cuddapah, and paddy in South Arcot. Prices generally falling or stationary, but all risen in town of Madras owing to failure of monsoon up to date. Labourers employed on last day of week on Rushikulya works, 5,387; Gopalpore Canal, 1,391; Ghat Roads, 1,543; other minor relief works, 1,094; State relief closed. General prospects fair.

Bombay.—For week ending 13th November.—Standing crops slightly injured by locusts in parts of Sind and Guzerat, otherwise generally healthy. Cotton prospects in Guzerat and Kathiawar good. Harvesting and sowing operations progressing. Agricultural stock generally good.

Bengal.—For week ending 12th November.—No rain during the week except light showers at Narail and Jessore on the 5th and 6th instant. Agricultural prospects continue generally favourable. Aman or winter rice is maturing, and harvesting has begun on high lands. Rabi or cold-weather sowings are coming up well. Prospects of poppy cultivation are good, except in the Hajipore Sub-division of Mozufferpore, where the sowings are backward for want of moisture. Ganja cultivation in the Rajshahye District is well forward. Sugarcane is generally a good crop. Cotton is being gathered in the hill tracts of Chittagong and Tipperah, and is a fair crop. Rice is cheaper than at this time last year in most districts of Behar, but in the rest of the province the rates continue high and almost steady in spite of the good prospects of the coming harvest. In Balasore, Durbhunga and Chumparun rice is selling at comparatively low rates, the quotations for the 31st October being 21 seers, 19 seers and 18 seers per rupee, respectively. Distress in the Patna Division was reported last week to be practically at an end, and no further report has been received this week.

North-We stern Provinces and Oudh.—For week ending 13th November.—The weather continues seasonable, and agricultural operations are everywhere being actively conducted. A flight of locusts passed over the Banda and Jhansi districts on the 8th and is said to have done some injury to the crops in the latter district. Supplies are ample and prices easy.

Punjab.—For week ending 13th November.—Slight rain at Peshawar. Prices unsettled in Delhi, rising in Amballa and Rawalpindi, stationary elsewhere. Harvesting still in progress. Sowing of rabi still proceeding on. Rain much needed throughout the province for the completion of rabi sowings. The kharif crop is expected to prove an average one. Fodder sufficient and ample throughout the province.

Central Provinces.—For week ending 13th November.—Weather clear and cold. Harvesting of kharif crops in progress; outturn good. Wheat and other young rabi crops in good condition. Cotton-picking continues; outturn full average. Prices steady.

Burma.—For week ending 9th November.—In all districts in Lower Burma, with the exception of the northern circles in Tharrawaddy and in parts of the Prome district, the rainfall has been about normal. In Upper Burma more is

wanted in Meiktila and Yamethin and in parts of Minbu. The crop prospect is good throughout Lower Burma. In Upper Burma, on the whole, the crop prospect is good. In Lower Burma a fall in the price of paddy is shown in the Akyab, Prome and Moulmein districts, and there is a slight rise noticeable in HenzaJa and Mergui; in the other districts, there are no fluctuations. In Upper Burma there is a fall in the price of paddy in Shwebo, the Lower Chindwin and Mergui, elsewhere prices remain stationary. The food-supply is sufficient throughout the province.

Assam.—For week ending 13th November.—Slight rain in the Garo Hills. Sowing of mustard in progress. Cold weather paddy promising. Prospects of tea and other crops good.

Mysore and Coorg .- For week ending 13th November .- Standing crops in good condition except in parts of the Bangalore and Kolar districts, where lately sown crops need more rain. Harvesting continues and outturn fair. Prospects generally favourable. Prices slightly risen in the Bangalore district.

No rain in Coorg. Season favourable for standing crops.

Berar and Hyderabad. - For week ending 13th November. - In Berar the weather is cool. Jowari and tur in good condition. Picking of cotton continues.

Rabi sowing completed. Prices declining. Fodder sufficient except in Chikli.

No rain at Hyderabad during week. Harvesting of kharif crops concluded.

Sowing of rabi continues. Abi crops thriving. Prices stationary.

Central India. - For week ending 13th November. - No material changes in weather and condition of crops in Central India since last report.

Rajputana. - For week ending 13th November. - Agricultural operations satisfactory. Crops damaged by locusts in Bundi and parts of Bhurtpore. Agricultural stock good. Fodder dear in Marwar and failing in Dholepore. Prices rising in Alwar, steady elsewhere.

Nepal.-For week ending 7th November .- No rain. Weather clear and cold. Paddy barvesting completed.

> J. W. P. MUIR-MACKENZIE, for Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

ABSTRACT SHOWING THE RESULT OF EMIGRATION FROM THE PORT OF CALCUTTA DURING THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER, 1889

No. 1.-As to Age and Sex.

		DE	HERAR	A.		TRI	NIDA	D.	ı		Fiji	a		MAU	RITE	US.	L	N	ATA	L.		Su	RIN.	AM.	Tot	TAL.	1
	Male.	Female.	Total		Male.	Female.	Total.	od :	Male men.	Female.	Total.	Proportion of		Female,	Total.	Proportion of		Female.	Total.	Proportion of	Li	Female,	Total.	Proportion of		Female.	Goam Tores
Under 2 years .	2	3	5	100	18	20	38	10					9	17	26							1	.4.		29		
From 2 to so years.	16	17	33	7 10	30	19	49	y 100			100		44	33	77	7 100								***	90		,
,, 10 ₁ , 20 ₁₃ ,	88	25	113	every	22	10	32	every	ļ				49	19	68	ever		***	701	804					159	54	,
3, 20, 30 33	586	190	776	men.	гоб	111	317	en to			1.1.1		254	88	342	en to			***				***			-	
,, 30 ,, 40 ,, .	103	33	125	mornen	78	16	94	ото				***	67	29	96	E			***						247		1,4
11 40 17 50 11 .	2	***	2	.87	3		3	33 W			***	500	9	494		-88 w	н	***	-	***		1		***	14		ľ
bove 50 ,, .			•••	5				4		491	***					38.			***	10.	П						
GRAND TOTAL	796	268	1,064		357	176	533		1			***	432	186	648			-		-		-	-		1,585	100	2,2

No. 2.—As to places whence Emigrants came to Calcutta for Embarkation.

Orissa	***	2		3	3	6						1	1	1 ,				511	1		1		1	1 .	4	
Western Bengal 3	4	7		1	3	10				***	***	11		13	1	L				П			0.04			5
Central , 4	2	6		6	5	11				***		7	1	1						Ш		001	600	21		30
Eastern ,	000	***								***		1				П				Е			***	17	8	25
Behar	69	205		113	42	155								319	i	П						0.00	201		***	
orth-Western Provinces 409	33	542		152		249		П				154		210		П			001			***	***		212	679
Judh 229	49	278		67	23	90	***				***	39	15	54		н			0.44				0.4.4		295	1,010
entral India	5	7		1		1														П		***	***	335	87	422
unjab	2	5		2		2	801	Н					***	***			• • •		***	•••	000	***	***	3	5	8
lepal and Native States. 6		2	001	444			***				141		1	***	000		50.0	***	***				441	5	2	7
Mixed, Bombay & Madras 2	3	5	111	6	3	9					***	3			004		***	424	***	•••	***	•••	***	9	2	11
GRAND TOTAL . 706 2	-	1,064	-	357	-	-	***			-	***	040			***	-		***	***			•••		8		14
,,,,,,		1 good	***	33/	170	533			100		***	432	186	618	***	1 - 4			***					1,585	630	2,219

No. 3.-As to Caste and Religion:

	A			-				_	_	-					(3)	- 12									
Brahmins and high castes.	150	48	198	000	43	25	68	911			500	001	59	17	76			***						252 90	T
Agriculturists	234	65	299		116	36	152	40-		04-		0.01	156	30	186					Ш				506 131	633
Artisans . , ,	74	21	95		30	9	39	040			984	040	29	15	44	010	 			Ш				133 45	
	227	8:	308	***	121	73	193	***			644	***	146	108	254		 					801	***	494 261	755
	110	53	163		47	34	81				901	***	42	16	58	•••	 		110	Н				199 103	
Christians	1		1					***		14-	***								001				***	3	
GRAND TOTAL .	796	268	1,064		357	176	533	***					432	186	618		 	,			-		_	1,585 630	2,216

MEMORANDU	M.	Malo.	Female.	TOTAL.
1. Hindus		1,385	527	1,912
3. Christians		199	103	303
TOTAL		1,585	630	2,215

J. MUIR-MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OR INDIA. PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT. RAILWAY TRAFFIC. RO TIME!

No. XXIX of 1889-90.

APPROXIMATE STATEMENT OF GROSS RECEIPTS AND EXPENSES OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

N.B.—As regards the figures in column Total Receipts from ist April to date, audited figures have been used, as far as possible.

Laisel Return recovered. RAILWAYN. RESHIPTE. RECHIPTE. RECHIPT		1	WE	EK ENDING OCTOBER 18	20TH		EK ENDING		RECEIPTS	LECH	RECRIPTS	L	1	1
Total			n. n.	RECEIP	TS.	9		4	IST APRIL T	O SOTH	IST APRIL 1	O IOTE	1	
## 15th Oct., 1889 Sect. 1889 Cet., 1889	Latest Return received.	RAILWAYS,	1 0	Total.	mile	0	Total.	mile	Total.	Per mile open per		Per mile open per	Increase	Decrease
Sinding Sind		Companies East Indian Patna-Gya	1,514	6,58,641	435		(a) 8,76,607	574	2,29,60,689	523	(a)2,32,94,252	527	3,33,563	
sch ditto Indian Midland 19 8,465 02 746 (8)90,465 84 1,460,154 39 07,154,154 07 07,154,154 07,154,154 07,154,154	26th Oct., 1889 26th ditto 26th ditto	Sindia Rajputana-Malwa Bengal-Nágpur (d) Southern Mahratta(f) Ditto Mysore Sec-	75 1,664 183 854	6,046 3,92,964 18,207 77,056	236 99 90	1,672 305 978	(c) 3,23,000 (e)29,074 58,421	193 95 60	1,90,578 98,35,876 8,02,170 21,44,801 3,30,278	90 204 149 87 81	(c) 1,04,04,600 (e)9,59,880 22,37,765 4,92,042	216 110 89	5,68,724 1,57,710 92,964 1,61,764	19.5
TOTAL 4,754 11,98,328 252 5,699 15,909,031 244 3,71+43,141 269 3,03,505,058 250 22,2,3,3,877	36th ditto	Indian Midland Villupuram-Dharma- varam, Nellore Branch	130 83	8,465 5.741	62 69	746 83	(8)62,465	84	1,40,154	58	1,39,090	. 58		464
Side Lines worked by Commence. Side Lines worked by Commence.	igen aitto .		-		-			-	2 71 42 144			-		
## Oct., 1889 Conserment (a) Conserment (b) Conserment (c) Conserm		1	41/34	119993380	-32	21090	13,90,032	344	3,71,43,141	209	3,93,00,968	250	22,23,827	*
### 25th ditto	26th Oct., 1889 26th ditto 26th ditto 26th ditto 26th ditto 26th ditto 26th ditto	Government. North-Western (h) Oudh and Rohilkhand Bengal Central Wardha Coal Eastern Bengal Nalhäti Tirhoot	692 125 45 673 27	1,19,317 13,770 11,860 2,63,276 2,083	172 110 264 391	692 125 45 747 27	1,28,836 11,530 18,101 2,48,690 1,669	333 63	36,89,276 4,00,810 4,05,963 \$6,02,203 55,848	184 111 311 287 71	41,10,979 4,21,525 4,24,180 57,64,912 53,093	205 116 327 279 68	4,27,703 20,715 18,217 1,62,709	***
TOTAL 4.833 9,98,170 207 5,077 11,80,563 233 2,04,79,2058 190 2,94,50,566 202 29,71,341 Lines worked by Giarwanted Companies 840 1,624,200 103 840 1,47,206 175 47,00,061 103 51,61,450 213 4,61,389 206 101 103 50,000 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	26th ditto .	ramau Jorhát Cherra-Companyganj.	25 7	1,243	50 44	25 7	955 176	38 25	34,721	48 18	35,342 4,743	49	621	***
### Description of the control of th		TOTAL .	4,833	9,98,170	207	5,077	11,80,563	233	2,64,79,205	190	2,94,50,546	202	29,71,341	
TOTAL 3,459 11,12,550 322 3,395 9,84,707 290 3,70,45,861 369 3,25,41,993 332 45,04,768 GRAND TOTAL (GUARANTRED AND 13,046 33,09,064 254 14,171 35,55,302 251 10,06,68,207 267 10,13,58,607 253 6,90,400 GROSS ESTIMATED EXPENSES	26th ditto	ranteed Companies Madras South Indian Great Indian Peninsula Bombay, Baroda and	654 1,504	1,01,395 (j) 6,27,131	417	654 1,440	1,08,503 (k)5,25,908	166 365	31,21,884	518	32,62,410 (k)1,72,20,070	173	1,40,520	*** .
GRAND TOTAL (GUARANTEED AND STATE)										-			1,90,818	
GROSS ESTIMATED EXPENSES	GRAND TOTAL	L (GUARANTEED AND		*										45,04,768
Net Receipts .												_		***
26th Oct., 1889		NET RECEIPTS .				004			4,80,60,159	_		-		
19th ditto	26th Oct., 1889	Tárakeshwar									1,56,906	247		
Total 543 53,398 98 543 49,632 91 18,91,245 120 19,72,714 126 81,469 Native States. His Highness the Nizam's Guaranteed His Highness the Gaekwar's - 59 2,437 41 59 2,120 36 72,140 42 73,532 43 1,392 Sth ditto His Highness the Gaekwar's Viramgam Mehsana-Vadnagar Lat 644 31 27 700 26 25,351 42 29,655 38 4,304 John ditto His Highness the Gaekwar's Viramgam Mehsana-Vadnagar Lat 644 31 27 700 26 25,351 42 29,655 38 4,304 John ditto His Highness the Gaekwar's Viramgam Mehsana-Vadnagar Lat 644 31 27 700 26 25,351 42 29,655 38 4,304 John ditto His Highness the Gaekwar's Viramgam Mehsana-Vadnagar Lat 644 31 27 700 26 25,351 42 29,655 38 4,304 John ditto His Highness the Gaekwar's Viramgam Mehsana-Vadnagar Lat 644 31 27 700 26 25,351 42 29,655 38 4,304 John ditto His Highness the Gaekwar's Viramgam Mehsana-Vadnagar Lat 644 31 27 700 26 25,351 42 29,655 38 4,304 John ditto His Highness the Gaekwar's Viramgam Mehsana-Vadnagar Lat 644 31 27 700 26 25,351 42 29,655 38 4,304 John ditto His Highness the Gaekwar's Viramgam Mehsana-Vadnagar Lat 644 31 27 700 26 25,351 42 29,655 38 4,304 John ditto His Highness the Gaekwar's Viramgam Mehsana-Vadnagar Lat 644 31 27 700 26 25,351 42 29,655 38 4,304 John ditto His Highness the Gaekwar's Viramgam Mehsana-Vadnagar Lat 644 31 27 700 26 25,351 42 29,655 38 4,304 John ditto His Highness the Gaekwar's Viramgam Mehsana-Vadnagar Lat 644 31 27 700 26 25,351 42 29,655 38 4,304 John ditto His Highness the Gaekwar's Viramgam Mehsana-Vadnagar Lat 644 31 27 700 26 25,351 42 29,655 38 4,304 John ditto His Highness the His Highness the Gaekwar's Viramgam Mehsana-Vadnagar Lat 644 31 27 700 26 25,351 42 29,655 38 4,304 John ditto His Highness the Gaekwar's Viramgam Mehsana-Vadnagar Lat 644 31 27 700 26 25,351 42 29,655 38 4,304 John ditto His Highness the Gaekwar's Viramgam Mehsana-Vadnagar Lat 644 31 27 700 26 25,351 42 29,655 38 4,304 John ditto His Highness the Gaekwar's Viramgam Mehsana-Vadnagar Lat 644 31 27 70		Western		30,078 9,789					13,84,412					***
Native States. Native States. Highness the Nizam's Guaranteed His Highness the Gaekwar's 107 354 42,327 120 9,01,346 107 12,40,553 121 3,39,207 26th ditto His Highness the Gaekwar's Virangam Mehsana-Vadnagar 2,437 41 59 2,120 36 72,140 42 73,532 43 1,392 26th ditto His Highness the Gaekwar's Virangam Mehsana-Vadnagar 2,1 644 31 27 700 26 25,351 42 29,655 38 4,304 26th ditto Havanagar-Gondal-Junagar-Porbandar 209 15,731 75 329 21,844 65 5,54,448 97 7,19,433 93 1,64,985 26th ditto Morvi 68 2,362 35 68 2,434 36 97,984 50 1,08,073 55 10,689 26th ditto Johnson 124 6,877 55 124 7,300 59 1,95,491 54 1,88,225 53 26th ditto 7,266		TOTAL .	543	53,398	98	543	49,632	91	18,91,245					
Gaekwar's inghaes the Gaekwar's Viramgam Mehsana-Vadnagar inghaes inghae		His Highness the Nizam's Guaranteed	310	33,184	107	354	42,327	120	9,01,346	107	,	121		
Mehsana-Vadnagar - 1		Gaekwar's His Highness the	59	2,437	41	59	2,120	36	72,140					
Junágarh-Porbandar 209 15,731 75 329 21,844 66 5,54,448 97 7,19,433 93 1,64,985 John ditto John or 124 6,877 55 124 7,300 59 1,95,491 54 1,88,225 53 TOTAL 791 61,235 77 961 76,725 80 18,40,760 84 27,0001 01 5,13,000	26th ditto	Mehsana-Vadnagar .	21	644	31	27	700	26	25,351	42	29,655	38	4,304	1
TOTAL . 791 61,235 77 961 76,725 80 18,44,760 84 22,60.031 01 513.014	6th ditto	Junágarh-Porbandar Morvi	68	2,362	35	68	2,434	36	97,984	50	1,08,073	55	10,689	***
		TOTAL .	791	61,235	77	g61							5,13,311	7,200

the Diddarnagar-Gházipur State Railway.

It with East Indian Railway.

It with Indian Midland Railway.

It the Katni-Umana Branch.

It he Sanctonia Coal Section of the Bengal-Nágpur Railway.

It he Bellary-Kistna State Railway.

It he Sindia and Bhopal-Itársi State Railways.

(h) Includes the Amritsar-Pathankot and Rajpura-Bhatinda State Railways.
(i) Includes the Toungoo-Mandalay extension.
(j) Includes the Dhond-Manmad, Khamgaon, Amraoti and Bhopal-Itarsi State Railways.
(k) Includes the Dhond-Manmad, Khamgaon and Amraoti State Railways.
(l) Includes the Patri Branch.

M. C. BRACKENBURY, Major, R.E., Under-Secretary.

CALCUTTA, The 14th November, 1889.





SUPPLEMENT

The Gazette of Kndia.

No. 47.3 CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1889.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A Supplement to the Gazette or India will be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and information as the Gavernment of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The Debates of the Legislative Council of His Receivence the Governor General will in future be outlished in Part VI of the Gazette.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the Supplement separately on a payment of five Rupes for annum if delivered in Calcutta, or eight Rupes if sent by Post. The Supplement and Part VI of the Gazette can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupess six or annum if delivered in Calcutta or Rupess nine if sent by Post, No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the Gazette or ladia is required by Law, or which it has been cureomary to publish in the Calcutta Gazette, will be included in the Supplement. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the Gazette must be looked to.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

Weather Review of India for the week ending 8 a.m. on Monday, November 11th, 1889.

The fine settled weather which characterised last week has continued during the week under review. An abnormally small amount of rain has fallen, and the barometric conditions and winds have maintained a steadiness which is unusual even at this season of the year. Northerly and north-westerly winds have prevailed over the Madras Presidency, instead of the northerly to north-easterly winds, which are ordinarily characteristic of this season in this region. The difference in the place of origin of these two currents accounts for the difference in the weather of the present season from that ordinarily experienced.

On the 5th a high pressure area extended in a south-easterly direction from the Indus Valley as far as Berar, while the area of lowest pressure overlay the Andaman sea and the south-east of the Bay. The weather over the greater part of India was under the influence of the anticyclonic area, and was very fine with north-westerly and westerly winds down the Gangetic plain, north-easterly winds over the Central Provinces, and easterly winds over the west coast of the Peninsula. Over and around the Bay, on the contrary, the weather was feebly cyclonic, so that easterly winds prevailed in Burma and northerly to north north-westerly winds on the west side of the Bay with a somewhat cloudy sky and unsettled conditions. On the 6th there was no practical change, except that both the high pressure and low pressure areas had contracted, and the barometric difference over the Indian region became very slight. The winds and weather were the same as on the preceding day, only the cloud was rather less over the Bay area. On the 7th the chart showed that the barometer was falling briskly in the north-west and the high pressure area had moved southward. At the same time a small and shallow depression had appeared over Burma, and the barometric differences were

a trifle greater than on the 6th. The wind showed a cyclonic circulation in Burma, but otherwise there was no change in the main wind currents. The chart of the 8th showed that the Burma depression had passed southward and that the centre lay over the Gulf of Martaban. The cyclonic circulation in this region had consequently undergone a slight change, but the wind directions elsewhere were practically unaltered. On the 9th a brisk batometric rise had occurred over North-Western India, and the high pressure area had spread north-westward to the Punjab and the Indus Valley. Barometric differences were slightly greater, but otherwise the general distribution of pressure and directions of the wind were the same as those prevailing on the 5th. On the 10th owing to the continued barometric rise in the north-west and the more or less general fall elsewhere, barometric differences became moderately large for the season, and strongish winds were reported over Northern India. The relative distribution of pressure was not, however, altered, and a general anticyclonic circulation of the wind prevalled over the greater part of India. On the 11th pressure was giving way in the Indus Valley, and the high pressure area again showed a tendency to centre over the Central Provinces and Central India. In other respects there was no change.

Temperature.—The past week, like its predecessors for some time, has been cool in almost all parts of India. In the Punjab, Bombay, the Central Provinces, Guzerat, Sind and Rajputana, the mean temperature for every day was below the normal average. In the other Provinces, vis., Burma, Bengal, the North-Western Provinces and Madras, greater irregularities are shown, but with the exceptions of Burma where there is no departure from the average, and Bengal where there is an excess of about half a degree, the net results at the close of the week for these Provinces also exhibit a defect.

The following Table shows the amount of excess or defect of the mean average temperature of the different Provinces for the present and for the preceding week:—

	PRO	VIN	CES.			Difference of mean temperature of last week from normal.	Difference of mean temperature of present week from normal.
The Control						0	0
Burma			4			-0.7	0
Bengal			•		•	-0.2	+ 0.6
North-Western Prov	inces			•		+ 0.8	-1'2
Punjab	\$100 m	•				+ 1.3	2.1
Bombay		9	•			-2'5	-2'1
Central Provinces						-2.6	-3.8
Guzerat and Central	India		•			-115	-2.5
Sind and Rajputana	•	0				-0.7	-34
Madras	•					+0.3	-0.4

The night temperatures over the central parts of the country and the Peninsula have been remarkably low.

Rain.—There is very little to record in the matter of rainfall. The great majority of the rainfall districts have received no rain whatever during the past week. The only districts reporting any excess are Tenasserim and Central Burma, and the only districts reporting any rainfall at all are Tenasserim, Lower, Central and Upper Burma, Assam (Surma), Deltaic Bengal, Malabar, the East Coast Central and South, and Madras South. The slight fall reported from Hyderabad South is very doubtful. It is only in the south of the Peninsula that any considerable amount of rain is usually expected during the week under review, and it is probably only in this region that the want of rain is of serious importance. Within this region the most important deficiencies of the north-east monsoon rainfall from 15th October to date are 14 inches at Negapatam, 11 inches at Madras, 8 inches at Wellington, 7 inches at Madura, and about 6 inches at Salem.

		RAINFAL ENDING II	L DATA FO	DR WEEK ABER 1889.	RAINFALL 15TH TO 1	DATA FROM TH NOVEM	OCTOBER BER 1889.
Province.	Lyg a bework with the bridge of Division. and not some of the bridge of		Average normal rainfall of Division.	Excess or defect in inches.	Average actual rainfall of season to date.	Average normal rainfall, October 15th to 11th Nov- ember.	Excess or defect of (scasonal) rainfall expressed as a per- centage.
		Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches,	Inches.	Per cent.
		4.146	0.24	+0.88	16'20	4'40	+268
(Tenasserim	0'37	1.14	-0.80	5'92	4'25	+ 39
BURMA	Central do.	0.01	0'59	+0.33	5°25	3.04	+ 73
DUKIEK ,	Upper do	0.31	7 1.21	-1151	2'98	4.31	+ 26
1,	Arakan	0	1 3.			1	1 05
. 1	Eastern Bengal	0	0.32	- 0.35		3'16	+ 35
	Assam (Surma)		0'49	-0'15		1.89	- 50
	Do. (Brahmaputra)	-100	0.12	-0.12		2.78	+ 62
	Deltaic Bengal Central do.	0	0'16	-0.16	_	2'33	- 66
BENGAL AND ASSAM	North do.		0.03	-0.03	4.2	2'34	- 85 + 20
	Orissa .		0'53	-0.23		4'53 1'57	- 51
	Chutia Nagpur	. 0	0.10	-0.10	1	1.40	- 74
	Behar (South) Do. (North)	. 0	0'04	-0.0		1'25	-100
majord	North-Western Provinces	3				-180	=
*Strictive T	(East) . · ·	. 0	0.02	-0.0	0'75	0'79	- 85
RELIE		. 0	0		0 0	. 0.11	-100
North-Western	Do. (North) . North-Western Province						- 00
PROVINCES AND	(Central)	. 0	0		0,01	0.32	- 97
OUDH.	North-Western Province	5 0	0,01	-0.0	1 0	0.03	-100
	North-Western Province (Submontane)	. 0	0'03	-0.0	3 003	0.39	- 8
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1 MATE	Punjab (South)	. 0	0		_	0 16	-10
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CALCUTTA, 14th November, 1889.

W. L. DALLAS,

Wovember, 1889.

Assistant Meteorological Reporter to the Government of India.

J. W. P. MUIR-MACKENZIE, Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE 1st HALF OF OCTOBER 1889.

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	DISTRICTS.		that Coast	Malabar. S. Canara	South, central— Coimbatore Nilginis	entral—Bellary Auantapur Cuddapah Kurnool	Garjam Vizagapatam Godávari	East Coast, contral Kistna Nellore	Madras Chingleput N. Arcet S. Arcet Tanjore	Souther w— Tinnevelly Madura	Bangalore Rangalore Kolar Tomkur Hassan Kadur Shimoga	
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DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE. GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

Comparative Statement of the Net Indian Sea and Land Customs Revenue (excluding Salt Revenue) for the first seven months of the official year 1889-90, and of the + 13

(IN THOUSANDS OF RUPERS.) sighteen preceding years.

		1				6				Cree	Crant			MA	MADRAS.			38	BURMA.			TOTAL	BRITISH	IMDIA.		
		A)	BENGAL.	ī		120	BOMBAY.			200	o Line									-		1	7	J.		
YEAR.	On Imports	On other Imports.	stroqx8 aO	Total Revenue.	strogmi aO	On other Imports.	On Esports.	Total Revenue.	On Imports of Liquors.	On other Imports.	On Exports.	Total Revenue.	On Imports.	On other imports.	On Exports.	Total Revenue.	On Imports of Liquors.	On other imports.	whoqaa aO	Total Revenue.	On Imports of Liquors.	On other lingorts.	Total Impor	Export .	Total	YEAR.
	9	1		9	200	\$	9	60.13	. "	- 12	16	77	2,01	7,31	8,29	17,61	8.	2,39	10,78	1931	13,65	73,64	99,29	33,85	1,23,84	1871-78
•	300		_	62.00	01-0		1.80	26.86	9	65	1,20	2,59	2,26	6,86	6,53	15,67	1,82	2,71	19,53	24,06	15,08	91,97	91,24	41,94	1,33,18	1872-73
	18.			46.44	8.46		82	28,35		194	8	85,53	2,07	.7,87	8,06	18,00	1,95	2,78	15,46	20,19	14,03	24,36	88,39	35,31 ~	1,23,70	1873-74
75.74	6.68			70.03	88	26,13		31,95	8	8	92	1,80	3,01	7,95	7,83	17,79	2,28	3,75	10,24	16,27	15,51	83,73	99,24	27,50	1,26,84	1874-75
875-76	6,02		8,11	05.50	3,90	72,60		29,95	73	35	8.	2,19	2,37	8,33	7,68	18,38	2,10	2,78	18,51	23.47	16,10	77,81	93,91	38,67	1,32,38	1875-76
Special services	7.23	. 60	7,41		4.57	-		27,25	8	ů.	13	1,45	3,20	7,42	5,02	15,64	2,59	3,04	13,00	18,63	18,49	70,97	\$9,46	26,14	1,15,60	1876-77
11-06	00							31,20	1,19	64	g	1,90	3,007	4,63	1,14	80,00	2,81	3,33	9,65	15,79	20,42	81,80 1,	15,20,	20,17	1,22,39	1817-6
	7.7	38,84			4,78	33.33	1,25	29,35	1,03	32	240 000	2,46	3,29	5,48	28.50	11,27	\$0°	3,95	1441	22,41	20,57	71,91	92,48	26,05	1,18,53	1878-7
	6,68				5,19	-	1,02	25,89	1,70	45	get dag	2,35	\$,11	5,34	3.70	12,15	3,96	3,60	17,39	24,95	20,73	64,77	85,50	27,45	1,12,95	1879-8
10 Sa	2,52				98,4			34.17	2,60	79	13	3.37	2,82	6,14	5,21	14,17	2,68	4,53	19,36	26,57	20,51	74,22	94,73	32,24	1,26,97	1880-8
	7.5				5,89			32,24	2,24	71	17	3,12	2,78	5,69	3,38	11,85	\$ 98	4442	\$2,92	31,27	22,34	10,69	\$8.19	36,12	1,27,47	1881-82
288a-83	8,02				-			5,55	2,03	4	31	2,38	3,18	Bet.	2,41	5,60	467	10	28,37	33,09	23,73	-93	22,80	40,71	63,51	1882-83
883-84	7,83		_	18,13	-	_	8	6,98	2,05	60	37	2,34	2,88	7	3,10	6,05	4,56	10	20,30	\$4,96	23,40	95	23,90	34.56	58,46	1883-8,
28-188	. 0		85.75		5,60	23	8	98'9	2,21	63	300	2,52	2,70	=	3,47	6,18	4543	9	15,08	19,57	21,93	8,	22,45	25,36	48,01	1884-8
88r-86	2					27		2,49	2,48	63	8	2,90	2,77	10	2,17	4,99	3,66	*	23,83	27,53	23,06	38	23,59	34,09	82,78	1885-96
886-89 ·	7	"	-		0.00	33		7,65	2,65	7	53	3,25	3-45	10	3,25	6,80	5,05	10	19,68	24,83	25,06	3	25,90	30,06	55,96	1886-87
887-88	9				-			86,0	2,85	*	\$	3,33	5,60	4	2,80	1 - BAA	5,25	=	21,05	26,31	28,72	70	29,36.	32,97	62,33	1887-88
888-8a	တိ	คำ			8,1	2,46		11,28	3,11	82	а	3,95	5,88	Z	3,08	9,50	S,ot	63	13,70	19,34	30.51	7,78	38,29	26,78	65,07	1888-8 9
880-08	00	8.05	89'9	20,12	8,03	3,50	1,06	11,49	3,16	40	8	3,92	5,95	2	-7-	10,41	471	1,67	22,75	29,13	30,80	9,38	40,18	34,89	75,07	1889-90

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE, STATISTICAL BRANCH;

Calcutta, 19th November, 1869.

* The gmount refunded is greater than the duty collected.

Secretary to the Government of India. E. J. SINKINSON,

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT. RAILWAY TRAFFIC.

SON WINE TO THE WAY

No. XXX of 1889-90.

APPROXIMATE STATEMENT OF GROSS RECEIPTS AND EXPENSES OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

N.B. -As regards the figures in column Total Receipts from 1st April to date, audited figures have been used, as far as possible.

			EK ENDING OCTOBER B			EK ENDING CTOBER 18		RECEIPTS	FROM	RECEIPTS	FROM	1	
Latest Return	RAILWAYS.	mean open.	RECEI	PTS.	mean open.	RECEI	PTS.	OCTOBER	1888.	OCTOBER	, 1889.	Total	Total
received.		Total	Total.	Per mile open.	一九	Total.	Per mile open		Per mile open per week.	Total.	Per mile open per week.	Increase in 1889-90	Decreas in 1889
and Nov., 1889	State Lines worked by Companies East Indian Patna-Gya	1,514	9,01,262 9,478	\$95 100	1,526 57	(a) 8, 10, 151 8,494	\$31 149	2,38,61,951 2,80,700	\$ 525 107	R (a)2,40,85,64 2,07,363	2 526 156	2,23,693	19,33
***	Dildárnugar-Gházipur Sindia	12 75		49 95		. (b)		38,737	108	(b)		***	38,73
	Rajputana-Malwa Bengal-Nagpur (d) Southern Mahratta(f Ditto Mysore Sec-	1,664 183 854	3,75,341 19,712 84,143	226 108 98	1,672 305 978	3,12,000 (e)23,906 48,359	187 78 49	2,03,739 1,02,11,217 8,21,912 22,31,251 3,42,327	91 205 147 87 82	(c) 1,07,15,063 (e)9,8 r ;7 32 22,93,328 5,11,687	215 109 88 69	5,03,846 1,59,820 61,077 1,69,360	2,03,73
and ditto	tion Indian Midland Villupuram-Guntakal, Nellore Branch	136 136 83	13,044 11,867 4,346	87 51	296 746 83	(g)57,266 3,673	63 77 44	3,80,665 1,44,400 45,000	95 58 43	(g) 15,85,680 1,42,099 55,622	.79 57 53	11,99,015	2,30
Den Ott., 1009	Barcilly-Pilibhit .	36	2,581	301	36	1,860	52	00000000		- 10		10,613	001
	State Lines worked by	4,754	141301333	30.	5,699	12,04,234	225	3,85,73,908	270	4,66,37,218	240	20,63,310	94
and Nov., 1889 6th Oct., 1889 6th ditto 6th ditto and Nov., 1889 and ditto and ditto 6th Oct., 1889	Government. North-Western (h) Oudh and Rohilkhand Bengal Central Wardha Coal Eastern Bengal Nathati Tirhoot Lucknow-Sitapur-Sih-	2,469 092 125 45 673 27 273	6,24,861 1,31,268 15,361 17,984 2,92,536 1,818 30,755	253 190 123 400 435 67 113	2,478 692 125 45 747 27 273	5,64,262 8,24,473 10,030 13,954 2,50,920 1,715 36,340	228 180 80 310 336 03	1,43,09,868 38,20,543 4,16,171 4,23,947 58,94,739 57,606 9,14,414	193 184 111 314 292 73 121	1,55,88,095 42,36,232 4,31,585 4,39,145 60,15,832 54,858 10,55,201	211 204 115 327 280 69	12,78,227 4,15,689 15,384 15,198 1,21,093	2,808
and Nov., 1889 and ditto	Jorhat Cherra-Companyganj. Burma (i)	105 25 7 392	6,116 1,039 313 62,228	58 42 45 159	105 25 7 553	4,260 1,138 290 92,909	41 46 41 168	8,43,997 35,760 4,039 16,42,339	46 48 19 147	36,480 5,033 25,70,760	57 49 24 161	34,658 720 994 9,28,421	000
	TOTAL .	4,833	11,84,279	245	5,077	11,00,391	217	2,76,63,483	192	3,06,11,846	203	29,48,363	***
and ditto .	Lines worked by Gua- ranteed Companies Madrus South Indian Great Indian Peninsula Bombay, Baroda and	840 654 1,504	2,07,002 1,01,887 (j) 6,60,272	246 156 439	840 654 1,440	1,77,311 85,846 (<i>k</i>)4,39,889	211 131 306	49,07,063 32,23.771 (j)2,31,77,843	195 164 514	53,27,984 33,49,667 (4)1,76,66,197	212 172 423	4,20,921	55,11,646
	Central India (1)	461	2,30,570	500	461	1,75,000	380	69,36,915	502	70,74,813	514	1,37,898	444
RAND TOTAL	TOTAL . L (GUARANTEED AND	3+459	11,99,731	347	3,395	8,78,046	259	3,82,45,592	369	3,34,18,661	330		48,26,931
SIATE) .	ATED EXPENSES	13,046	38,14,365	292	14,171	32,62,571	230	10,44,82,983	\$ 57	10,46,67,725	252	1,84,742	***
	NET RECEIPTS		***	***		***	***	5,45,19,632	139	5,46,81,670	132	1,62,038	•••
	Assisted Companies				100		***	4,99,63,351	128	4,99,86,055	120	22,704	***
oth Oct., 1889	Tarakeshwar Dibru-Sadiya Hengal and North-	23	5,386	245	22	3,647 (m)	166	1,59,537 (n)2,50,568	942 111	1,58,026	241 120	20,553	1,511
ith Oct., 1889	Western Rohilkhand-Kumaun	376	32,257	119	376 67	32,170 8,708	130	13,16,669	108	13,61,261	121	44,592 14,588	***
	TOTAL .	465	45,642	98	465	44,525	96	19,36,887	119	20,15,109	124	78,222	***
	Native States. His Highness the Nizam's Guaranteed	310	35,779	115	354	44.450	126						
	His Highness the Gackwar's His Highness the	59	2,566	44	59	1,460	, 25	9,37,125 74,706	108	75,032	43	3,47,887	***
nd ditto	Gackwar's Viramgam Mehsana-Vudnagar. Bhavanagar-Gondal-	81	- 864	41	27	550	30	#6,215	42	30,302	38	4,087	
	Junagarh-Porbandar Morvi	209 68 124	37,281 3,033 5,721	83 45 46	329 68 124	14,917 2,156 6,300	45 32 51	5,71,729	97 50	7,34,693	91 54	1,62,964 9,682	***
				-	961	63 million	2,	2,01,213	54	1,94,148	52	***	7,064

Includes the Dildarungar-Ghazipur State Railway.
Included with East Indian Railway.
Included with Indian Mulland Railway.
Includes the Katni-Umaria Branch.
Includes the Katni-Umaria Branch.
Includes the Sanctoria Coal Section of the Bengal-Nágpur Railway.
Includes the Bellary-Kistna State Railway.
Includes the Sindia and Bhopal-Itarai State Railways.
Includes the Amritsar-Pathankot and Raipura-Bhatinda State Railways.

(i) Includes the Toungoo-Mandalay extension.
(j) Includes the Dhond-Manmad, Khamgaon, Amraoti and Bhopal-Itarsi State Railways.
(k) Includes the Dhond-Manmad, Khamgaon and Amraoti State Railways.
(l) Includes the Patri Branch.
(m) Return not received.
(m) Return not received.
(m) Total receipts from 1st April to 20th October, 1888.
(o) Total receipts from 1st April to 19th October, 1889.

M. C. BRACKENBURY, Major, R.E., Under-Secretary.

CALCUTTA, The 21st November, 1889.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

Weekly Report on the State of the Season and Prospects of the Crops.

Madras.—(No report received.)

Bombay.—For week ending 20th November.—Prospects of cotton and other crops good, except in parts where damaged by locusts or disease. Harvesting and sowing operations in full progress. Fodder and water-supply generally sufficient and agricultural stock healthy.

Bengal.—For week ending 19th November.—Rainfall during the week has been general and rather heavy in Bengal and Orissa, while showers have fallen in Behar and Chota Nagpore. Weather is still unsettled and further rain is likely to fall. The heavy rain has done some harm to the rice harvest and also to some of the young rabi crops. In Behar, however, the rain has benefited the rabi sowings, which are nearly complete. Poppy cultivation is progressing satisfactorily except in Monghyr and the Hajipore Sub-Division of Mozufferpore, where the sowings are backward for want of rain. Tobacco is being transplanted and doing well, and the transplanting of ganja in the Rajshahye district is finished. Sugarcane has benefited by the week's rainfall, and is doing well. Betul-nut in Tipperah and Noakholly is estimated to be a 14-anna crop. Prices of rice are falling steadily in the Behar districts generally, while in almost all other districts of the province no marked fluctuations are reported.

North-Western Provinces and Oudh.—For week ending aoth November.—The weather has been more or less cloudy over the eastern districts, with light rain here and there. Agricultural prospects generally continue fair. A flight of locusts passed over portions of the Agra and Banda districts, but did very little injury to the crops; they also appeared in three parganas of the Jhansi district, the extent of the injury done is not yet known. Markets are amply supplied. Prices easy.

Punjab.—For week ending 20th November.—No rain. Prices unsettled in Delhi and Multan, rising in Ambala and Rawalpindi, stationary elsewhere. Harvesting of kharif crops nearly over. Sowings of rabi going on slowly for want of rain, which is much needed throughout the Province. Outturn expected to be an average one. Fodder sufficient in all districts.

Central Provinces.—For week ending 20th November.—Weather cool and somewhat cloudy at end of week, with slight rain in Bilaspore. Kharif crops being harvested, outturn good. Rabi sowings still continue, and crops where sown are in good condition. Cotton being picked, outturn is good. Prices steady.

Burma.—(No report received.)

Assam.—For week ending soth November.—Weather damp; slight rain in all districts. Reaping of early rice commenced. Sowing of mustard continues. Prospects of tea and other crops good.

Mysore and Coorg.—(No report received.)

Berar and Hyderabad.—For week ending 20th November.—Weather clear and cold in Berar. Jowari nearly ripe. Cotton second picking continues. Rabi sowing completed. Pasturage sufficient except in Chikli. Prices station-

No rain during week at Hyderabad. Sowing of rabi crops continues, Abi crops thriving. Prices: wheat 112, coarse rice 92, white juar 182, yellow juar 21, and tur 16 seers per current sicca rupee.

Central India.—For week ending 20th November.—The following changes reported since last report: Prices of food grains low in West Malwa, and falling in Dhar, Barwani and Neemuch and in Goona Agency.

Rajputana.—For week ending 20th November.—Agricultural operations satisfactory. Standing crops damaged by locusts in Bundi, Kerowli and Dholepore. Agricultural stock good except in Bundi. Pasturage or fodder sufficient except in Marwar and Dholepore. Prices rising in Kerowli and steady elsewhere.

Nepal.—For week ending 14th November.—No rain. Weather fine. Wheat is being sown in the valley.

E. C. BUCK, Secretary to the Government of India.

and give and the a call (beginned) and are seen as a see that option major and record, a see condition of and record, a see condition of and also fell in Travas to a land for an all the satistical seed of a few area at the passing opening for the satistic seed of a few area at the passing opening for the land of the fermily for area and character and the land that the fermily for area and character and the land the land of the fermily character and character and the satistic seed that the fermily character and char

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SUPPLEMENT: TO

The Gazette of Andia.

No. 48. 3 CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1889.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A Supplement to the Gazette up India mil be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and fulformation as the Viviernment of India may deem to de of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The Property the Council of His Excellency the Gaverney General will in future be published in Part VI of the County.

Non-Substructs to the Gazuttu may recove the Suppliment reparately on a payment of five Rupees per andmin if deturned in Calcutta, or eight Rupees of rent by Post. The Supplement and Part VI of the Gazuttu can also be supplied tor reparately in a sayment of Rupees sur or anisom of delivered in Calcutta or Rupees inne if sent by Post. No Official Orders or Notincations, the Publication or which in the Sakuttu of India is required by Law, or which is as even customary to publish in the Calcutta sakuttu, pull be included in the Supplement. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the Sakuttu must be booked to.

REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

Weather Review of India for the week ending at 8 a.m. on Monday, November 18th, 1889.

During the week under review there has occurred a marked change in the weather over the eastern half of India. This change has been caused by a somewhat considerable depression which has moved erratically about the Bay and by two or three small subsidiary disturbances which were apparently formed over the head of the Bay and passed into Bengal, giving much heavy rain to that Province and the east of the North-Western Provinces. The effects of these disturbances, both major and minor, were confined more or less to the Bay area, though rain also fell in Travancore and the east of the North-Western Provinces. The weather in other parts of India remained fine and dry.

The chart of the 12th showed a large area of high pressure overlying North-Western and Central India, the Central Provinces and the Deccan, and a large low pressure area over the Andaman sea and the south-east of the Bay. The wind directions were normal except over the western side of the Bay, where the abnormal westing, which has been recently noticed, continued. The weather was very fine except in Burma where there was some cloud. On the 13th the barometer was rising in North-Western India and in Burma, and was falling elsewhere. The low pressure area which had formerly existed over the south-east of the Bay had apparently commenced a westerly advance—hence the fall in the Peninsula and the rise in Burma. A strong easterly wind blew at Diamond Island, but elsewhere there was little change. There had occurred an increase of dampness and of cloud round the Bay, but the weather generally remained very fine. The

Central India.—For week ending 20th November.—The following changes reported since last report: Prices of food grains low in West Malwa, and falling in Dhar, Barwani and Neemuch and in Goona Agency.

Rajputana.—For week ending 20th November.—Agricultural operations satisfactory. Standing crops damaged by locusts in Bundi, Kerowli and Dholepore. Agricultural stock good except in Bundi. Pasturage or fodder sufficient except in Marwar and Dholepore. Prices rising in Kerowli and steady elsewhere.

Nepal.—For week ending 14th November.—No rain. Weather fine. Wheat is being sown in the valley.

E. C. BUCK, Secretary to the Government of India.

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SUPPLEMENT: TO

The Gazette of Andia.

No. 48. CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1889.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A Supplement to the Garette or India will be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and deformation at the Government or India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The Denates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in Paut VI of the Garette.

Non-Substitutes to the Gazuttu may receive the Supplement separately on a payment of five Rupes for and must delivered in Calcutta, or eight Rupes if sent by Post. The Supplement and Part VI of the Gazuttu can also by supplement of receivered in Calcutta or Rupes into it sent by Post. No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the inauttu or India is required by Law, or walk has been cultimary to publish in the Calcutta inauttu, guil be included in the Supplement. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the Gazuttu must be boosed to.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

Weather Review of India for the week ending at 8 a.m. on Monday, November 18th, 1889.

During the week under review there has occurred a marked change in the weather over the eastern half of India. This change has been caused by a somewhat considerable depression which has moved erratically about the Bay and by two or three small subsidiary disturbances which were apparently formed over the head of the Bay and passed into Bengal, giving much heavy rain to that Province and the east of the North-Western Provinces. The effects of these disturbances, both major and minor, were confined more or less to the Bay area, though rain also fell in Travancore and the east of the North-Western Provinces. The weather in other parts of India remained fine and dry.

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chart of the 14th showed very distinctly the existence of a low pressure area over the centre of the Bay, while the winds in Bengal and Orissa pointed to the presence of small subsidiary depressions over those Provinces. The strong easterly wind at Diamond Island continued and cyclonic breeze's were reported all round the Bay. Elsewhere the wind directions were generally unaltered and the weather fine. By the morning of the 15th the low pressure area over the Bay had developed into a well-marked disturbance the centre of which lay apparently at some distance to the east of Negapatam. The wind was cyclonic and the weather unsettled over the south of the Bay. In addition to this main depression, small local storms were shown in the north of the Bay or over Bengal, and the weather was equally unsettled in this region also. Elsewhere the sky was clear or nearly so. On the 16th conditions over the Bay were unchanged and the weather was very unsettled in the south and east of the Peninsula, as well as over Orissa, Bengal, Behar and Assam. The chart of the 17th showed that the storm had intensified and the weather over the south of the Peninsula and Ceylon was very unsettled with strong cyclonic winds and a very rough sea. In Bengal and over the head of the Bay, on the contrary, the weather had improved and pressure became more steady. The chart of the 18th showed that the storm had begun to move northward and that the centre lay to the eastward and a little to the north of Madras. The storm was still intensifying and was now a considerable disturbance. The weather consequently remained very unsettled allover the south of the Peninsula, while the northward movement of the disturbance had renewed the unsettled conditions over Bengal. Throughout the whole period the weather in North-Western and Central India, the Central Provinces, the Konkan and the Deccan has called for no remark, the skies having been steadily clear with a high barometer and light winds.

Temperature.—The changes in temperature during the week have been very interesting. At first there was a large depression of temperature, but the amount gradually decreased till on the 15th it disappeared and was replaced by an excess which lasted till the 17th, when in its turn it gave way to a fresh but slight depression. These changes were probably due to the storm over the Bay. At first when the air was dry and radiation rapid, the amount of heat radiated during the night was not counterbalanced by the amount received during the day, and the mean temperature was low, but when a large amount of water vapour was carried into the upper atmosphere by the depression, the nightly radiation was checked, and the mean temperature rose.

The following table shows the variations of the mean temperature of the present and of the past weeks from the normal average.

Provinces.	Difference of mean temperature of last week from normal.	Difference of mean temperature of present week from normal.
Burma Bengal North-Western Provinces Punjab Bombay Central Provinces Guzerat and Central India 12 naming to leav Sind and Rajputana Madras	0. +0.6 -1.2 -2.1 -2.1 -2.1 -3.8 -2.5 -3.5 -0.7	0 0 8 + 2 8 + 2 3 - 0 8 2 1 1 1 5 1 1 1 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

This table shows a rise of temperature relatively to the average in all. Provinces except Bombay and Madras.

Rain.—There is a large increase in the amount of rain reported this week as compared with that reported for some weeks past. The fall has, however been confined to the region affected by the storms over the Bay, the weather in all parts of the country outside that region having been as dry as during the preceding weeks.

The following is a brief description of the daily distribution:—On the 12th, slight showers were reported from Lower Burma and from Madura, and on the 13th there was no rain out of Lower Burma. On the 14th showers were received around the head of the Bay and at Sibsagar and Kindat, but none elsewhere. On the 15th a rapid extension, of the rainfall area was shown, rain having continued to fall over Lower Bengal and Assam, as well as along the whole of the west coast of the Bay and over the south of the Peninsula. On the 16th the rainfall had both increased and extended, and on the 17th several heavy falls were reported from the south of the Peninsula though the amounts had decreased in Bengal. On the 18th general rain was falling in the south and east of the Peninsula and in Bengal, but the falls were generally light.

The table at the close of the summary shows that in twenty-one divisions no rainfall at all was received during the week, but that in the other divisions, where rainfall was recorded, the amount received was generally in excess of the average. This was more particularly the case in Bengal and Assam where the normal rainfall of the week was many times exceeded. The returns show a moderate deficiency in Burma and a large excess in Bengal and Assam. The east and submontane districts of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, North, had a slight excess, but with these districts rain ceased and none fell over North-Western India. In the south-west coast districts rain was reported though in somewhat deficient amounts, but on the Konkan coast and inland over the Deccan and Khandeish there was no rain at all. In the central parts of the country, including the Central Provinces, Central India and Rajputana, there was no rain except in the extreme east of the Central Provinces, and Guzerat, Kattiawar and Sind were wholly without rain. In Madras the rainfall of the week was on the whole favourable, though there was rather a large deficiency in the east coast (central) district

The list of maximum falls exhibit some rather large amounts for the time of year in Lower Bengal and Orissa. One station in Deltaic Bengal received 10, another 84, and a third 7 inches during the week, while in Central Bengal Pubna received 8 and two other stations 64 inches during the week. In Orissa the maximum rainfalls were about 4 inches. On the west coast of the Peninsula the largest fall was 6 inches at Alleppy. In Madras the largest falls were all reported from the south of the east coast, and varied between 54 and 6 inches.

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					RAINFALL TOBER TO		M 15TH OC MBRR 1889-
		Pichillo 10		The state of the s			1009
N.		11		•		Average	Excess or
PROVINCE.	Division,	Average	Average	-	Average	normal	defect of
FROVINGE.	6	actual	normal	Excess or	actual	rainfall,	(seasonal)
		raintall of		inches.	rainfall of	tober to	rainfail
	· ·	Division.	Division.	Inches.	to date.	18th Nov-	as a per-
					1	ember.	·centage.
		-					-
		Inches.	Inches.	Inches	Inches,	Inches	Per cent.
	Tenasserim	0.33	0'24.	-0.03	16'42	4.64	+254
	Lower Burma	0'35	1'07	-0.73	6.57	5'32	+ 18
BURMA	Central do	0 28	0'51	-0'23	5.2	3 55	+ 55.
	Upper do	0°40	?	?	3.00	3	?
	Arakan	0 34	1'04	-0.70	5.75	5°35	+ 7
	Eastern Bengal	2.00	0.13	+1.88	6.27	3.28	+ 91
(Assam (Surma)	1.84	0.00	+1.75	4:30	3.47	+ 24
1	Do. (Brahmaputra)	0,31	0.13	+0.18	1'24		- 30
		_	0,01	+3.72	1 -		
	Deltaic Bengal	3'73	. 001	+ 5.81	3'67	2'79	+ 203
BENGAL AND ASSAM	North do.	0'32	0.03	+0.30	0.08		
.)	Orissa		0.02	+3.38	8.87	2'37	- 71 + 04
	Chutia Nagpur	3'43	0.05	+1.31	2'07	1.57	+ 94
	Behar (South)	0.18	On .	+018		1'40	+ 32
	Do. (North)	0.42		+042	0'54	1'25	- 66
1	Do. (Nottil)	0 43	9	1043	0.43	. 43	
1	North-Western Provinces						
	(East)	0'48	0.03	+0.42	1.53	0.85	+ 50
	Oudh (South)	Q	0.	+0.04	0.02	0'33.	- 85
North - Western	Do. (North)	0.04	0	7-0-04	0.04	0.11	64.
PROVINCES AND	(Central)	0.	0'01	-0.01	0.01	6.36	- 97
OUDB.	North-Western Provinces					,,,,,	71
	(West)	0.	0	0	0	0.03	-100
	North-Western Provinces						1.0
((Submontane)	0.10	0.03	+0.04	0'14	0'28	÷ 50
	Punjab (South)	0	0	0	0	0.08	-100
	Do. (Central)	0	0'02	-0.03	0	0.18	-100
	Do. (Submontane) .	0	0'02	-0.03	0	0.03	-100
PUNJAB	Do. (Hill Districts) .	0	0.00	-0.00	0	0.34	-100
1	Do. (North-west) .	0	0'07	-0'07	0.01	0.34	'07
	Do. (West)	0	0,01	-0'01	0	0.04	-100
	Malaban	*****	418.0	Louis			
. /	Malabar	1'20	1,10	+0.01	10,30	9'14	+ 13
	Madras (South Central) .	0'87	.1'13	-0.30	4'43	8'74	- 40
BOMBAY AND MALA-	Coorg	0'40	0'01	-0'21	11.30.	7.65	+ 48
BAR COAST DIS-	Mysore	0'12	0 43	-0'32 -0'10	2.33	4'10	- 46
TRICTS (MADRAS).	Bombay Deccan	0	0,10	-0.12	4.84	1.84	+103
	Hyderabad (North)	***	0.12		4'96	2 91	+ 70
	Khandeish	0	0.10	-0.10	1.30	2'34	- 46
	Berar		0.00	01-0		1 7 4	3
CENTRAL PROVIN-	Central Provinces (West)	. 0	0.08	-0.02	3.14	1'77	+ 77
CES AND BERAR.		, 0	0 05	-0.00	2'95	0.89	+231
CHE AND DEBAR.	Do. (Central)	0,11	0.02	+0.00	1.72	1'00,	+126 .
	• (2026)	· · ·	. 003	1.000	1.47		+ 47
	Guzerat	0	0.03.	-0.03	0:02 .	.0'41	95
BOMBAY (NORTH)	Kattiawar	O	0.02	-0.02	. 0	0'22	-100
	Sind	0	0'03	-0.03	. 0	0 95	-100
	Central India (East).	0	0.03	-0'02	0.13	0.46	
RAJPUTANA AND	Rajputana (Bast), Central		00%		013	0 40	72 .
CENTRAL INDIA.	India (West)	0	0.03	-0.03	'0	. 0'27	·—100
. (Rajputana (West):	0	10.0	0.01	0	0.10	-100
1	East Coast (North)	1.36	0'24	+1.03	7 80	6.11	+ 28
	Do. (North)(a) Hyderabad (South)	1'45	?	7	7.70	7	7
MADRAS		0'07	0.08	-0'01	12'05	1.80	+ 14
MADRAS	Madras (Central)	0.87	Q'26	+001	4'00	'3'49	+ 15
-	East Coast (Central). Do. (South)	0 69	1'47	-0.78 -0.81	5'04	982	- 15
	Madras (South)	1.08	0.79	+0'29	3'27	9'08	- 51 - 64
•	· ·	. 00	- /9	1029	. 3 -/	900	- 04
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W. L. DALLAS,

Assistant Meteorological Reporter to the Government of India.

CALCUTTA, 21st November, 1880.

J. W. P. MUIR-MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

Weekly Report on the State of the Season and Prospects of the Crops.

Madras.—For week ending 16th November.—No rain in Cuddapah, Anantapur, South Canara, moderate in Ganjam, Madras and Tinnevelly, very slight elsewhere. Standing crops generally good, but withering from want of rain in Chingleput, North Arcot, South Arcot, Tinnevelly and Salem. Rain wanted in these districts and parts of Tanjore, Madura and Coimbatore, but has fallen since the close of the week in those districts where the need was greatest. Crops blighted in parts of Cuddapah and South Arcot, and oilseeds affected by worms in Bellary. Prices generally stationary or falling. Labourers employed on minor relief works 1,200. General prospects fair. Crops reviving after recent rains.

Madras.—For week ending 23rd November.—Rainfall excessive in Ganjam, good in most districts, slight in Kistna, Salem and South Canara. More rain wanted in North Arcot, Chingleput, Tanjore, Trichinopoly, Madura, Tinnevelly, Coimbatore and Salem. Standing crops generally good, but withering in parts of North Arcot, Chingleput, South Arcot, Tinnevelly and Salem. Some crops blighted in parts of Godaveri, Cuddapah and South Arcot, damaged by storm and floods in Ganjam, and by recent heavy rains and locusts in Bellary. Prices rising in nine districts, falling or stationary in others. 552 labourers employed on minor relief works in Ganjam. General prospects fair.

Bombay.—For week ending 27th November.—Slight rain over Karnatik. Late crops in parts of the Deccan and Karnatik require more rain. Standing crops generally good except where damaged by locusts in Sind. Cotton prospects favourable, except in parts of Broach. Harvesting and sowing operations progressing generally. Fodder generally sufficient and agricultural stock good.

Bengal.—For week ending 26th November.—The weather continued unsettled and rainy up to 22nd, since which date it has become fine all over the Province. There was a storm in Orissa on the 20th. The recent heavy rain in Orissa, South-west and East Bengal, and parts of Chota Nagpur has done some damage both to the rice and the rabi crops. In Behar the rainfall was moderate, and the rabi and poppy sowings benefited by it. Sugarcane is generally doing well. Prices of rice are said to be falling in many districts owing to the appearance of the new crop in the market. During the past week, however, the price rose in some districts on account of the rains.

North-Western Provinces and Oudh.—For week ending 27th November.—The weather and agricultural prospects generally are normal. Supplies ample and prices easy. Locusts are reported in parts of the Jhansi, Cawnpore and Bareilly districts, but the extent of the damage caused by them is not known.

Punjab.—For week ending 27th November.—No rain. Prices unsettled in Delhi, rising in Umballa and Rawalpindi, falling in Shahpur, stationary elsewhere. Harvesting of kharif crops nearly over; sowings of rabi crops still going on. Rain urgently wanted in all districts. Outturn of kharif crops is expected to be an average one. Fodder is reported sufficient throughout the Province.

Central Provinces.—For week ending 27th November.—Light rain in Sambalpur; elsewhere clear and cold. Young rabi crops in thriving condition. Cotton, rice, juari and other kharif crops are yielding good outturns. Prices steady.

Burma.—For week ending 16th November.—Rain fell in most districts in Lower Burma where the crop prospect is good. Rain fell in the Upper Chindwin, Myingyan, Magwé, Meiktila, Yamethin and Pyinmana districts of Upper Burma. Crops promise well generally, but in parts of Shwebo, Minbu, Meiktila and Yamethin the outturn will be poor. The price of paddy has fallen 10 per cent. in Prome, 5 per cent in Bassein, but has risen 6 per cent. in Tharrawady and 11 per cent. in Pyinmana; elsewhere prices are stationary.

Burma .- For week ending 23rd November .- Rain fell in Akyab, Sandoway and Bassein in Lower Burma and in every district in Upper Burma, with the exception of Sagaing, Kyaukse, Minbu, Magwé, Yamethin and Pyinmana. In parts of Prome crops are suffering for want of late rains; elsewhere in Lower Burma the prospect is good. More rain is wanted in Minbu and Meiktila; elsewhere in Upper Burma the crop prospect is satisfactory. The price of paddy has fallen in Thongwa and Henzada, but in other districts remains stationary. In Upper Burma the prices show no fluctuations. The food-supply is sufficient throughout the Province.

Assam. - For week ending 27th November. - Weather seasonable. Slight rain fell in most districts, and did some damage in Shylet and Cachar. Sowing of mustard and reaging of late rice continue. Tea and other crops generally doing well.

Mysore and Coorg .- For week ending 20th November .- Crops good, except in parts of Bangalore and Kolar districts, where more rain is wanted. Harvesting of sugarcane and transplanting of paddy continues in parts; outturn generally favourable. No material change in prices.

Slight rain in Coorg. Prospects of standing crops good.

Mysore and Coorg.—For week ending 27th November.—Rainfall slight in civil and military station and Bangalore district. More rain required for crops in Bangalore and Kolar districts. Elsewhere they are reported to be in good condition; outturn of harvest favourable. Prices slightly risen in Kolar and Kadur districts.

Slight rain in Coorg. Prospects good.

Berar and Hyderabad.—For week ending 27th November.—In Berar weather clear and cold. Jowari ripe and will soon be cut. Wheat, gram, linseed and tur in good condition. Second picking of cotton continues. Pasturage sufficient. Prices stationary.

Slight rain in Hyderabad. Total since 1st January 13.70. Rainfall of week has injured to some extent the abi crops which are being harvested. Rabi sowings continue. Prices stationary.

Central India. - For week ending 27th November. - Prices of food-grains have risen slightly in Alirajpur in Bhopawar, but continue low in Barwani and elsewhere in Agency. Condition of crops good except in Sirsi. No other material changes since last report.

Rajputana.—For week ending a7th November.—Agricultural operations satisfactory. Standing crops good. Slight damage by locusts in Kotah. Agricultural stock good. Fodder dear in Marwar, elsewhere sufficient. Cotton below average in Ulwar. Prices generally steady.

Nepal.-For week ending 21st Novembe .- No rain. Weather seasonable. Winter crops progressing.

> E. C. BUCK. Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT PUBLIC.

No. 2229, dated Calcutta the 29th November, 1889.

THE following statement, which compares the mortality among human beings and cattle in the different provinces of British India in the years 1887 and 1888 from injuries received from wild animals and venomous snakes, and also the results of measures taken to exterminate wild animals and venomous snakes, is published for general information.

Statement showing the results of the measures adopted in British India with the view of exterminating wild animals and venomous snakes during 1888.

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	blephants.	Tigera.	Leoparda.	Wolves	Hyens.	Snake.	Total number of persons hill	Elephante. Tigera.	Leopards.	Bears.	Wolves.	Hyenas.	Other azimale.	Snakus.	Total number of eattle billed.	Amount of reward.	Tirera.		Amount of reward.	Leopards.	Aznonné of nemand	The Marian	Bears,	Amount of reward.	Wolve	WOLVER.	Amount of reward.	Нуевые.	Amount of reward.	Other animals.	Amount of reward.	Snaken.	Amount of reward.	Total number, excluding, anakee	Total amount of reward includ- ing anakes.	Number of licenses granted during the year.	Number of licenses granted in previous years and still in force.	Total number of hoeness in force during the year 1888.	REMARKS.
Madras . }	887 8	187	-	16	11		1,401 55 1,641	1		42 36					14,741	Ra. A.	1			0 1,1	Ba. 47 30,865	0 0		Re A. 1,725 8		118 4	49 4 0	890	Rs. A. 1 1,220 8	P. 385	Ba. A. P			2,438		6 2,854	2,388		
Bombay .	987 988		18 95	1 14 8 11			68 1,246 65 1,236		32 5 35 1,0	76	608		52 101	48	2,041 9,883	012100		1	155 0 184 0		2,023 18 2,373		9	102 0		124 1,96	67 0 0 85 0 0	-	839 0	0 1	3 0 (6,269 8	7 935	11,658 8	7 1,743	3,791	5,534	
Bongal .	887 15 888 26	672 522					10,694 46 10,281			1			285 852		17,789 s		2	89 4,4	46 0		2,430		186	365 0 419 19	0 6	72 4,01	17 8 0	819	388 8			85,054	4,438 5	6 5,138	17,151 9	6 17,381	3,251 2	20,582	
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Central Provinces 28	1 1	162					28 1,203 35 1,397			1 1			145		8,758 4,776	201000		10,6		55	5 5,220	0 0	197	898 0	0 18	89 58	8 0 0	232	488 8 (1,084	736 0 0	2,005	14,896 8 843 10		29 849 0 (18,608 9 (
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Districts. (188		.4	9	2	1	38.		. 59		6	91	55	18		3,060				0 0 0		1.643		2	10 0	17	1,097	8 0	40	235 0 0		,	848	178 5	355	3,333 5 4	1,428	1,100	8,597	
Merwara. 188			1	1	2	6					53	1	25	1	265	*****			8 0 0	9	81.	0 0 .		***			0.0	3	2 0 0	5		575 25%		23	61 0 0 16 0 0			084	

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT. RAILWAY TRAFFIC.

No. XXXI of 1889-90.

APPROXIMATE STATEMENT OF GROSS RECEIPTS AND EXPENSES OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

N.B.-As regards the figures in column Total Receipts from 1st April to date, audited figures have been used, as far as possible.

à	19 M		K ENDING VEMBER, 1			K ENDING		TOTAL RECEIPTS I	MOS	TOTAL RECEIPTS I	ROM		
		na.	RECEIPT	rs.	mean pen.	RECEIPT	3.	November,		NOVEMBER,		Total	Total
Latest Return received.	Railways.	Total mean length open.	Total.	Per mile open,	Total mes leagth open.	Total.	Per mile open.	Total.	Per mile open per week.	Total.	Per mile open per week,		Decrease in 1889-90.
	State Lines worked by		R	R		, R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
9th Nov., 1889 9th ditto 9th Nov., 1889 9th ditto 9th ditto	Patna-Gya Dildárnagar-Gházipur Sindia	1,514 57 12 75 1,664 183 854	10,13,968 9,525 579 7,373 3,46,217 20,379 83,478	670 167 48 98 208 111 98	1,526 57 1,672 305 978	(a) 7,76,203 - 8,206 (b) *(e) 3,29,000 (e) 34,494 63,537	509 144 197 113 65	2,48,75,919 2,96,225 39,316 2,11,112 1,05,57,434 8,42,291 23,14,729	530 167 106 91 205 146 87	(a)2,48,61,847 2,75,569 (b) (c) 1,10,67,039 (e)10,16,226 23,60,616	215 109 87	5,09,605 1,73,935 45,887	14,072 20,656 39,316 2,11,112
9th ditto	tion Indian Midland Villupuram-Guntakal,	136	8,863 11,669	6 3 86	296 746	(g)63,043	85	3,51,190	94	5,39,733 (g)16,48,805	70 79	12,50,471	4++
gth ditto .	Nellore Branch Barcilly-Pilibhit	83 36	3,826 1,812	46 50	83 36	4,587 2,350	55 65	1,48,226 46,821	58 43	1,46,781 58,062	57 54	11,241	1,445
	TOTAL .	4,754	15,07,689	317	5,699	13,05,525	229	4,00,81,597	272	4,19,74,678	249	18,93,081	,
9th Nov., 1889 9th ditto 9th ditto 9th ditto 9th ditto 9th ditto 9th ditto 9th ditto	State Lines worked by Government. North-Western (h) Oudh and Rohilkhand Bengal Central Wardha Coal Eastern Bengal Nathati Tirhoot Lucknow-Sitapur-Sih-	2,469 692 125 45 673 27 273	5,15,461 1,30,096 15,135 17,986 2,66,586 1,358 34,446	209 188 121 400 396 50 126	2,478 692 125 45 747 27 273	5,98,775 1,41,454 13,870 13,889 2,78,550 1,351 31,090	242 204 111 309 373 50 114	1,48,25,329 3,550,640 4,31,306 4,41,933 61,61,325 59,024 9,48,860	194 184 111 317 295 71 121	1,61,86,870 43,77,686 4,47,598 4,53,247 62,86,550 56,292 10,86,291	212 204 1100 327 284 68 133	13,61,541 4,27,046 16,292 11,314 1,25,225	2,732
oth ditto . oth ditto . oth ditto .	ramau Jorhat Cherra-Companyganj. Burma (i)	105 25 7 392	4,198 922 264 62,990	37 38 161	105 25 7 553	6,084 855 335 99,516	58 34 48 180	1,48,196 36,683 4,303 17,05,329	46 47 20 148	37,335 5,368 26,69,906	57 48 25 162	36,667 653 1,065 9,64,577	000
	TOTAL .	4,833	10,49,442	217	5,077	11,85,769	234	2,87,12,927	192	3,17,92,006	204	30,79,079	
9th Nov., 1889 9th ditto 2nd ditto 9th ditto	Lines worked by Guaranteed Companies Madras South Indian Great Indian Peninsula Bombay, Baroda and Central India (!)	840 654 1,504 461	1,33,601 90,445 (<i>j</i>) 5,81,937 2,29,154	159 138 387 497	840 654 1,447 461	1,71,011 97,827 (\$)5,79,832 2,14,000	204 150 401 464	50,40,664 33,14,216 (<i>j</i>)2,37,59,780 71,66,069	194 163 510	54,89,537 34,49,039 (k)1,82,53,750 72,91,971	212 171 409 513	4,48,873 1,34,823 1,25,902	55,06,030
	TOTAL .	3,459	10,35,137	299	, 3,402	10,62,670	312	3,92,80,729	366	3,44,84,297	328		47,96,432
STATE) .	AL (GUARANTEED AND	13,046	35,92,268	275	14,178	35,53,964	. 251	10,80,75,253 5,63,59,593	268 140	10,82,50,981 5,65,29,604	252 132	1,75,728	***
	NET RECEIPTS .			***	101	44 .		.5,17,15,660	128	5,17,21,376	120	5,716	
9th Nov., 1889 2nd ditto . 9th ditto .	Assisted Companies Tarakeshwar Dibru-Sadiya Bengal and North-	22 78	7,618 8,060	346 103	22 78	5,259 8,113	239 104	1,67,155 2,66,257	245 110	2,87,368	241	21,111	3,870
9th ditto .	Western . Rohilkhand-Kumaun .	376 67	27,945 10,185	74 152	376 67	33,080 12,060	180	13,44,614	115		118	49,820	
	TOTAL .	543	53,808	99	543	58,521	108	19,98,324	119	20,82,425	124	84,101	
9th Nov., 1889 9th ditto	Native States. His Highness the Nizam's Guaranteed His Highness the Gaekwar's. His Highness the	59	1	1	354 59	43,412	123		1		121	3,45,843	***
9th ditto .	Gaekwar's Viramgam Mehsana-Vadnagar Bhavanagar-Gondal-				27	700					37	4,143	
oth ditto	Junagarh-Porbandar Morvi Jodhpore	209 68 124	2,980	44	329 68 124	2,826	42	1,03,997	45	1,13,592		1,64,975 9,595	6,074
	TOTAL	791	71,522	90	961	73,148	76	19,83,525	8.	25,02,291	90	5,18,760	***

Includes the Dildarnagar-Ghazipur State Railway. Included with East Indian Railway. Included with Indian Midland Railway. Includes the Katni-Umaria Branch. Includes the Sanctoria Coal Section of the Bengal-Nagpur Railway. Includes the Bellary-Kistna State Railway. Includes the Sindia and Bhopal-Itarsi State Railways.

(h) Includes the Amritsar-Pathánkot and Rajpura-Bhatinda State Railways.

(i) Includes the Toungoo-Mandalay extension.

(j) Includes the Dhond-Manmád, Khámgaon, Amraoti and Bhopal-Itársi State Railways.

(k) Includes the Dhond-Manmád, Khámgaon and Amraoti State Railways.

(l) Includes the Patri Branch.

M. C. BRACKENBURY, Major, R.E., Under-Secretary. The state of the s

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SUPPLEMENT

The Gazette of India.

No. 49.3 CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1889.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The Debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE may receive the Supplement separately on a payment of five Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or eight Rupees is sent by Post. The Supplement and Part VI of the GAZETTE can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta or Rupees nine if sent by Post. No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE, will be included in the Supplement. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

Weather Summary for October 1889.

The month of October usually witnesses the completion of the south-west monsoon withdrawal which is commenced in the preceding month. Under normal conditions moist monsoon winds are still felt in Bengal, &c., at the beginning of October, but about the middle of the month dry winds from north-west and north-east, which have already commenced in Upper India, spread over Bengal and the head of the Bay, and occasion the south-west monsoon current to curve to the westward and finally to the south-westward over the centre of the Bay. This current then reaches the Coromandel coast as a north-easterly wind after a long journey over the Bay. During this journey its already large supply of moisture has been augmented by evaporation from the Bay, and hence the very heavy rain which usually accompanies its first appearance on the Madras coast. The recurving of the monsoon current and the extension of dry north-westerly winds from Upper India to Bengal are accompanied by a considerable change of weather. In the first place, cold weather conditions extend quickly over the whole of Northern India; in the second, the low pressure area, and consequently the area of probable disturbance over the Bay, is moved southward, and the trajectory of the storms is changed from west-north-west across the Orissa coast to west across the Peninsula. In the third place, the Carnatic becomes the seat of heavy and continued rainfall.

The western side of the Peninsula experiences perhaps less change of wea-

ther than other parts of the Indian region, as the wind remains westerly and rain

falls moderately frequently. During the month just passed this regularity of change has been less marked than is normally the case. At first conditions were apparently progressing satisfactorily. The low pressure area moved southward down the Bay, and about the 14th a well-marked depression which was seemingly determining the

commencement of the north-east monsoon was reported from the Madras coast. The vitality and course (subsequently given) of this storm were, however, in a high degree inimical to the development of the particular conditions with which are associated a satisfactory north-east monsoon and good rains on the Coromandel coast, and the second half of October which ordinarily sees almost daily rainfall in the Carnatic was marked this year by an almost complete absence of rain from all Madras coast stations south of Masulipatam.

Pressure.—The barometric abnormals of the month showed that pressure was below the normal average over a large area, which included roughly Oudh, the east of the North-West and Central Provinces, the Eastern Deccan, the Circars, the west and north of the Bay, the whole of the Province of Bengal, Assam and part of Arrakan. Over the whole of this region there was a deficiency of pressure, the point of greatest depression lying over the north-west of the Bay and off the Orissa coast. On all sides of the area of deficient pressure the baromete exceeded the normal, the greatest excess being reported from the stations of Jacobabad, Ratnagiri, Cochin, Colombo and Moulmein.

Temperature.—The temperature conditions during a large part of the past month have been very unusual. The first indication of the abnormal lowness which has prevailed was, if the Quetta observations be correct, given in Baluchistan, where both the day and night temperatures showed an unusual coolness, quite at the commencement of the month. Subsequently very low night temperatures were reported from Upper and Central India, but the day temperatures were unaffected until about the 13th, when both the maximum and minimum temperatures fell below the normal average. The remarkable depression of temperature which subsequently set in lasted over nearly the whole of India until almost the close of the month, and during its continuance lower night temperatures were recorded at several stations than any previously registered in October. The following table shows the variation of the mean temperature for each week and for the month from the normal mean:—

	DIPPERENC	DIFFERENCE OF MEAN TEMPERATURE FROM NORMAL FOR WEEK ENDING OCTOBER						
PROVINCE.	7th.	14th.	21st.	28th.	from the normal for the month.			
Burma	0.8	+0'9	+0'5	-0.6	─0.1			
North-Western Provinces	+0.6	+0'9	-0.3	+1.6	+0.4			
Puniab	-0.6	-1.5	-2·6 -4·7	-1.1	-0.4			
Bombay	1,0-	+00	4 /	-3.1	-2.0			
Central Provinces and Berar	+06	+0.0	+0.3	-4'3	-0.8			
Guzerat and Central India	+1'3	+0.8	-1'3	5'4	245			
Sind and Rajputana	0.4	-1.0	4.2	-5'1	8.6			
Madras	0'4	+0'2	-0.7	-1.1	0:3			

Barometric depressions and cyclonic storms of the month.—There were four depressions during the month, of which only that formed over the Bay between the 13th and 15th of October and which subsequently passed over the Peninsula and Central Provinces, was of any importance.

- r. Shallow depression of the 3rd to the 6th October.—A very shallow depression formed over the north-west of the Bay on the 3rd, when rain was falling at Saugor Island and at the Orissa and Circars coast stations. The disturbance subsequently moved southward and developed somewhat, and the rainfall became heavier on the Orissa and North Madras coast districts, but the disturbance was unaccompanied by any definite cyclonic movements of the winds. On the 5th the disturbance had become much smaller, and on the 6th it had practically disappeared.
- 2. Small depression of the 5th to 7th October.—The chart of the 5th showed a small shallow depression near Karwar. This depression subsequently

passed northward along the Bombay coast, reaching Bombay on the 6th and probably Kattiawar on the 8th. It occasioned unsettled weather on the North Konkan coast and a strong south-east wind.

3. Important depression of 13th to 22nd of October.—On the 13th there was a slight tendency to the formation of a depression in the Bay of Bengal off the Coromandel coast. On the 14th the storm had developed a good deal, and the centre lay off the coast between Madras and Nellore. During the 24 hours succeeding 8 A. M. on the 14th the depression apparently underwent no change either in position or character, but during the 15th the centre crossed the coast, and by 8 A. M. on the 16th was advancing west-north-westward towards the Bellary and Cuddapah districts. The storm already showed signs of intensifying and the pressure at Madras was & of an inch below the normal. By 8 A. M. on the 17th the storm centre had reached the neighbourhood of Belgaum, where the barometer read nearly 3" below the normal average. Strongish cyclonic winds prevailed over the Peninsula, and near the storm centre the force of the wind was high and rising. During the next 24 hours, vis., from 8 A. M. 17th to 8 A. M. 18th, the storm centre moved very slowly northward passing over Belgaum, but travelling only to a slight distance to the north-westward of that station. Cyclonic winds consequently still circulated around this centre, the force being strong to a gale. The chart of the 19th showed that the storm had begun to fill up, and that it had moved north-eastward to the neighbourhood of Sholapur. Strong cyclonic winds continued over the Peninsula. The next day's chart showed that the storm had continued to advance in a north-easterly or east north-easterly direction, and had continued to fill up. By the morning of the 21st the centre was near Raipur, and by the morning of the 22nd the storm had either filled up or become merged in a fresh depression which then covered the north of the Bay.

The disturbance, the course of which has just been traced, was an exceedingly influential one, and one which directly or indirectly has exercised an important influence on the weather. Its primary effect was to produce conditions favourable to rainfall on the Madras coast, but its subsequent course was such as to produce dry south-westerly and westerly winds over the Carnatic, so that instead of the normal rains fine weather was experienced.

(4) Small depression of the 22nd to the 27th October.—On the 22nd a large shallow area of deficient pressure was shewn over the head of the Bay, the Circars, Orissa, and Arrakan. By the morning of the 23rd, the depression had increased, and a squally cyclonic circulation prevailed at the head of the Bay. During the next 24 hours there was very little change, but by 8 A.M. on the 25th the storm had become slightly deeper and had commenced an easterly movement across the head of the Bay. The chart of the 26th showed very little change, but by the 27th, the centre of the storm had reached South-East Bengal, and a squally cyclonic circulation of the winds prevailed. The storm subsequently broke up in East Bengal and Assam.

Rainfall.—The above remarks show that the Bay area, the Peninsula, the Central Provinces, and Bengal, were affected by fairly numerous depressions of fair intensity, but that North-Western India lay beyond the scope of their action. The rainfall of the month agrees with this distribution of atmospheric disturbance. North-Western India and the Gangetic plain, including the Punjab, the North-Western Provinces, Behar, Rajputana, Sind, and Cutch, reporting little or no rain, while all the other provinces show good or excessive rains.

During the first week of the month the rainfall was excessive over the west coast districts, over a large part of the Central Provinces, and in the north of Madras, but was deficient over the greater part of India. In North-Western India there was no rain. The second week of the month showed very similar conditions. The storm of the third week hardly altered the relative distribution of rainfall, but intensified the excess over the Peninsula, and the central parts of

the country. The following table shows some of the amounts which were received over the peninsula during the progress of this storm:—

	S	tation				D	Amount, inches			
Vayitri	4					Calicut .				23
Karkal .	B. IF					South Kanara				16
Gudapur	•		•	•		Nilgris .	•			10
Verogendr.	apet					Coorg .				II
Kumpta						North Kanara				15
Yellamanc	hili					Vizagapatam				12
Narsapur				0	a	Godavery .				131
Repalli						Kistna .			. :	124
Ongoli						Nellore .				10
Ponnery				•		Chingleput				13

In the fourth week the area over which the weather was exceptionally fine increased, and the only regions showing any important excess were Burma, Bengal and the Central Provinces. In the two former regions this excess was occasioned by the storm which formed over the head of the Bay and passed into East Bengal, and the largest amounts received were as follows:—

Station.								Amount				
Maungdaw							Akyab .		•			71
Kushak							Tipperah .		0			11
Perozepore							Backerguni					12
Munshiguni							Dacca .					8
Bagirhat							Khoolna .					O.k
Madaripur							Faridpur .					71
Bashirhat			0				24-Pergunna	hs				111
Sope .					•		Pooree .			•		121

The following table gives complete data, and shows the actual average rainfall and the normal rainfall of the month of the 21 districts into which the country is divided, so far as it is indicated by the telegraphic reports of a few stations in each district.

Districts.	Number of Stations.	Normal Average Rainfall in October.	Actual Average Rainfall in October 1889.	Difference from the Average in October 1889.
Punjab, West	7	0.33	0	-0'32
East	4	0.40	0	-0.40
North-Western Provinces, Trans-				
Gangetic	8	1'35	0.03	-1.33
North-Western Provinces, Cis-Gan-				- 55
getic	3	0.00	0'32	-0.64
Behar	2	2.75	0.28	-2.17
North Bengal ,	3.	4'11	1.22	-2.26
Assam—Cachar	3 8	4'49	3.67	-0.82
Lower Bengal and Chutia Nagpur.	8	4'53	5'19	+0.66
Orispa-North Circars	5	8.43	12.48	+4'05
Central Provinces, South	7	2'35	2.61	+0.26
Berar-Khandeish	2	3.59	3.48	+0.10
Rajputana, Central India, Saugor		7.75		
and Nerbudda	9	1.04	0'71	-0.33
Sind-Cutch	3	0	0	0
Guserat	3	0.85	1.30	+035
Konkan	4	3'93	5'40	+1'47
Deccan-Hyderabad	5	4'33	6.27	+ 1'94
Malabar	5	9.53	11.26	+2.03
Mysore—Bellary	4	7.63	7.57	-0.00
Lower Burma	0	8.05	619	-1.86
Ceylon	7	7.72	8.45	+0.73
Ceyton	1	12.09	14.99	+ 3.90

W. L. DALLAS, for Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

SIMLA;
The 25th November 1889.

Weather Review of India for the week ending 8 a.m. on Monday, November 25th, 1889.

Very unsettled and abnormal weather has prevailed over the eastern half of the Indian region during the week under review. The cyclonic storm, which was noticed off the Madras coast at the close of the previous week, advanced slowly up the Bay, hugging the west coast, during the present week. A cyclonic circulation of strongish winds prevailed around it. The winds to the southward of the centre blowing across India were dry, and hence the weather over the Carnatic, though cloudy, was fair, but those to the northward of the centre coming from a sea area, reached the coast heavily laden with moisture and gave torrential rains to large tracts of country. After the dispersion of the depression the weather throughout the Bay area and over the south of the Peninsula remained for a day or two in a showery and slightly unsettled state, but pressure eventually assumed the distribution it had prior to the appearance of the storm described above and fair to fine weather prevailed throughout the Indian re-

The chart of the 19th showed that the storm, the centre of which on the 18th lay off the coast between Madras and Nellore, had advanced slowly on a north-north-east course, and that the centre of disturbance lay to the east of Vizagapatam, where the barometer marked 29'596" and showed a deficiency, compared with the normal average, of three and a half tenths of an inch. The highest pressure reported (excluding Ajmere, where the pressure is doubtful) on this day was 30'030" at Jeypore, so that there existed a difference of 0'434" over India, which is unusually large at this season. Strong cyclonic winds prevailed around the storm area, and the winds over the greater part of the Indian region were more or less affected by the disturbance. A slight northerly gale was reported from Gopalpore and fresh winds from Saugor Island, Raipur, Bombay, and Colombo. By the morning of the 20th, the storm centre lay midway between Vizagapatam and Gopalpore, and apparently just off the coast. The lowest reading reported on this day was slightly higher than the lowest on the preceding day, but the general intensity of the disturbance was unaltered. A severe easterly gale had prevailed at Gopalpore, where the velocity during the after-noon and night of the 19th had averaged 60 to 66 miles per hour. Strong cyclonic winds prevailed all round the Bay, and gales were reported from some central stations. On the morning of the 21st there was still a good deal of irregular cyclonic circulation around the head of the Bay and a shallow low pressure area over the Bay, but the storm had to a great extent broken up and the winds had fallen much lighter. The chart of the 22nd showed that the barometer was rising in nearly all parts of the Indian region. The rise was apparently greater over the Bay than elsewhere, so that the barometric gradient had decreased and the wind, except at one or two stations, had fallen light. Around the Bay an irregular cyclonic movement still continued. On the morning of the 23rd the barometer was still rising almost everywhere, and pressure continued to advance in the direction of general uniformity. Steady north-easterly winds pre-vailed over the Central Provinces and on the west coast of the Peninsula, but elsewhere the directions were very variable and numerous calms were reported from Northern India. The charts of the 24th and 25th showed small barometric changes and very settled conditions. Pressure was lowest over the Bay and highest over North-Western India, but the difference was small and the winds were light. There was an abnormal amount of westing in the wind directions along

the west coast of the Bay, but elsewhere the directions were fairly normal.

Temperature.—In Bengal, the North-Western Provinces, the Central Provinces, and Madras, the weather has been abnormally warm throughout the week. In the other Provinces the first three or four days of the week were cool, the amount of the coolness gradually decreasing, till after the middle of the week the deficiency of temperature disappeared, and was replaced by a slight excess.

Eine e ven Wordenberridge

The following table shows the variations of the mean temperature of the present and of the past week from the normal average:—

	Pr	Difference of mean temperature of last week from normal.	Oifference of mear temperature of present week from normal.			
					0	0
Burma					-0.8	-0'3
Bengal					4 2 8	+2'7
North-Western Prov	inces				+ 2'3	+3.3
Punjab					-0.8	-0.2
Bombay					-2.3	-1.3
Central Provinces	•				-115	+1'4
Guzerat and Central					-2.3	-06
Sind and Rajputana					-1·6	-0.6
Madras					+1'3	+14

This table shows that the mean temperature compared with the normal of the time of year is rising except in Bengal and the North-Western Provinces, where it is stationary. The greatest excess over the normal is in Bengal, where the cloudy state of the sky has prevented free radiation and produced high night temperatures.

Rain.—As mentioned above, the Bay area has been the seat of unsettled weather, and the Bay and its neighbourhood, except Burma and the Carnatic, have received more than their normal amount of rain. The greatest excess is reported from the North Circars and Orissa, where the easterly gales, prevailing to the northward of the storm which travelled up the Bay, brought up abnormally heavy rain. In Orissa the rainfall of the week exceeded forty-fourfold the small amount

which is normally received during this week.

The daily distribution of rainfall was as follows:—On the 19th rain had fallen generally in Ceylon and the south of the Peninsula; one or two local showers had occurred on the east side of the Peninsula and general showers had fallen in Bengal. On the 20th rain had ceased in the south of the Peninsula, but slight showers had occurred on the Circars coast, very heavy rain over Orissa and Ganjam and moderately heavy rain over the head of the Bay. Slight showers were again reported from a few places in Bengal. On the 21st heavyish rain was falling in Orissa and at some places in Lower Bengal, but elsewhere any rainfall was light and scattered. The chart of the 22nd showed that the only heavy rain had occurred at Diamond Island, but that showers had fallen in Upper Burma, Assum, Lower Bengal, and at several stations in the east and south of the Peninsula. By the morning of the 23rd rain had ceased to the north of the Bay, but scattered showers had fallen at several places in the Peninsula. The rainfall of the 24th and 25th was very slight and scattered.

The table at the close of the summary shows that the regions of excessive rainfall are, Arrakan, Cachar, Eastern and Lower Bengal, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, the Circars, Madras Central, and Hyderabad South, and to a limited extent Malabar. In all other parts of the Indian region the rainfall of the week has been deficient and over the whole of the Gangetic plain, Upper India, Sind, Central India, the Central Provinces, and the Konkan, there has been no rain. The east of the Central Provinces participated in the heavy rainfall of the east of the Penin-

sula and Malabar had a small local excess of half a tenth of an inch.

In the Carnatic the rainfall continues largely deficient, the east coast central division has received little more than 1, the east coast south division little more than 1, and Madras south division little more than 3 of the normal amount. In Burma the only rainfall was in Arrakan and the Upper Provinces.

The maximum falls reported in Bengal, Orissa and the Circars are interesting. The largest are in Orissa and Ganjam, where Sompet received 20½ inches, Pooree 13 inches, Cuttack 8 inches, Banki 5 inches, and Balasore 3½ inches during the week. Next after these are the falls in Eastern and Deltaic Bengal of which the most important are:—3 inches at Jessore and between 2 and 2½ inches at Bhola (Backergunj), Munshigunj (Dacca), and Contai (Midnapur). Heavyish rainfall connected with this disturbance apparently extended westward as far as the Sambalpur division of the Central Provinces, where Raigarh received 1½ inch.

			E DATA FOR TH NOVE		RAINFALL DATA FROM OCTOBER 15TH TO 25TH NOVEMBER 1889.			
Province.	Division.	Average actual rainfall of Division.	Average normal rainfall of Division.	Excess or defect in inches.	Average actual rainfall of season to date.	Average normal rainfall, October 15th to 25th Nov- ember.	Excess or defect of (seasonal) rainfall expressed as a per- centage.	
		Inches.	Inches,	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Per cent.	
	Terrorrain							
	Tenasserim	0	0.36	-0.36 -0.36	7'12.	4.88 5 67	+236	
BURMA	Central do	1 -	0.36	-0.36	6.06	3.00		
	Upper do	0.19	?	?	3'44	3 90	+ 55	
(Arakan	1,00	0	+1:09	7.39	5'35	+ 38	
/	Eastern Bengal	106	0.53	+0.83	7:33	3.21	+100	
	Assam (Surma)	0.53	10.0	+0'22	4'53	3'48	+ 30	
	Do. (Brahmaputra)	0.03	-0.5 I	-0.10	1'26	2.30	- 44	
1	Deltaic Bengal	1.08	0.03	+1105	9.23	3.81	+239	
BENGAL AND ASSAM	Central do North do	0.01	0	+0.30	3'74	2.39	+ 56	
1	Orissa	6.57	0'01	+6.42	0.00	2:38	- 71 +226	
	Chutia Nagpur .	0'54	0.01	+0'53	2'99	4'73	+ 90	
	Behar (South)	0	0.01	-0.01	0'54	1'42	- 62	
1	Do. (North)	0	0,01	-0.01	0'42	1.30	- 67	
1	North-Western Provinces							
111.7	(East) .	0	0.00	-0.06	1'23	0.88	+ 4	
1	Oudh (South)	-0	0	0	0'05	e'33	- 85	
North-Western	Do. (North)		0	0	0.04	0.11	- 64	
PROVINCES AND	(Central)	1 0	0102	-0'D2	0'01	p'38	- 97	
Own.	North-Western Provinces				1		1	
ال داد	(West)	0	0,01	-0.01	0	0.02	-100	
And Esty.	(Sub-montane)	D	0:03	-0:03	0'14	0,31	- 55	
2	Punjab (South)	0	002	-0.03	0	0,10	-100	
	Do. (Central)	0	0.03	-0'02	0	0.30	-100	
PUNIAR .	Do. (Sub-montane)	۵	0.00	-0.00	0	0.00	-100	
	Do. (Hill Districts)	0	0,08	-0.08	0	0'45	-100	
	Do. (North-West) . Do. (West) .	0	0.11	-0'11	10,0	0.12	199	
	Malabar	10144		Lator				
	Madras (South Central)	0'44	0.39	+0.02	10'68	9'45	+ 13	
-	Coorg	0	0,40	-0.53	4'74 11'54	9°49 8°05	+ 43	
BONBAY AND MALA-	Mysore	0'30	0'38	-0.00	2'07	3.66	- 44	
TRICTS (MADRAS).	Konkan	0.0	0'07	-0'07	4'84	1.01	+153	
TRICES (MADRAS).	Bombay—Deccan	0.11	0.30	0.00	5.08	3.11	+ 63	
(Hyderabad (North) . Khandeish	-0	0.18	-0.18	1'86	2152	So	
7	Berar							
CENTRAL PROVIN-	Central Provinces (West)	0	0.10	-0.10	3'14	0.08	+ 62	
CES AND BERAR.	Do. (Central		0.00	-0.00	1.43	0.85	+102	
(.Do. (Hast)	0.21	.0:04	+0:47	1197	1'04	+ 80	
(Guzerat		0'04	-0.04	0'02	0.45	- 96	
BOMBAY (NORTH)	Kattiawar	0	0'02	0'02		0'24	-100	
.(Sind	0	0.03	-0.03	.0	0.02	L00	
	Central India (East)	0	600	-0°06	0'13 4	0'52	- 75	
RAJPUTANA AND	Rajputana (East), Central							
CENTRAL INDIA.	India (West)	0	0,01	-0'01 -0'01	0	0,11	-100	
The east		1						
William F mist	East Coast (North) . North) (a)	4'47 I'20	101	+346	12136	7'13	+ 42	
1.71.3 1.11.1	Hyderabad (South)	0'41	0'07	+0'34	3.46	1 87	+ 31	
MADRAS	Madras (Central)	O'55	0,40	+0.12	4.26	3,80	+ 17	
ARAMIT FINEER	East Coast (Central)	0'41	1.21	-1'10	8.30	11'33	- 23	
dittil motsivi	Do. (South)	0'29	0.60	-0.45	0 00	9'77	- 56 - 64	
AND THE PARTY AREST !								

W. L. DALLAS,

SIMLA, 28th November, 1889.

Assistant Meteorological Reporter to the Government of India.

E. C. BUCK,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

Weekly Report on the State of the Season and Prospects of the Crops.

Madras.—For week ending 30th November.—No rain in Ganjam, Madras, and Trichinopoly, moderate in Vizagapatam and Nilgiris; slight elsewhere. Rain greatly wanted in Nellore, Chingleput, North Arcot, South Arcot, Tanjore, Trichinopoly, Madura, Tinnevelly, Coimbatore and Salem where standing crops are withering. Crops generally good in other districts. Paddy affected by disease in parts of Godavery, Cuddapah, South Arcot, and Tinnevelly. Prices generally rising or stationary. 229 labourers employed on minor relief works in Ganjam. Prospects generally favourable except in Chingleput and North Arcot where failure of crops is apprehended over considerable areas unless early rain falls.

Bombay.—For week ending 4th December.—Slight rain in parts of Karnatak; more needed for late crops in several districts. Standing crops in a few places damaged by locusts or disease, otherwise generally good. Cotton prospects favourable except in parts of Broach. Harvesting and sowing operations generally progressing. Opium sowing commenced in Baroda. Fodder generally sufficient and agricultural stock healthy.

Bengal.—For week ending 3rd December.—No rain during the week. The fine weather was favourable to all crops. Not much damage is said to have been done to the crops by the recent heavy rain. In Orissa, where there was a storm and the rainfall was exceptionally heavy, the loss of the rice crop is estimated at from two to four annas, and, in Cuttack, that of the rabi crops at about eight annas. The rabi crops are being re-sown in some districts. Harvesting of rice is proceeding, and a fair average outturn is expected in most districts. The rabi and poppy crops throughout Behar are favourably reported of. Tobacco is a promising crop, as also ganja in the Rajshahye district. Sugarcane is doing well. Prices of rice are steadily falling in the Behar districts generally, and a slight decline is also reported from some other districts.

North-Western Provinces and Oudh.—For week ending 4th December.—Cold dry weather with occasional clouds. Agricultural prospects generally favourable. Poppy sowings progressing. Rabi being irrigated. Locusts are again reported in pargana Jhansi and they have appeared also in four parganas of Cawnpore and one of the Banda District. Markets are well supplied and except in Benares, where a smart rise is reported, prices are steady.

Punjab.—For week ending 4th December.—No rain. Prices rising in Rawalpindi, falling in Multan, stationary elsewhere. Harvesting of kharif crops nearly over. Cotton being picked and sugarcane pressed in Sialkot. Rabi sowings still going on. Rain badly wanted for rabi sowings in all districts. Prospects of standing crops are average. Outturn of kharif is reported below average in Amballa. Fodder sufficient throughout the province.

Central Provinces.—For week ending 4th December.—Weather clear and cold. Kharif harvestings continue, outturn good. Wheat and other rabic crops in good condition, but a little rain is now required for them in some places. Prices steady.

Burma.—For week ending 30th November.—There was a little rain in Rangoon and Tavoy but nowhere else in Lower Burma. A little rain fell in several districts in Upper Burma. In Lower Burma the crop prospect is good. The crop will be short in three districts in Upper Burma, elsewhere the pros-

pect is generally good. The price of paddy has fallen in eight districts, in one prices have risen considerably, elsewhere no change is reported.

Assam.—For week ending 4th December.—Weather seasonable. Harvesting of winter paddy continues. Sowing of mustard nearly finished. Prospects of tea good

Mysore and Coorg.—For week ending December.—Slight rain reported in parts of the Mysore State. Crops good except in parts of the Bangalore and Kolar districts where more rain is still wanted. Harvesting continues in parts. Prospects generally favourable. Prices slightly fallen in the Kadur district.

Standing crops doing well in Coorg. Prices stationary.

Berar and Hyderabad.—For week ending 4th December.—In Berar the weather is clear and cold. Picking of cotton continues. Fowari ripening and will soon be cut. Rabi in good condition. Cutting of sesamum commenced in some places. Prices almost stationary. Fodder sufficient.

No rain during week at Hyderabad. Crops thriving. Sowing of rabi crops continues. Outturn of kharif crops estimated at twelve annas in some places and in others at eight annas in the rupee. Prices stationary.

Central India.—For week ending 4th December.—No change in condition of crops and weather since last week's report.

Rajputana.—For week ending 4th December.—Agricultural operations satisfactory. Standing crops generally good except in Dholepur. Agricultural stock good. Pasturage and fodder sufficient generally; dear in Marwar and failing in Dholepur. Prices steady generally.

Nepal.—For week ending 28th November.—No rain. Weather cold and partly cloudy during two days in this week. Potato progressing.

E. C. BUCK,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE 2nd HALF OF OCTOBER 1889.

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E. J. SINKINSON, Secretary to the Government of

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### GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT. RAILWAY TRAFFIC.

No. XXXII of 1889-90.

### APPROXIMATE STATEMENT OF GROSS RECEIPTS AND EXPENSES OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

N.B.—As regards the figures in column Total Receipts from 1st April to date, audited figures have been used, as far as possible.

		NO	K ENDING VEMBER, 1	888.	NO	K ENDING (VEMBER, 18	89.	TOTAL RECEIPTS I IST APRIL TO NOVEMBER.	ROM	TOTAL RECEIPTS F IST APRIL TO NOVEMBER.	HTO		
Latest Return received.	RAILWAYS.	Total mean length open.	Total.	Per mile open.	Total mean length epen.	Total.	Per mile open.	Total.	Per mile open per week.	Total.	Per mile open per week.	Total Increase in 1889-90.	Total Decrease In 1889-90
	State Lines worked by		R	R		R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
10th ditto .:	Companies East Indian Patna-Gya Diddrnagar-Gházipur Sindia Rajputana-Malwa Bengal-Nágpur (d) Southern Mahratta(f) Ditto Mysore Sec-	1,514 57 12 75 1,664 183 854	7,85,609 8,022 611 7,125 3,39,575 19,713 74,842	519 141 51 95 204 108 88	1,672 305 978	(a) 8,91,741 10,129 (b) (c) 3,66,000 (e)33,979 72,123	584 178  219 111 74	2,56,61,528 3,04,247 39,927 2,18,237 1,08,97,009 8,62,004 23,89,571	530 106 104 91 205 145 87	(a)2,57,71,980 2,80,515 (b) (c) 1,14,43,886 (c)10,44,783 24,37,418	528 157  215 109 87	1,10,452  5,46,877 1,82,779 47,847	17,732 39,927 2,18,237
16th ditto	tion Indian Midland Villupuram-Guntakal,	140 430 81	8,530	72 63	296 746	25,360 (g)66,287	86 89	3,61,302 4,06,864		5,67,157 (g)17,20,542	71 80	2,05,855 13,13,678	042
9th ditto .	Nellore Branch Barcilly-Pilibhit	36	1,071	49 48	83 36	4,053 2,080	49 58	1,52,297 48,536	57 43	1,52,848 60,190	58 54	11,654	011
	, Total .	4,754	12,59,925	265	5,699	14,71,752	258	4,13,41,522	272	4,34,85,319	249	21,43,797	,
16th Nov., 1889 16th ditto 16th ditto 16th ditto 16th ditto 16th ditto	Oudh and Rohilkhand Bengal Central Wardha Coal Eastern Bengal Nalháti	2,469 692 125 45 673 27 273	5,30,615 1,25,340 14,011 18,626 2,40,983 1,840 28,176	215 181 112 414 358 68 103	2,478 692 125 45 747 27 273	5,54,383 1,57,027 18,270 15,860 2,93,950 1,420 59,117	224 227 846 352 393 53 217	1,53,55,944 40,75,881 4,45,317 4,60,559 64,02,308 60,864 9,77,036	194 184 111 320 297 70 120	1,67,41,253 45,34,713 4,65,868 4,69,450 65,86,500 57,973 11,48,046	212 206 416 327 288 67	13,85,309 4,58,832 20,551 8,891 3,78,192	2,891
16th ditto 16th ditto 16th ditto 16th ditto	Lucknow-Sitapur-Sib- ramau Jorhát Cherra-Companyganj. Burma (i)	105 25 7 392	3,810 869 303 64,413	36 35 43 164	105 25 7 553	7,224 989 400 1,00,534	69 40 57 182	1,52,006 37,551 4,606 17,69,742	45 47 21 149	1,91,963 38,324 5,768 27,64,300	57 48 26 16a	39,957 773 1,102 9,94,558	400
	TOTAL .	4,833	10,28,886	213	5,077	12,09,174	238	2,97,41,814	193	3,29,98,158	205	32,56,344	
16th Nov., 1889 16th ditto 9th ditto	Lines worked by Gua- ranteed Companies  Madras South Indian Great Indian Peninsula Bombay, Baroda and Central India (4)	840 654 1,504	1,45,999 93,946 (j) 5,78,644 1,91,978	174 144 385 416	840 654 1,447 461	1,77,425 1,03,488 (k)6,72,655 2,31,000	211 158 465	51,86,663 34,08,162 (7)2,43,38,424 73,58,947	193 163 506	56,72,401 35,69,822 (*)1,89,34,707 75,26,225		4,85,738 1,61,660	54,03,717
	TOTAL .	3,459	10,10,507	292	3,402	11,84,568	348		364	3,57,03,155	329	1,00,170	45,88,141
STATE) .	AL (GUARANTEED AND	13,046	32,99,378	253	14,178	38,65,494	273	11,13,74,632 5,80,98,366	267 139	11,21,86,632	253 132	8,12,000 5,17,133	,,,
	NET RECEIPTS .				160	:.		5,32,76,266	128	5,35,71,133	121	2,94,867	
16th Nov., 1889 9th ditto	Dibru-Sadiya Bengal and North-	22 78	4,986 9,083	227 116	22 78	6,054 8,687	275	1,72,141 2,75,340	245 110		241 119	20,715	3,443
9th dicto .	Western . Rohilkhand-Kumaun .	376 67		185	376 67	58,440 13,473	155	13,78,511 2,32,680	112		122	72,376 18,528	
	TOTAL .	543	60,348	111	543	86,654	160	20,58,672	118	21,66,748	125	1,08,076	
16th Nov., 1889 16th ditto	Native States. His Highness the Nizam's Guaranteed His Highness the Gaekwar's . His Highness the	310 59		98	354 59	31,967	147	10,13,051 78,591	109		122	3,67,340	***
	Gaekwar's Viramgam Mehsana-Vadnagar		598	28	27	950	35	27,487	41	31,916	37	4,429	***
16th ditto . 16th ditto . 16th ditto .	Bhávanagar-Gondal- Junágarh-Porbandar Morvi Jodhpore	209 68 124	1,840	70 27 43	329 68 124	24,406 2,581	74	6,01,237 1,05,837 2,11,929	95	7,76,736	89 53 53		3,621
	TOTAL .	79 I	54,607	69	961	91,234	95	20,38,132	84	25,94,370	90 .	5,56,238	

Includes the Dildarnagar-Ghazipur State Railway.
Included with East Indian Railway.
Included with Indian Midland Railway.
Includes the Katni-Umaria Branch.
Includes the Sanctoria Coal Section of the Bengal-Nagpur Railway.
Includes the Bellary-Kistna State Railway.
Includes the Sindia and Bhopal-Itarsi State Railways.

(h) Includes the Amritsar-Pathánkot and Rajpura-Bhatinda State Railways.
(i) Includes the Toungoo-Mandalay extension.
(j) Includes the Dhond-Manmád, Khámgaon, Amraoti and Bhopal-Itársi State Railways.
(k) Includes the Dhond-Manmád, Khámgaon and Amraoti State Railways.
(l) Includes the Patri Branch.

M. C. BRACKENBURY, Major, R.E., Under-Secretary.





### SUPPLEMENT TO

### The Gazette of India.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1889 No. 50.3

### OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The Debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the Supplement separately on a payment of five Rupees per annum it delivered in Calcutta, or eight Rupees if sent by Post. The Supplement and PART VI of the GAZETTE can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta or Rupees nine if sent by Post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE or India is required by Law, or which it has been ustomary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE, will be included in the Supplement. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

### GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

### DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

REPORT ON THE OPERATIONS OF THE SAVINGS BANKS IN INDIA FOR THE YEAR 1888-80.

No. 6308, dated Calcutta, the 13th December 1889. ORDER -By the Government of India, Department of Finance and Commerce.

Read Report by the Comptroller and Auditor General, on the operations of the Savings Banks in India for the year 1888-89, and annexed statements.

Ordered that the report and the statements be published in the Gasette of India for general information.

E. LAWRENCE,

Under-Secretary to the Government of India.

No 117, dated Calcutta, the 4th December 1889.

Prom—E. GAY, Fsq., Comptroller and Audit or General,
To—The Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Finance and Commerce.

I have the honour to submit my report on the working of the Savings Banks in India for the year 1888-89. With the exception of a few which have been established exclusively for the benefit of certain special classes of Government employés, such as Railway non-pensionable servants, Civil Engineers and non-commissioned officers and privates of British Regiments, these Banks are open to the public, and, judging from the yearly increase in the number of depositors, seem to be steadily gaining in popularity. As before Bombay shows a larger number of depositors and average deposit balance than any other province.

2. I annex the usual statements, marked I to VII, containing the account's and statistics for the year. It will be seen that on the 31st March 1889 there were 6,237 Savings Banks in India maintained by Government, consisting of

383,471 accounts which earned interest from Government to the amount of R26,14,830, and owned balances at their credit aggregating R7,62,58,967 exclusive of Government securities of the value of R4,81,400 held in custody by Government on behalf of depositors. There has thus been an increase this year of 85 in the number of Banks and 51,295 in the number of depositors as compared with 1887-88. During the year under review the receipts and withdrawals and interest exceeded those of last year by R66,61,650, R59,61,570, and R3,76,221 respectively.

3. The tranactions of the several classes of Banks are shewn in the following

table :-

DESCRIPTION OF BANKS.	Number of Banks.	Number of Depositors.	Interest earned.	Bank Balances.	Nominal value of Government Promissory Notes held for depositors.
F &	F C1	,	R	R	R
Presidency, Calcutta Ditto, Madras Ditto, Bombay Railway Civil Engineers' Military Post Office	1 1 12 1 165 6,056	10,931 3,295 25,230 14,372 500 18,142 311,001	25,525 2,97,176 95,491 36,963 70,430 19,87,896	26,98.378 7,21,167 81,86,940 32,94,805 10,78,619 13:53:779 5,89,25,279	30,000 9,500 19,400 18,000
TOTAL .	6,237	383,471	26,14,830	7,62,58,967	4,81,400

4. The subjoined statement compares the figures for the year under report with those of last year for each class of Bank. The improvement in the Post Office Banks is greater even than last year, but as, since the 1st April, the yearly as well as the total limits of deposits have been ordered to be reduced, a check to this increase may in future be expected, and in the six months already elapsed has actually occurred. The increase in the Railway and Civil Engineers' Provident Institutions is normal as explained in the last report. The Presidency Banks, Calcutta and Madras, show a falling-off owing to depositors having shewn a preference for the Presidency Post Office Banks, but the Presidency Bank, Bombay, which shewed a considerable reduction in 1887-88, has greatly increased this year, notwithstanding that the balance in the Post Office Bank in Bombay has also increased by four lakhs. The fluctuations in the Military Banks are, as usual, dependent on the movement of troops.

Names of Banks,		BER OF NKS.		WER OF	BANK BA	ALA NCES.	PROS	RMMENT (1880RY OTES,	Average 17088	OF BEFOR
	Increase,	Decrease,	Increase.	Decrease.	Increase.	Decrease,	Increase.	Dutrease.	Increase,	Decrease.
Presidency, Cal-					R	R	R	R	R	R
cutta Ditto Madras Ditto Bombay		000	50	166	1,02,181	60,149 65,150	13,400 ,8,500	000	9	7
Cailway Civil Engineers' . Military	400 400	5	35	161	9,86,852	1,20,004	5,600	***	50 446	
Post Office.	90	5	51,622	327	97,40,955	2,45,303	27,800	2,200	•••	4

5. The investments by depositors in Government Promissory Notes continue to rise as indicated in Statement VI, and from Statement VII, which gives particulars by Provinces of Presidency and Post Office Savings Banks combined, it will be observed that the general growth of depositors' balances is spread over all the Provinces.

6. My dedgers relating to the Railway and Civil Engineers' Provident Institutions have been agreed with the accounts kept by the Accountant General, Public Works Department, and the Examiners of the Accounts of the several State Railways, but the Finance and Revenue Accounts are not finally closed and the figures supplied by those officers are subject to revision.

### Statement I,

### Number of Working Banks and of the Depositors therein on 31st March 1888-89.

	NUMBER OF BANK		OF DEP		Increased (+)	AVERAGE N DEPOSITORS	UMBER OF PER BANK.
Banks.	1888.	1889.	1888.	1889.	(—) in number of Depositors.	1888.	1889.
BANKS OPEN TO THE PUBLIC-							
Presidency Banks							
Calcutta	1	1	10,881	10,931	+50		
Madras • • •	1	1	3,461	3,295	-166		
Bombay	I	1	25,061	25,230	+ 169	•••	• • •
Post Office Banks	5,966	6,056	261,157	311,001	+49,844	43	51
TOTAL .	5,969	6,059	300,560	350,457	+49,897		•••
1986 at -1 -35-							
SERVICE INSTITUTIONS-	*.				,		
State Railway Provident Institu-	12	12	12,848	14,372	+1,524	1,070	1,197
Civil Engineers' Provident Fund.	1	1	465	500	+35		
Military Banks	170	165	18,303	18,142	-161	107	109
TOTAL	183	178	31,616	33,014	+1,398	•••	
GRAND TOTAL	6,152	6,237	332,176	383,471	51,295	000	• • •

### Number of Depositors in the several classes of Banks from 1878.79 to 1888-89.

BANKS.	<b>16</b> 78-79.	1879-80.	1880-81.	1881-82,	1882-83.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1885-86.	1886-87.	1887-88.	1888-89
BANKS OPEN TO THE PUBLIC—			,								
Presidency Banks-											
Calcutta	12,320	9,926	10,283	11,063	11,850	11,912	12,016	11,546	11,155	10,881	10,931
Madras	11,740	12,344	13,737	15,187	10,597	10,826	11,120	10,126	3.713	3,461	3,295
Bombay	30,761	32,751	37.186	42,206	43,145	46,120	48,535	48,428	26,700	25,061	25,230
Post Office Banks	***	***	***	414	39,121	84,848	122,599	1,55,009	219,010	261,157	311,001
District Banks	13,040	14,983	18,977	21,880	21,972	<b>ng,6</b> 61	23,695	10,618	168	202	***
Total .	67,861	70,003	80,183	90,336	127,085	176,367	217,965	235,727	260,746	300,560	350,457
Service Institutions-			,	4.0						•	
State Railway Provident Institutions	8.0	568	4,720	6,331	6,956	6,625	8,972	11,638	12,168	12,848	14,372
Civil Bugineers' Provident	***		400	***	***	001	233	313	380	465	500
Military Banks	16,644	20,717	17,260	18,161	13,557	20,447	16,100	15,518	16,151	18,303	18,142
Total .	84,505	91,288	102,163	114,828	147.598	203,439	243,270	263,196	289,445	332,176	383.471

### Statement II.

Deposits (including Interest), Withdrawals, and Balances in the several classes of Savings Banks from 1857-58 to 1838-89 (in thousands of Rupees)

	-				*****							-		-						-	-			_	-			-	-	-	_	-		-	-	
	=		Torat.		38,98	\$6,02	57.044			65.64	63.21	19 19	80009	240	88 20	200,00	5 90	01'00'1	1,15,00	4.556	1,54,20	2000113	1,01,14	1.02.62	1,92,54	1,91,24	2,28,29	3,21,37	3,27,27	3,61,64	4,00.50	4.68.71	E 08 12	S, 70 69	S. K. C.	7,62,60
	-		Ranks,		:	:	17.728	28 784	2000	2000	20.97	200	25.43	10	8, 6	20,00	30,93	20,30	17,30	10,50	20,79	22,40	23.50	30,00	27.55	22.08	24,76	25,04	18,37	16,83	14.70	14.66	2 S 2	14 OR	-	14.74
	-	-	Prort.	-	7 50			100	1	2.3	F 1-7	•	:	0 0	0 0	0 0 0 0	*		:	:	:	000	d 0 0	2		:	:	:	:	:	:	72	108	400	- Sur	10.70
	1	Rail	Provi- dent Institu-	The same	:	:	***	:							2	*	:	000	:	:	:	:	:	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		:	6	2,52	5,07	7,18	10,12	17.10	8 13	18.84	80 00	_
1 4 2 4 2	BALANCE		Office Banka,		4 0	0 0					:	0 0	0		*		:	:		:	0 0	:		: :		:	:	:	:	27.97	_	-			- Contract	_
	-		District Banks.	1	:										-	:	:	. 0	0,40	3 5	7.43	2 3	10.04 20.76	24.17	37.71	32,11	43.63	70,35	72,62	73,30.						7
		Bantan.	Born- bay.		13.54	19,90	19,18	16,23	16.69	18,04	10.81	18,67	21.72	20.84	24.03	20 30	40.40				80.00		02 86 30	06.03 24		88,60 32	1,06,71	1,55,11	1,63,67 72	1,73,76 73	1,70,79 72,72	1.74.28, 75,31	1,64,10 29			
	6	ENCT BA	Mad- 1	- 20	25.50	2,32	3,36	61.8	12/38	12.66									-							22.89 8	24,89 1,0	32,13 1,5	32,80 1,6	-matera						7,21 81,87
	Banan	FRESIDENCY	Cal.	100		-	-	8,57	8,55	1 70,01	9,25	8,91	0.51		-	-		-	-					-	25.57 24.	24,66 22,				25 29,35	44 28,22	76 27,55				
-			Torak.	T	_		60.27	31,19	34.91	27,82	_	36,23	-	-	-	-	_	_		_		_	-	_	73,64 25		62,57 28,27	40 35,32	49 34.74	86 33,25	59 29,44	09 28,76	81 28.02	53 26,76	_	_
		li.		-																							-	_	1,58.49		2,05.59	2,41,09	3.37.81	_	-	
		-	Paris Banks		:		15.62	12,46	15,80	15,11	12,29	17,54	18.10	14,35	16,33	18.47	17.64	17.51	13.46	14.24	14.80	16.75	18,30	17,81	17.71	18 41	19,88	27,21	30,28	18,89	18,92	11,50	12,55	12,96	13,81	
	-	-	fra dent				:	:	1		4	•	:	:		:	•			-	:	-	:	:	•	. :	:	:	0.00	:	:	:	e.	ਲ	37	
AWALS	S		dent dent lives.			•	:		:	:	•		:	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	:	:	:	:	:		•	•	:	:		:	, s	0	13.28		_	7,55	4.42	12,56	5,61	5.43
WITHDRAWALS.		-	Banks,			:	:	0 0	9	:	*		:	*	:	*	0 0	*		0 0 0	*	:	*		*	*	*		: 1	10,03	58,42	1,10,07	1,58,71	2,58,06	3,13,75	3,6947
2		District	Banks.	:			:	•	:	:	:		:	*	***	*	:	200	1,62	2,60	3,90	5.51	6,54	7.85	11,44	9,28	10,20	32,00	37.44	35,34	34,58	32.45	73.92	30,20	55	:
	BARRA.		Born.	3,67	4.02	2 20 2	20,03	3,04	5,27	:	83	6.59	6,36	5,84	8,12	11,51	12,85	13,56	15,21	1644	38,38	22,79	17,97	19.70	23,72	19,40	11,27						00,12	200	27.14	26,92
	PRESIDENCY		Mad-	4.12	5.68	7.71	0 60	6000	0,82	5.97	4.87	4,91	4,20	4.76	5.58	6,82	8,63	36.8	8,13	9,20	12,81	9.62	7.93	08,0	8,22					-	The State of the S	_	~	_		3,82
	PRE		Cal.	8,18	17,23	25.11		0,40	7,02	0,74	8,00	7,19	7.61	8,83	10.70	14.65	20,40	19,82	21,48	23,28	27,88	17,43	14.51	13,56	12.55	10,11	2000		_		-					14.39
		Tores		82,84	44.87	28.00	2000	34.70	33,45	32,55	24.75	33.63	38,04	44.44	54,91	96.49	66,50	67.41	75,04	89,90	1,17,73	73,09	73,75,			6/1/0		_	-		_	_			_	5,32,10
		Mill.	Banks.	g 9 9	0 0	11.04	90 9	0000	13,71	15.79	13,14	15 17	15.79	12,71	18,72	10,51	90'1	14,45	14,66	16.53	16,50 1	17,91	18,43	17,43		\$01/2	- 0									15,26 5.
			dent Fund.	:	:		_	_	0 0	:		:	bu)	:	***	0.0	:	*	:	:	::		:	::	:		26	8		92	20	-				3,40 15
	State Kail.	Program	dent lastitu- tions.	:				:		*	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	*		:	0 6	QC	3,16	4.87	4.53	6.72	10.69	-	_	3,27	_	15,30
DEPOSITS		Post	1	:	• • • •			:	:	:	0 0	•	3 0 0	:		;	•		9 0	:	0	*	:	:					8							
d		Dietre t	1			4;		:	7	:	:	:	-	•	-	,		1,76			8				2 95	00	00	_		-		-		4,50,07		4.53,25
	ei ei	100	Bom. bay	5,38	1.34	_		-		2			200	35							_				1268									5 6		:
	PRESIDENCY BARES.	-	Mad. By		8,61	_				_								-		-		_	_		16.67						-					3/2
	Presiden	-	Cal.	2.01	24.92 8			_	_		7,27 4,		_			_				-					8 8								-	2000		310
			3 6	. 12	. 24	00	00	6	• 01				6	11,20	• I5,50	. 21,92	- 22,95	. 22,39	24,01	. 27,01	. 25.97	13,30	12,45	12,20	10.20	15,00	. 24.79	20,48	19,23	. 17,16	16.82	15.77	200	12.72	200	6/201
	3	YEARS.		1857-58	1858-59 .	1859-60	1860.61	1861-62	1862-62	1862-64	1864-6r	186g 66	. 0666	. 66-60	. 00-/	60-600	. 02-6001	0.71	1871-72	2-73 .	3-74	. 57.1	. 02-5	. 7/ ·	-70	-80	-81	-82 .	.83	-84	. 85	. 98	87	88	1888-80(6)	· laka
				18	30	185	186	186	186	286	286	186	0.	200	100	000	00	1570-71	102	10/2-73	1873-74	1074-75	1075-70	1877-78	1878-70	1879-80	1880-81	1881-82	1882-83	1883-84	1884-85	1885-86	1.886-87	16.7 88	1888	1

(a) Include balances transferred from War Office,

(b) The Finance and Revenue Accounts are not yet closed and these agures are subject to revision,

## Statement III.

Classification of Depositors in the Presidency and Post Office Banks, State Railway Provident Institutions, and Civil Engineers' Provident Fund,

	CLASS 1, B	CLASS I, PROFESSIONAL.				1	Gar VI	
	Having fixed Incomes.	B Having variable Incomes.	Class II, Domestic.	Class III,	Class IV, Agricultural	Class V.	Indefinite or Non- productive.	Torale
BANKS OPEN TO THE PUBLIC.								
Presidency Banks	13,846	1,494	2,557	2,388	\$104	1,481	17,586	39,456
Post Office Banks	109,955	, 26,944	37,286	13,240	3,859	10,533	109,184	311,001
SERVICE INSTITUTIONS.	-							
State Railway Provident Institutions	10,104	:	4,268	0 0 0	•	•		14,372
Civil Engineers' Provident Fund	. 500		•	0 0	•	0 0	:	200
Military Banks	•	•	18,142	0 0	:	•	0 0	18,142
(1888-89	134,405	28,438	62,253	15,628	3,963	13,014	1.46,770	383,471
10TAL	120 270	22,889	54,956	12,340	2,982	7,883	110,856	332,176
INCREASE IN 1888-89	14,135	5,549	7,297	3,288	> 186	4,131	15,914	51,295
Percentage of each class in— Presidency Banks	35.	00,00	\$.9	1.9	က်	37	44.5	100
Post Office Banks	35.4	6.4	13.0	4	6.1	3.4	35.1	100
State Railway Provident Institutions	. 70.3	:	2.6.2	:	* .	:	•	100
Civil Engineers' Provident Fund	100	•	0 0 11	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	:	•		100
Military Banks	•	•	100	*	:		• • •	100
TOTAL	48.16	16 2.5	79.62	3.00	i,	1.43	15.63	100

Statement IV.

	INTEREST	INTEREST RABBED IN					_					
			-	Increase (+) or Decrease (-).	BALANCE HELD AT	LD AT CLOSE OF	-	Increase (+) or	AVERAGE BALANG	AVERAGE BALANCE IN EACH BANK.	AVERAGE BALANCE OF EACH DEPOS	DEPO
	1687-88.	1886-89.	-		1887-88.	1888-89.		Decrease (-).	1887-88.	1888-89.	1887-88.	
	DK	Q.		Q	Qg	O#		O.	Q	Q	Q	
residency Banks—			- 10									
• • •	97,732 26,667 2,85,295	1,01,349 25,525 2,97,176	+   +	3,617	27.58.527 7.86,317 80,84,759	26,98,378 7,21,167 81,86,940	1   +	60,149 65,750 1,02,181	27,58,527 7,86,317 80,84,759	26,98,378 7,21,167 81,86,940	2 2 2 4 3 2 2 4 3 2 4 4 3 2 4 4 3 3 3 4 4 3 3 4 4 3 3 4 4 3 3 4 4 3 3 4 4 3 4 4 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	
TOTAL .	4,09,694	4,24,050	+	14,356	1,16,29,603	1,16,06,485	1	23,118		•		
•	16,73,504	19,87,896	+	3,14,392	5,05,55,913	5,89 25 279	+	83,69,366	8,474	9,730	193	
Provident In-												
Provident	74,299	95,491	+	21,192	23,07,953	32,94,805	+	9,86,852	1,92,329	2,74,567	179	
	25,033	36,963	+	11,931	7,96,063	10,78,619	+	2,82,556	7,96,063	10,78,619	L'AIL	
9 0 0	34.624	49,612	+1+	826 826 188	9,62,849	8,81,861 2,28,089 2,43,829	. 11+	80,988 49.165 10,149	9,258	8,398 8,146 7,619	134	
•	\$6,080	70,430	+	14,350	14,73,783	13,53,779		1,20,004				
•	22,38,609	26,14,830	3	3,76,221	6,67,63,315	7,62,58,967		04.05,642				

Statement V.

ers.
Ledge
Banks'
Savings
the
.22
recorded
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Depositors,
Eurasian 1
and 1
Suropeam a
by 1
and
Native
9
held
Balances
and
earned
Interest

	Number of	Number of Accounts.	Amount of In	Amount of Interest earned.	Balance. (a)	B. (a)	Number of Accounts.	Accounts.	Amount of Interest earned.	erest earned.	Balanc	Balances (a)
	1887-88.	1888-89.	1887-88.	1888-89.	1897-88.	1888-99.	1887-88.	1888-89.	1887-88.	1838-89.	1887-88.	1888-89.
BANKS OPEN TO THE PUBLIC-			OK.	OK .	DE.	O\$			OK.	QK.	AK.	OK.
Presidency Banks-				•								
Calcutta	7,739	7,729	55,409	59,283	16,14,467	16,01,010	3,142	3.202	39,976	39,282	11,44.060	10,97,368
Madras	2,244	1,148	13,523	11,769	3,98,610	3,22,057	1,217	2,147	12,308	12,746	3,49,575	3,59,443
Bombay .	19,027	19,088	2,00,976	2,10,124	56,45,999	57,11,790	6,034	6,142	84,319	87,052	23,66,023	24,09,430
Post Office Banks .	227,865	273,696	13,91,239	16,86,351	4,22,32,521	5,00,82,032	33,292	37,305	2,82,265	3,01,545	82,55,836	87,82,649
SERVICE INSTITUTIONS-										1		
State Railway Provident Institutions	9,433	11,061	34,024	46.488	11,01,124	16,46,270	3,415	3,311	40,275	49,003	11,95,377	16,34,880
Civil Engineers' Provident Fund	36	0	1,656	2,559	51,989	76,207	429	460	23,376	34,404	7,44,073	10,02,412
Military Banks-	•											ŀ
Bengal	å 4 9	:	:	•		:	14.593	14,584	34,624	49,613	9,62,849	8,81,861
Madras .	•	b 5 6		*			2,060	1,836	11,590	10,764	2,77,254	2,28,089
Bombay.	d .	•	•	:	:	0 0 0	1,650	1,722	998'66	10,054	2,33,680	2,43,829
TOTAL .	266,344	312,762	16,96,827	20,16,574	5,10,44,710	5,94,39,366	65,832	70,709	5,38,599	5,94,462	1,55,28,727	1,66,39,961

Statement VI.

Government Promissory Notes purchased, received and sold or returned on account of Savings Banks' Depositors.

	2.	forms Pu	RCHASED	FOR DE	Notes purchased for Depositors.		Ž	TES REC	ZIVED F	ROM DES	NOTES RECEIVED PROM DEPOSITORS.			Notes	0 0706	Notes sold or returned.	KED.		Nor	SEAL AN	NING IN	General and Accountant General, Bombay.	GENERAL	BOME,	8 %
	1883-84.	1883-64. 1884-85. 1885-86.		1886-87.	1887-88.	1888-89.	1883-84. 1884-85.	1884-85.	1885-86, 1886-87.		1887-88.	1888-89.	1883-84. 1	1884-85. 1885-86. 1886-87. 1887-88. 1888-89. 1882-83. 1883-84. 1884-85. 1885-86.	885-86. 1	886-87. 11	887-88	1388-89. I	382-83.	12 - F	384-85. 16		1886-87.	1887-88.	1888-89.
BANES OPEN TO THE				e				1,4																	F
Public-							4		1		-	4.												1	
Presidency Banks—														-										The s	
Calcutta	:		:	:	26,900	21,800	1,900	1,600	2,000	2,500	8.	100	3,500	7,500	2,000	;	38,900	8,500	16,000	13,500	13,600	13,600	16,100	16,600	900
				I	1					1										1.		· ·	F		7
Madras	4,500	200	1,000	200	1,000	8,500	i	0 p	2	•	***	:	4.500	200	1,000	ğ	:	*	:	:	i	1	:	1,000	1,000 9,500(8)
																			-		•		7	-	
Bombay .	94,500	58,500	73,200	13,500	13,300	3,800	4,000	3,000	8,000	3,500	2,000	Soc	86,500	58,000	73,700	30,000	13,500	4,000	8,300	20,300	23,800	31,300	18,300	19,100	(\$)00\$-6100161
									1												_				
																			+			Ī			
Post Office Banks.	1,78,800	2,94,600	3,59,400	4,40,600	1,78,800 2,94,600 3,59,400 4,40,600 3,33,300 3,55,000	3,55,000	16,500	46,500	46,500 1,34,200" 88,900	88,900	14,400	14,300	14,300 1,57,000 2,48,900 3,42,600 4,33,000 3,19,800 3,71,500	348,900	3,43,600	33,000 3	1,19,800	,71,500	8000	39,100	39,100 1,31,300 2,82,300 3,78,800	,82,300	,78,80c	4.06,700	4,04,500
ę																							_		
									,	-															
SERVICE INSTITU-					,					14														1	
6					43																			•	
Provident In-	23,800	6,200	1,000	5,500	19,200	00066	:	:	:	:	*	:	20,300	5,500	3,000	4,000	21,000	3,400	200	4,000	4,700	.2,700	4,200	12,400	18,000
									1		П														
						0														1	000			9 9	B. Cm
•		3659,000	46.346,000	46,00,100	Santycon dedigions deduction description description description	3,90,100	21,500		37,100 1,44,200	No.	DOM:	14000	145,000 25,715,000 35,45,500 45,45,500 45,75,500 35,755,000 145,000 15,75,500 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 1	-	The state of the s	000000	2/35/4		43,000	andial	2/3046/6	2000		200000000000000000000000000000000000000	and the same

(s) In custody of the Secretary, Presidency Bank. (s) R 16,900 do. do. do do.

Statement VII.

Particulars by Provinces of Presidency and Post Office Savings Banks combined on 31st March 1889.

					Ö	CLASSI PICATION	FICATION OF DEPOSITORS.	FORS.			INTEREST	INTEREST CARNED IN	BALANCE HEL	BALANCE HELD AT CLOSE OF
			Class I, Professional.	ofessional.										
			Having fixed Incomes.	B Having variable Incomes.	Class II, Domestic	Commercial, Agricultural,	Class IV, Agricultural.	Class V, fodustrial,	Class VI, Indefinite or Non- productive.	Torat.	1887-88.	1888-89.	1857-88	1889-89.
		7,	(	٠										
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•	•	5,612	743	2,971	422	35	731	4,789	15,303	1,13,750	1,29,694	34,32,268	38,02,729
Central Provinces	•	•	3,994	346	890	240	36	109	2,367	7,982	42,848	51,610	13,09,916	15,38,450
Burma	•	•	2,598	101	5,923	432	58	505	1,296	11,213	. 37,247	50,746	14,35,603	17,99,100
Assam		•	2,547	406	1,686	163	98	160	2,326	7.374	32,527	38,594	10 24,485	11,87,792
Bengal	٠	•	36,721	12,311	6,484	3,427	1,384	4,155	40,708	105,190	4,57,645	5,57,933	1,41,49,850	1,66,94,104
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	۰	•	13,431	3,237	6,129	1,038	444	828	806'6	35,015	1,89,952	2,20,156	56,68,051	66,63,634
Punjab			8,767	1,686	2,493	651	133	443	5,868	20,041	1,44,808	1,67,818	43,19,490	50,40,508
Berar	•	•	1,489	105	391	140	45	47	1,169	3,386	20,271	23,256	6,12,424	6,98,262
Madras	•		17,822	3,820	5,871	3,392	1,189	199'1	15,946	49,701	1,99,062	2,22,746	59,41,370	65,53,007
Вотрау			30,820	5,383	7,005	5,723	553	3,375	42.393	95,252	8,45,088	9,49,393	2,42,34,504	2,65.54,088
Post Office Dead Accounts			:	b 2 9	:	:	9 0	* * *	:	:	:		67,555	:
\$574 \$\chi_1\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2\chi_2	\$60 St. 55 St. 550	8.												
Tc	Total	e (4)	123,801	28,438	39,843	15,628	3,963	12,014	126,770	350,457	20,83,198	24,11,946	6,21,85,516	7,05,31,764
	1000	-							_					

(a) Includes Dead Account balance.

### GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT

### Weather Review of India for the week ending at 8 a.m. on Monday, December 2nd, 1889.

The weather of the past week has been remarkable for its exceeding quietness throughout the whole of the Indian region. The geographical positions of
the areas of high and low pressure have been maintained unaltered throughout
the week, so that, though, owing to variations in the intensity of the barometric
changes in different parts of the country, the relations existing between the areas
of high and low pressure have undergone modifications, the general weather,
winds, &c., over India have remained comparatively unaffected.

The chart of the 26th showed an area of high pressure overlying Central India, the west of the Central Provinces, Berar and Khandesh. From this region pressure decreased in all directions, was relatively low in the Indus Valley and along the foot of the Ilimalayas and lowest over the Andaman Sea. Calm and variable winds prevailed over the Punjab, westerly winds down the Gangetic Plain, northerly and north-north-westerly winds over Bengal and the east of the Peninsula, north-easterly winds on the west coast, calms in the Central Provinces, and variable breezes in Burma. The force was generally light or moderate. On the following day the general distribution of pressure was the same except that the barometer had risen along the Himalaya range and the low-pressure area had disappeared from that region. Calms had extended over Northern India, but otherwise the winds showed little change. On the 28th the chart still showed the same distribution of pressure and the same circulation of the winds. On the 20th the chart showed that the high-pressure area had undergone considerable extension, and that it covered nearly the whole of North-Western and Central India as well as the greater part of the Penlisula. Owing to this extension of the highpressure area gradients had increased somewhat over the Bay and the wind had shifted to the northward over Burma. Between the morning of the 29th and that of the 30th pressure increased over North-Western India and fell elsewhere, so that at 8 A.M. on the 30th a difference of over 10 of an inch existed in the pressures of the Punjab and of Burma. With this increase in the barometric differences the calms which had previously prevailed over the Gangetic Plain disappeared and a steady westerly or west-north-westerly current set in. Elsewhere the wind circulation was generally unchanged. On the following day the barometer was falling almost everywhere, but the change was fairly uniform, and the general distribution of pressure and circulation of the winds were the same as those reported on the preceding day. On the 2nd the chart showed that the barometer had fallen over the western half of the Indian region and risen over

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the eastern half: hence there had occurred a slight decrease in the barometric gradient. This, however, was the only important change.

Temperature.—The past week has on the whole been warm over Northern and Central India and Burma and cool over the Peninsula. The excess for the week ranged from only of in Burma to 1°8 in Guzerat and Central India, while the deficiency ranged from of in Madras to 1°5 in Bombay. The warmest day relatively to the average was the 26th when every Province in India recorded an excess of temperature.

The following table shows the excess or defect of the mean average temperatures of the different Provinces for the present and for the preceding week

Pro	OVIN	CES.		3 -457	Difference of mean temperature of last week from normal.	Difference of mean temperature of present week from normal.
WINT -					0	0
Burma					<b>—0</b> '3 .	+0.1
Bengal					+2.7	+1.0
North-Western Provinces			1,0		+2.3	+1'4
Punjab					-0.7	+0.4
Bombay					-1.3	-1.2
Central Provinces and Ber	ar			•	+1'4	+1.1 .
Guzerat and Central India					-0.6	+ 1.8
Sind and Rajputana .		•		0	0.6	+1.3
Madras					+1'4	-0'4

This table shows that, except in Bengal, the North-West Provinces and the Peninsula, the weather of the past week has been relatively warmer than that of its predecessor.

Rain.—The rainfall, except in Tenasserim and Lower Burma, has been lighter than usual in all parts of the Indian region, and over a very large part of the country no rain whatever has fallen during week. The normal rainfall of the week is of course ordinarily very light, except in the Carnatic. This is shown by the rainfall of Tenasserim and Lower Burma, where, as noted above, there has been a slight excess, and where the average rainfall only equals \(\frac{1}{2}\) of an inch. Still in ordinary years there are only three of the rainfall districts which do not receive any rain during the week, while in the present year there are no fewer than 37 districts which have not received a drop of rain.

The charts show that slight showers were reported from Travancore on the a6th and 27th November, from Burma on the 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th November and December 1st and 2nd, and from Assam on the 26th, 27th, 29th and 30th November. Showers also occurred in the North Canara and Belgaum districts on one day. On the East Coast the rainfall was confined to the Kistna, Tanjore, Madura, and Tinnevelly districts. The seasonal deficiency in the Carnatic ranges from 66 per cent. in Madras South, to 32 per cent. in the East coast central. To the north of the Kistna district there is an excess.

		RAINFAL ENDING 2	L DATA I	OR WEEK OBER 1889.	RAINFALE TOBER TO	DATA FRO	M 15TH OC MBER 1889.
Province.	Division.	Average actual raintall of Division.	Average nermal rainfall of Division,	Excess or detect in inches.	Average actual raintall of season to date.	normal rainfarl, 15th Oc-	
		Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Per cent.
	( Tonasserim	<b>10°25</b>	0.12	+0.10	16.66	5.03	+232
BURMA	Lower Burma	0.36	0'20	+0.00	7:38	5.87	+ 26
	Upper do.	0 0*05	0°15	-0.12	3.62	4 05	+ 50
	Arakan	0	0	0	7.39	5'35	+ 38
	Eastern Bengal		0110				}
	Assam (Surma)	0.03	0.08	-0.02	7'33	3.63	+102
	Do. (Brahmaputra)	0,10	0'27	-0.11	4°56	3'56	+ 28
	Deltaic Bengal	0	003	-0.03	9.2	2.85	+234
BENGAL AND ASSAM	North do.	0	0'02	-0.03	4'02	2.32	+ 74
	Orissa .	0	0.03	-0.55	0.69	2'40	71
	Chutia Nagpur	0	0,11	-0.11	2'99	5°29	+192 + 78
1-	Behar (South) . Do. (North)	0	0.10	-0.10	0.24	1'52	- 64
		0	0.02	-0.02	0'42	1'31	- 68
	North-Western Provinces						
	(East) . Oudh (South) .	0	0,01	-001	1'23	0.80	+ 38
North - Western	Do. (North)	0	0 03	-0.03	0.02	0.32	- 86
PROVINCES AND	North-Western Provinces	1210	0.03	-0.03	0.04	0.13	- 69
OUDH.	(Central)	0	0,01	-0'01	0.01	0.30	<b>— 97</b>
Alexander .	North-Western Provinces (West)	6				1,19	91
236254	North-Western Provinces	0	0.03	-0'03	2	0.08	-100
· Billia	(Submontane)	0	0'03	-0'03	0.14	0 34	- 50
% IVIA	Punish /S-uth				24	0 34	- 59
tu vibrus	Punjab (South) Do. (Central)	0	0'03	-0.03	0	0.13	-100
Puwian )	Do. (Submontane)	0	0'03	-0.03	0	0.33	-100
iatus .	Do. (Hill Districts)	0	0.19	-0.16	0	0.19	-100 -100
Ted III	Do. (North-west) Do. (West)	0	0.52	-0.52	0'01	0.83	- 99
	Don (West)	0	0,01	-0.04	0	0'19	-100
/	Malabar	0,00	0.57	-0'40	10.60	10'17	+ 4
	Madras (South Central)	0.13	0.62	-0.23	4.86	10'14	- 52
BOMBAY AND MALA-	Mysore	0,55	0'24	-0.03	11.76	8.29	+ 42
BAR COAST DIS-	Konkan .	0'03	0.06	+0,01	2'10	3.83	- 45
(Mandana).	Bombay Deccan	0'02	0.19	-0.14	2.10	3 27	+ 149
	Hyderabad (North)	***	***	200	***	000 204	
,	- and	0	0.10	-0.10	1.36	2.71	- 54
Causas (	Berar	0	0.14	-0'14	3'14	2'07	4 50
CES AND BERAR.	Central Provinces (West)	0	0.00	-0.00	2'95	1.07	+ 52 + 176
C. C	Do. (Central) Do. (East)	0	0.00	-0'09	i.72	0'94	+ 83
	_	0	0	0	1.07	1'04	+ 89
OMBAY (NORTH)	Guzerat	g o	0'04	-0'04	0.03	0'48	- 96
Owani (HOKIH)	Kattiawar Sind	O	0	0	0	0'24	-100
		0	0.03	-0.03	0	0,10	-100
RAJPUTANA AND	Central India (East).	0	0'13	-0.13	0.13	0.65	80
CENTRAL INDIA.	Rajputana (East), Central India (West)	See See		क्षा है।	311.0	3	- 00
1 112 30	Rajputana (West)	0		-0.01	0	0'30	-100
of rain which		ide nave	10.01	10'0-	0	0.13	-100
1	cast Coast (North) .	0	0.20	-0.20	12'26	7.63	+ 61
	Do. (North)(a) Hyderabad (South)	0	?	1	8.00	7 2	7
ADRAS	Madras (Central)	0		-0.10	2.46	.1'97	+ 25
	East Coast (Central).	0 05	1.48	-0'37 -1'43	8.75	4'25	+ 7
* \				701	13		- 32
	Do. (South)	0'01		-1.32	5 34	13'49	- 60

W. L. DALLAS,

Assistant Meteorological Reporter to the Government of India.

SIMLA, 5th December, 1889.

But up are good, a

E. C. BUCK,

Secretary to the Government of India.

### REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

### Weekly Report on the State of the Season and Prospects of the Crops.

Madras.—For week ending 7th December.—Rainfall very slight in Vizagapatam and Tinnevelly; none elsewhere. Dry crops perishing from failure of north-east monsoon over considerable areas in Chingleput, North Arcot and South Arcot, and over limited areas in Tanjore, Madras, Tinnevelly Coimbatore and Salem; wet crops under rain-fed tanks also perishing in some tracts; crops elsewhere good. Prices risen largely in Tanjore, Trichinopoly, Madura and Tinnevelly, slightly in other districts. Prospects in all districts named largely dependent on early fall of rain.

Bombay.—For week ending 11th December.—Late crops in parts of the Deccan and Karnatak require rain. Cotton and other standing crops good. Harvesting and sowing operations progressing. Opium sowing continues in Baroda. Fodder generally sufficient and agricultural stock good.

Bengal.—For week ending 10th December.—No rain during the week. General agricultural prospects are favourable. Rice harvest is progressing. In many districts the outturn is estimated to be 16 annas or nearly 16 annas. In Hooghly it is about 10 annas for the whole district, and in parts of Burdwan it is poor. Rabi crops are doing well, and are generally satisfactory, except in Orissa where the loss by the recent storm and heavy rain has been considerable. Sugarcane is reported on well except in Pubna and Furreedpore where it will be a short crop. Poppy promises to be an excellent crop in Behar and Hazaree-bagh. Tobacco prospects are good, and ganja is a promising crop in the Rajshaye district. Prices of common rice continue to fall in almost all the Behar districts. In some districts of Bengal Proper and in Balasore a rise in the price has been reported. In Chota Nagpore prices have been stationary.

North-Western Provinces and Oudh.—For week ending 11th December.—Clear cold weather prevails, and the rabi crops generally are doing well. Rain much wanted in unirrigated tracts. Poppy sowings in Partabgarh are reported to have failed in many villages and the fields are being resown. Locusts have appeared in one pargana of the Rae Bareli district and in the sadr tahsil of Fatehgarh. Food stocks are ample and prices steady.

Punjab.—For week ending 11th December.—Slight rain has fallen in Rawalpindi and Peshawar. Prices stationary in all districts except Delhi and Rawalpindi where they are rising. Harvesting of kharif crops nearly over. Sowings of rabi still in progress. Prospects of standing crops on well-irrigated lands good; but they are generally unfavourable on other soils for want of rain which is urgently needed. Fodder sufficient throughout the province.

Central Provinces.—For week ending 11th December.—Weather clear and cold. Young rabi crops in excellent condition. Cotton, jowart and rice being harvested and are yielding good outturn. Prices generally steady.

Burma.—For week ending oth December.—Slight rain fell in the following districts of Lower Burma:—Pegu, Moulmein, Amherst, Tavoy and Mergui; in Upper Burma there was no rain. The rainfall has been a little short in Meiktila. The crop prospects in both Upper and Lower Burma are good, and the food supply is sufficient throughout the province. In Lower Burma the price of paddy has fallen in Thayetmyo and risen slightly in Tharrawaddy and Bassein, in other districts prices show no fluctuations. In Upper Burma a fall is notice-

Secretary to the Government of ladies

able in the Ruby Mines and Sagaing districts, and a slight rise in Katha. Pakoku and Magwe.

Assam.—For week ending 11th December.—Weather cold. Reaping of cold weather rice continues. Tea and other crops doing well.

Mysore and Coorg.—For week ending 11th December.—Crops generally good. Prospects favourable, but more rain is required for lately sown crops in the Kolar district. Outturn of harvests fair. Prices slightly risen in the Bangalore and Mysore districts.

Picking of coffee crops commenced in Coorg. Rice harvest begun.

Berar and Hyderabad.—For week ending 11th December.—In Berar the weather is clear and cold. Cutting of jowari commenced in some places. Picking of cotton continues. Rabi in good condition. Prices almost stationary. Fodder sufficient.

No rain during week at Hyderabad. Harvesting of abi crops continues. Rabi crops thriving. Prices stationary.

Central India.—For week ending 11th December.—The following changes have occurred since last report. Condition of agricultural stock indifferent in Bhopal and prices steady. Condition of standing crops in Bhopawar Agency very good and outturn expected equal to average. Prices have fallen in Manpur and are steady in other parts of the Agency.

Rajputana.—For week ending 11th December.—Agricultural operations satisfactory. Standing crops generally good, but slightly damaged by locusts in Marwar. Agricultural stock good. Pasturage or fodder dear in Marwar, sufficient elsewhere. Prices rising in Jhallawar, steady elsewhere.

Nepal.—For week ending 5th December.—No rain, weather cold; mornings foggy. Agricultural operations satisfactory.

E. C. BUCK, Secretary to the Government of India.



SUPPLEMENT TO

### Gazette of Kndia.

No. 51.} CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1889.

### OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A Supplement to the Gazette of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The Debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in Pant VI of the Gazette. Non-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the Supplement separately on a payment of five Rupees for annum if delivered in Calcutta, or eight Rupees if sent by Post. The Supplement and Pant VI of the Gazette can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta or eight Rupees in the Supplement and Pant VI of the Gazette can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta or Rupees nine if sent by Post. No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the Gazette of India is required by Law or which thas been ustomary to publish in the Calcutta Gazette, will be included in the Supplement. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the Gazette must be looked to.

### GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. HOME DEPARTMENT.

### RULES FOR THE GUIDANCE OF INDIAN GOVERNMENT SCHOLARS IN ENGLAND.

No. 122 (Public), dated India Office, London, the 7th November 1889.

From-The Right Honourable Viscount Cross, G.C.B., Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India,

To-His Excellency the Most Honourable the Governor General of India in Council.

In continuation of my Despatch No. 45, dated the 24th of March 1887, I enclose, for the information of Your Excellency in Council, a copy of the Rules for the guidance of Indian Scholars while in this country, as recently revised by me.

2. I request that these revised Rules may be substituted for the Rules forwarded with the Despatch above mentioned.

### Rules for Indian Government Scholars in England.

- 1. Every scholar shall, on reaching England, at once present himself at the India Office, and report his arrival in writing.
- 2. Every scholar shall, without any unnecessary delay, inform the Secretary of State to which University he intends to proceed, and shall at once take steps to enter himself at the College he has selected.
- 3. Every scholar shall, within four weeks of reaching England, submit for the approval of the Secretary of State a statement showing the general course of study he proposes to follow; and the course approved shall not be changed without the sanction of the Secretary of State.

4. Every scholar shall, at the end of each University term, submit to the Secretary of State a certificate from the proper College or University authority, showing that his residence, conduct, and progress in study have been satisfactory during the term.

5. Every scholar shall at all times obey such instructions as he may receive from the Secretary of State.

6. Subject to a due compliance with the above conditions, the allowance, at the rate of 2001. a year for three years, will be paid quarterly, in advance, by the India Office, commencing from the date of the scholar's reporting his arrival in England.

7. Every scholar will forfeit his scholarship who, not being disabled by illness or prevented by any other cause which the Secretary of State may consider sufficient, fails to complete a residence of three years in England, or who is guilty of misconduct or disregard of the orders of the Secretary of State. If a scholarship be forfeited, the scholar will lose his claim to a free return passage to India, and will further become liable to refund the cost of his free passage to

8. The scholars will be under the special supervision and charge of the Political Aide-de-Camp to the Secretary of State, through whom the necessary orders will be given, and to whom all reports and other communications respecting them should be sent.

C. J. LYALL, Offg Secy. to the Goot. of India.

### GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

### REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

### Weather Review of India for the week ending 8 a.m. on Monday, December 9th, 1889.

Exceptionally fine settled weather has prevailed throughout the Indian region during the week under review. With the single exception of the 5th, when a slight and temporary modification occurred, the distribution of pressure and the general direction of the various wind currents have continued uninterruptedly the same throughout the week. In consequence the weather has also been settled, and with one or two local exceptions there has been no rain throughout the

whole country.

The chart of the 3rd showed a large high pressure area overlying North-Western India and a low pressure area over the Andaman Sea. The difference of pressure was not large, readings ranging from 30'077" at Jeypore to 29'868" at Diamond Island. The winds were feebly cyclonic over Sind and Guzerat and the neighbouring portions of the Arabian Sea. Elsewhere the directions were generally normal, except over the Bay, where they were unusually northerly and north-westerly. Many calms were reported from North-Eastern India. The only changes of importance on the 4th were the brisk barometric fall at Jacobabad and Dera Ismail Khan and the shift of wind south-east at some stations in the Punjab. These changes pointed to the existence of a low pressure area over the Indus Valley.

In other respects the distribution of pressure, the winds, and the weather were unchanged. The observations of the 5th showed that a shallow depression had crossed the Punjab, and that the centre lay between Lahore and Sirsa. Slight cyclonic movements were shown by the winds in the Punjab, but the influence of the depression was restricted to that Province, and conditions elsewhere were unaltered. By the morning of the 6th the depression had disappeared and pressure decreased steadily from a maximum in the Indus Valley to a minimum over the Andaman Sea. The wind directions remained fairly normal except for the unusual amount of westing in the winds over the west of the Bay. On the 7th the low pressure area, which has previously been located over the Andaman Sea, commenced a movement in a south-westerly direction. This was accompanied by a fall of the barometer at Colombo and a rise elsewhere. This was the only important change on this day. On the 8th pressure began to give way over the whole of the Indian region; but as the fall was fairly uniform the relative distribution remained unaltered, and the wind circulation was unchanged. On the 9th pressure was still falling, but the decrease continued general and fairly uniform, and hence there was no alteration in the relative distribution.

Temperature. - During the past week a steady rise of the general temperature over India occurred till the 5th when it reached its maximum. From that date a steady fall set in and lasted till the close of the week. The mean temperature was above the normal average during the whole week in the Central Provinces and Madras, and for five out of the seven days in all other provinces except Bombay, Sind, and Rajputana, where the majority of days were cooler than the average. A sudden fall of temperature occurred over Baluchistan on the 5th, and this fall subsequently spread into Sind and Rajputana. The following table shows the variations of the mean temperature of the present and of the past weeks from the normal average :-

10-10		Pro	VIN	CES.			Ė		Difference of mean temperature of last week from normal.	Difference of mear temperature of present week fron normal.
Burma	•	•		•	•	,		•	+ 1.0 + 0.1	+0.7
Bengal North-Western Punjab	Provi	nces	•	•	•	•	•	•	+ 1'4 +0'4 -1 5	+1.2
Bombay .	nes	· India	•	•		•	:		+118	+2.9
Guzerat and Co Sind and Rajpo Madras	utana	, time	•			. •		•	+1·2 -0·4	+1.3

This table shows that the general temperature exceeded the average in all regions except Bombay, Sind, and Rajputana, and that in all provinces except Sind and Rajputana and Bengal the mean temperature relatively to the average was higher than in the previous week.

Rain.—The past week has been practically rainless throughout the whole of the Indian region. The highest average fall was in Tenasserim, where it slightly exceeded one-tenth of an inch. In forty-two divisions no rain whatever fell during the week, and in three others the average fall of the division was only o'or inch. As will be seen from the second column of the accompanying table, the average rainfall over the greater part of India during the week under review is exceedingly slight, but in Malabar, the East Coast, North, Central and South, and Madras South, the average is between half an inch and an inch, and in some of these divisions, where the deficient fall of the present week exceeds deficient falls in several preceding weeks the want of rain is very serious.

What little rain fell during this week, occurred on the following dates:-

Talli Tell daning				. 9	
In Tenasserim	on the	3rd	and	4th.	
Lower Burma	39	5th	93	6th.	
" Assam	39	6th	97	6th.	
North-West Punjab	9.9	5th 6th	2.9	8th.	
,, Malabar	23		23	Oth	
Sind	S(1 3)	3rd			
" South Madras	31	gui	30	of walk	

a shallow dept saion The heaviest falls during the week were 1 inch at Quilon, 0.5 inch at Tinnevelly, and 0'4 inch at Murree. The rainfall in the North-West Punjab was very slight and confined to the montane and submontane districts close to the North-West frontier.

The concluding column of the table shows that practically no rain whatever has fallen over the whole of the Punjab and Rajputana, and the greater part of the North-Western Provinces, Sind, Guzerat, and Kattiawar, since the 15th of October up to the present date, and that over the south of the Peninsula, the seasonal rainfall is from 35 to 65 per cent. short of the normal average. meron: but as the fall was fairly uniform the relative distails tion

		ENDIN	G 9TH DH	TA FOR WE	RK RAIN	TO DECEMB	ROM OCTOBER
PROVINCE.	DIVISION.	Averag actual raintall Division	norm	l of defect	in rainta	al raintal llof Octobe	defect of (seasonal) rainfall expressed c. as a per-
		Inches	Inch	es. Inche	s. Inch	es. Inches	
	Tenasserim	. 0.11		+0'1	1 16-7		1
BURMA	Lower Burma	. 0.04	0.00				+234
· ·	Upper do.	. 0	0.03	00			+ 25 + 49
	Arakan	. 0	0.07	?	3.6	7	3 49
	( Faster P		00/	-0.0	7 7:39	541	+ 37
	Eastern Bengal Water	0	0.39			4'02	+ 82
	Do. (Brahmaputra)	0.02	0.03		4.28	3'59	+ 28
	Deltaic Bengal	0	0'13				- 47
BENGAL AND ASSAN	Central do.	0	0.08			2.99	+228
	Orissa 191218	0	0.03	-003	0.00	2.43	+ 47
	Chutia Nagpur	0	0 05	0,30	-0 44	5'49	+181
	Behar (South) Do. (North)	, 0	0	-0.02	- 73	1.43	+ 73
	Do. (North)	0	0	0	1,100	1.2	- 64 - 68
	/ North-Western Provinces				1	. 3.	- 00
	(East)	0	0	0	1		
NORTH-WESTERN	Oudh (South) Do. (North)	0	0.03	-0.03	0'05	0.38	+ 38
PROVINCES AND	North-Western Provinces	0	0,08	-0.08	0.04	0.31	- 87 - 81
OUDH.	(Central)	0	0		1		
	North-Western Provinces (West)			0	0.01	0.39	- 97
	North-Western Provinces	0	0'05	-0.02	0	0.18	-100
been until med		0	0'05	-0.02	0'14	0:20	
प्रकार है है जिसका	Punjab (South)			1		0.30	- 64
किश्च का प्रदेश	Do. (Central)	0	0.02	-0.03	0	0'20	-100
PUNJAB 50.	Do. (Sub-montane) Do. (Hill Districts)	0	0,51	-0.02	0	0.58	-100
Banne brong to	Do. (Hill Districts) Do. (North-West)	0	0,50	-0.30	0	0'37	-100 -100
उहरा शिवानक	Do. (West)	0,01	0.10	-0.12	0.03	0'98	- 08
्रिव्यक्तार्थे :	Malabar		0.03	-0.03	. 0	0,53	-100
TO GEORG MALE &	Madras (South Central)	0.00	0'52	-0'46	10.66	10'68	0
BOMBAY AND MALA-	Coorg	0	0.01	-0.61	4.86	10.76	- 55
BAR COAST DIS-	Mysore .	0	0.01	-0'07	2.10	8.76	+ 41
TRICTS (MADRAS).	Konkan . Bombay—Deccan	0	0'02	-0.03	4'go	3'94 1'99	52
	Hyderabad (North)	0	0.13	-0.17	5.10	3'44	+ 146 + 48
,	Khandeish	0	0.01	-0.01	1.39		, ,,-
- 1	Berar .		_	001	1 20	2.72	<b>—</b> 54
CENTRAL PROVIN-	Central Provinces (West)	0	0.10	-0.19	3'14	2.23	+ 41
CES AND BERAR.	Do. (Central)	0	0.00	-0'00	2 95	1.19	+154
•	Do. (East)	0	0.00	-0.00	1'72	1 10	+ 50
Power /No.	Guzerat . 195.	0	0'02		7,	- 14	+ 73
BONBAY (NORTH)	Kattiawar 2 223	0	0'02	-0.03	0.03	0.50	- 96
	Sind .	0.01	10'0	0	10.0	0.50	-100
D	Central India (East)	0				010	- 90
RAJPUTANA AND CENTRAL INDIA.	Rajputana (Fast), Contral	0	0.09	-0.00	0.13	0.41	- 82
	India (West) Rajputana (West)	0	0'03	-0 03	0	0:22	
		0	0.01	-0.01	0	Chara a	-100 -100
(	East Coast (North)	0	0.83	-0.83	10106		
1	Do. (North) (a) Hyderabad (South)	0	?	7 7 7	8 00	8'45	+ 45
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Madras (Central)		0.02	-0.02	2.16	202	? + 22
	East Coast (Central)		0'05	-0.02	4:56	4'31	+ 6
	I I Constant		D.81	-0.81	8.75	13.02 -	- 36
	Doc (South) . Madras (South)	0.01	1'04	-1 03	5'35	14'54	- 63

SIMLA, 13th December, 1889.

W. L. DALLAS,
Assistant Meteorological Reporter to the
Government of India.

E. C. BUCK, Secretary to the Government of India.

### REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

### Weekly Report on the State of the Season and Prospects of the Crops.

Madras.—For week ending 14th December.—Rainfall very slight in Tanjore, Madura and Tinnevelly, and none elsewhere. Crops perishing from continued failure of rains in Chingleput, North Arcot, South Arcot, Tanjore, and parts of Madura, Tinnevelly, Salem, and Trichinopoly; elsewhere generally good. Prospects in all districts named not improved: rain urgently wanted. Prices continue to rise, especially in the Southern Districts and Nellore. Since receipt of above reports, good rain has been falling from 17th at Madras and adjacent districts, over 2 inches reported from Trichinopoly, and 2 to 4 inches at four stations in South Arcot.

Bombay.—For week ending 18th December.—Rain generally wanted in the Deccan and Karnatak. Standing crops in parts diseased or suffering for want of moisture, otherwise good. Cotton prospects generally favourable. Opium sowing in Baroda, and harvesting and sowing operations generally progressing. Fodder sufficient, and agricultural stock healthy.

Bengal.—For week ending 17th December.—Weather has been cold and dry. No rain. Rice harvest is in full progress, and is expected to yield a good crop in most districts. In some quarters, however, the outturn is reported to be somewhat below the average, and in Burdwan it is only 8 annas, in Hooghly 10 annas, and in Bankoora 11 annas. Rabi crops are generally in good condition and promising, except in Orissa where they have suffered considerable loss from the late storm and heavy rain. Poppy prospects are favourable except in the Hajipore sub-division of Mozufferpore, where the later sowings are more or less a failure for want of moisture. Tobacco is a promising crop. Sugarcane is reported to be a good crop in many districts, but in Pubna it is deficient. Price of rice is said to have fallen in many districts owing to the appearance of the new crop in the market.

North-West Provinces and Oudh.—For week ending 18th December.—The weather continues seasonable, and the rabi crops generally are thriving, but rain is wanted. Markets are well supplied and prices stationary.

Punjab.—For week ending 18th December.—No rain. Prices stationary in all districts, except Rawalpindi, where they are rising. Havesting of kharif crops over; sowings of rabi going on slowly for want of rain. Prospects of standing crops good, but rain is badly wanted throughout the Province. Fodder sufficient, except in Sialkot. Poppy sowings commenced in Jullundur.

Central Provinces.—For week ending 18th December.—Weather cold and slightly cloudy at times. Harvesting of kharif crops continues. Outturn good. Young rabi crops in good condition, but some rain is now required for wheat and gram. Prices steady or falling.

Burma.—For week ending 14th December.—No rain fell anywhere in the Province. The price of paddy has fallen in Prome, Shwegyin, and Toungoo, and risen in the Lower Chindwin owing to exhaustion of local supplies; elsewhere the price remains stationary. The crop prospect remains unchanged.

Assam.—For week ending 18th December.—Weather seasonable. No rain. Harvesting of winter rice continues. Tea season closing. Outturn of winter potatoes in Khasi Hills reported bad.

Mysore and Coorg.—For week ending 18th December.—Crops in good condition in Mysore, except in parts of Bangalore district, where more rain want-

ed. Prospects generally favourable. Prices risen in Bangalore and Kolar districts slightly.

Rice harvest in progress in Coorg.

Berar and Hyderabad.—For week ending 18th December.—In Berar the weather is clear and cold. Picking of cotton continues; cutting and in some places threshing of jowari commenced. Rabi in good condition. Fodder sufficient. Prices stationary.

No rain during week at Hyderabad. Harvesting of abi crops continues;

Central India.—For week ending 18th December.—Condition of agricultural stock in Bundelkhand improved. Crops damaged by locusts in Sirsi, in Goona Agency. With these exceptions conditions remain unchanged.

Rajputana.—For week ending 18th December.—Agricultural operations satisfactory. Standing crops generally good, but somewhat damaged by locusts in parts of Marwar. Agricultural stock good. Pasturage or fodder sufficient, except in Marwar. Prices steady generally.

Nepal.—For week ending 12th December.—No rain. Weather very cold and partly cloudy. Sowing of wheat still in progress.

E. C. BUCK, Secretary to the Government of India.

## BEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

. Comparative Statement of the Net Indian Sea and Land Customs Revenue (excluding Salt Revenue) for the first eight months of the official year 1889-90, and of the

eighteen preceding years.
(In Thousands or Rupers.)

					0,	SERDH.			M	QV.			Bui	BURNA.				- 1		
On other Imports.		of Liquors.	of Liquors.	On other		On Exports.	Total Revenue.	On Imports.	On other Imports.	Strootta nO	Total Revenue.	On Imports	On other lmports.	изория пО	Revenue.	enoupid to .	Imports. Total Impo	Export	Total	YEAR
	98		98		8	1,17	2,89	3,29	5,15	0,00	19,44	1,06	3,70	12,17	16,02 15	5,71	90,66 1,06,37	38,05	1,44,42	
85					60		3,03	2,59	7,85	7,18	17,62	1,08	3,15	21,34	26,47 17	7,20 8	88,30 1,05,50	46,85	1,52,35	5 1872-73
00				-	67		2,23	2,37	8,96	8,74	20,07	2,16	3,04	15,87	31,07 16	16,27 B	88,56 1,04,83	38,16	1,42,99	
S				8.00	00	87	2,10	2,20	916	8,66	20,02	2,66	4,42	08,01	17,88 17	7,43 9	96,73 1,14,16	30,76	1,44,92	-
				-	67	95	2,45	2,79	9,55	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	20,52	2,49	3,23	18,80	24,52 18	8,70	00,000 1,08,70	40,55	1,49,35	
	1,01	_	_	-	50	91 0	1961	3,54	8,21	5,48	17,23	2,87	3,49	3,45	19,81	21,23	83,15 1,04,38	38,28	410	
*		_	_	-	8	27	2,21	3,56	5,60	1,38	10,54	3,21	4,00	9,93	17,14 23	23,30 9	66,19 1,19,49		1,42,03	-
92				100	39	16	100	3,72	6,20	2,95	12,87	4,60	4,48	15,09	24.17   23	13,87 8	85,34 1,09,21	28,68	1,37,89	_
98				10	6	14	2,69	3,39	6,18	4,53	14,10	4,42	4.4	17.75	26,31 23	23,85	7,14 1,00,99		-	-
8	3,09			0	75	15	3.99	3,31	7,17	5,52	16,00	3,12	5,24	21,19	29,55 23	23,67 8	Det .	4.3	_	2 -
9,	2,56			9	16	22	3,69	3,21	1949	3,49	13,31	4.54	5,14	24,53	-		t-0	en '		1882-8
12	14 2,27	6,44 2,27	_	-	63	38	2,68	3,59	64	2,65	6,26	5,23	N)	20,32	_	\$6,06			Se le	7
12	19 2,42	8,29 2,42		0	4	33	2,77	3,38	00	3,48	16,9	5,18		21,42		27,33				
20	2,56	8,25 2,56		9	4	2	2,94	3,19	**	3,66	6,78	5,13	6	15,57	-	23,46			33630	•
76	32 2,94	8,82 2,94		+	6.3	3 49	3,46	3,17	90	2,44	5,69	4,15	10	24,42		26,52	67 27,19			Do-Coar
20	3,20	9,07 3,20		0	90	8 63	3,91	3,97	= 2	3,59	7,68	5,77	010	31,00	26,96 29	29,38	-			
23	98 3,32	10,98 3,32		60	er)	5 50	3,87	6,52	9	3,07	39,65	6,05	<b>e</b> =	21,85	27,91 33	33,58	80 34,38	410		
1	3,44	_	_	4	62	27	4,33	6,85	9	3,52	30,11	5,67	S	14,25	30,55 35	35,14	8,87 44,01			
63	1.63	-			4.9		4 49	6 97	-	27.75	12,03	5,60	1,77	24,11	31,48 3	35,78	11,00 46,78	37,59	84,37	17 1889-96

. The amount refunded is greater than the duty collected.

J. F. FINLAY, Offic. Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE,
STATISTICAL BRANCH;
Calcutte, 18th December, 1859.

GOVERNMENT
PUBLIC WORKS
CIVIL
Irriga

### STATEMENT OF IRRIGATION AND RAINFALL

Comparative Statement of Irrigation and Rainfall for the

						2 1990	y 4*	AREA
Works.	Items.	Area of the	Cultivable		SOWN PER 18	ROM APRIL 388, i.e., pi	TO NOV-	1888 1 \$800
***************************************	stores.	district in acres.	area in acres.	area in acres.	Total		nparison 1887-88.	Total
British diel enterger von mydele er vertenge					acres,	Increase	Decrease	acres.
ı	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Ganism					_	-	
•	Ganjam. Government land Inam laud . Zemindari land .	2,690,264 157,136 2,472.888	438,529 136,968 846,968	341,924 116,194 60,714	144,806 36,972 10,042	***	10.667	9,305 2,503 475
	TOTAL .	5,320 288	1,422,405	518,832	191,820		11,752	12,283
	Visagapatam. Government land lnam land. Zemindari land.	1,193,406 50,819 9,630,655	129.690 50,479 8,926	105,201 21,368	7,391	***	8,303	3,494
				8,926	8,926	***	1,924	101
	TOTAL .	10,874,880	189,095	135,495	35,561	107	17,236	5,313
Godvaari anicut {	Godavari. Government land Inam land . Zemindari land .	***	50¢	***	290.057 16,881 126,245	7.869 8.567	-583	17,290 11,335 6,786
	TOTAL .		***		585,183	15.853		35,411
All other works	Government land Inam land	***	***	***	38,263	100	11,495	3,445
(	Zemindari land .	***	***	***	15,701 526	440	7,043	2,193
	TOTAL .	***	000		54.490	444	18,544	5,668
TOTAL . {	Government land Inam land . Zemindari land .	2,443.763 548.073 2,037,576	1,086,621 471,977 797,039	678,980 375 468 479,698	328,320 184,582 126,771	1,524	3,626	20.735 13.528 6,816
	TOTAL .	5,029,409	2,355,637	1,534,146	639,673		2.691	41,079
Kistna anicut . {	Kistna. Government land Inam land . Zemindari land .	***	****	***	233,876 77,733 75,509	4.109 49,918 872		4,255 182 12
	TOTAL .	***	000		387.118	24,899	***	4,449
All other works	Government land Inam land . Zemindari land .	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	***	508	112,819 26,386	83,513	***	16,953
	TOTAL .				3,545	393		1,030
TOTAL .	Government land	3,508,092	2,314,936	21,436,995	346,695	87,622	110	21,208
(	Zemindari land	682,628	645,596 327,569	426,765	79,054	1,265	***	19,193
	TOTAL .	5.374,080	3,288,101	2.116,765	529,868	130,984		41,443
renner anicut .	Nellore. Government land Inam land . Zemindari land .	***		***	34.299 9.617	000	866 971	9.611 3,786
	TOTAL .	***		***				
Sangam anicut 3	Government land Inam land .	***	***	***	43,916	14.555	1.837	3,381
	Zemindari land .	***	000	***	9,017	2,782	***	287
	TOTAL .	***	***		50,101	17,337	-	3,668

OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT. WORKS.

tion.

IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY FOR 1888-89.

years 1887-88 and 1888-89 in the Madras Presidency.

ROM DEG	живек 389., <i>і.е.</i> ,	Whot	E YEAR, 18	88-89.	Percentage of				Percentage of
In com	parison 887-88.	Total	In compar		or decrease	Months.	1887-88.	1888-89.	increase or decrease in
ncrease.	Decrease	a Cres.	Increase.	Decrease.	1888-89.	D A			1868-89.
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
							Inches.	Inches.	
2,490	0 0 0	39,475	491	8,177	+ 1 26	SW. monsoon .	31.22	18.13	- 41'79
475	***	10.517	447	***	+ 4'44	NE. do	10 07	7.66	- 20 95
4.513	111	204,103	•••	7.239	- 3'43	TOTAL .	41.62	26.09	- 37'31
	236	22,738	410	8.539	- 27:30	040 040	***	454	***
721	140	9,210	0 + 0	6,288	- 40.57	SW. monsoon . NE. do	40:69	25.23	+ 19.23
111		8 926	000	1,924	- 17 13		48.80	-	- 28:48
485		40,874		16,751	- 29'07	TOTAL .	48 80	34'90	- 26'40
7,626		307,347	15,495	•••	+ 5'31	******	***		***
4,639	***	180,216	13,206	*00	+ 7'91	*****	4 0 0	***	100
2,033		620.594	30,151		+ 5.11				
				10,947	- 20 70		111		
394	***	17.894		6,652	- 27'10	*****	***	***	100
141	***	556	* 5 4	6	- 1'07		***		
939		60,158	***	17,605	- 22'64	10100			
8,174	***	349,055	4,548		+ 1'32	SW. monsoon .	26.78	21.69	- 19'00
5,030	0 0 0	133,587	6,554	400	+ 1.00	NE. do.	anifin	9.55	- 0.01
15.237		680,752	12,546	***	+ 1.88	TOTAL .	3758	31.24	- 16.43
		_							***
2,384	2,924	238,131 77,915	16,994	-50	+ 2789	00+000	000		***
***	42	75,521	830	••• .	+ 1'11	500100	***		***
***	582	391.567	24,317	000	+ 6.62	005.03	***		
15,843	***	129.772	99,356	***	+ 326.66	*****	***	- 6-0	4 0 0
18,952	746	45:397 4:575	41,131	353	+ 964'16	*** ***	0.00		***
34.049		179.744	140,134		+ 353.78		•••		***
18,227		367,903	105,849	•••	+ 40'39	******		- 11	
16,028	400	123.312	58,125	***	+ 18.17	SW. monsoon	23.23	18.39	
	788	80 096	477	***		TOTAL	-	26.76	_
33.467		571.311	164,451	***	+ 40'42	- I OTAL .	32.71	20 /0	-
000	4,825	43,910	444	5,691			***	100	000
61	000	13,403	***	910	- 636	*****		***	***
***	4.764	57,313		6,601				,	
			1.231	-	+ 2.85	-	***	•	
000	13.324	44.465	014	***	+ 7.06			***	
0+0	•••		•••	***	***	******	•••		***
444	15,492	53.769	1,845	***	+ 3.55	******	***	***	***

								AREA
		Area of the	Cultivable	Cultivated	SOWN PRO	ом April 88, <i>i.e.</i> , ри		Sow 1888 T
Works.	ltems.	district in acres.	area in acres.	arca in acres.	Total		nparison 1887-88	Total
					acres.	Increase.	De- crease.	Acres,
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Post	Nellore—contd.						ò	
All other works	Government land Inam land Zemindari land	000	***	***	84,047 16,873	***	13,289 2,531 5	4,724 616
	TOTAL .	111			101,841		15.825	
- (	Government land	# 58 <b>9</b> ,369	-					29,336
TOTAL .	Inam land . Zemindari land .	045.191	560,352 46	824,772 320,013 46	160,330 35, <b>5</b> 07 21	400	720 5	36,988 8 797 616
	TOTAL .	5.609,600	2,178,329	1,144,831	195,858		325	46,401
	Government land	4 505 100	\$10 g					
	Inom laud . Zemindari land .	4.795.123 791,786	4,788,405 693,511	1,195.735 492,677	<b>7</b> 2.937 <b>40,6</b> 13	***	7,659	63,605 41,323
	TOTAL .	5,586,909	2,481,946	1,688,412	113,550		18,412	104,928
	Anantopur.							
18. E.	Government land Inam land . Zemindari land .	2,757,912 617,448	607,198	949,821 382,942	45,692 15,14,3	***	14.656 2,403	57,820 13,750
37 ×	TOTAL .	3,375,360	2,630,702	1,332,763	60,835	•••	17,059	71,570
Cont.	Bellary.						71-05	7-1370
B.C.	Government land Inam land Zemindari land	822,076	2,267,245 817,800	621,038	29,222 11,555	143	463	5,279 1,454
	TOTAL .	3.587,200	3.085.045	2,004.148	40,777	•••	320	6,733
	Kurnool.							
Kurnool-Cud- (	Government land	***	***		18.607	9.107	•••	4,190
dapah canal. {	Zemlndari land .	***	444	***	9,619	5,146	946	1,470
	TOTAL .		111		28,226	14.253		5 6to
(	Government land	33%	***		22,686		4,670	6,879
All other works	Inam land Zemindari land .	• • • •	***	•••	15,084	***	4,943	6,084
	TOTAL .		•••		37,770		9,583	12.956
	Government land	3,955,087	1,583,696	1,000,508	41,293	4:437	000	11,062
TOTAL .	Inam land	1,017,073	1,006,662	730,245	24,703	233	***	7,554
	TOTAL .	4,972,160	2,590,358	1,835,843	65,996	4,670		18,616
	Chingleput.				1			
Chembramba-	Government land	***		***	8,005	7		4.346
kam tank {	Inam land . Zemindari land	***	***	***	2,056	113	100	525
	TOTAL	111			10 06:	120		4,871
dadias water-)						-		
supply and ir-	Government land	•••	***	***	4.538	800	255	4,760
tension pro-	Zemindari land .	***	446	***	98	***	46	308 66
	Tone					-		
	TOTAL	114		000	5,477		443	5,143
il: other works	Government land Inam land Zemindari land .	***	***	***	263,118 48,510 2,041	5,699	9,088	90,511 16,332 490
		_	-					

years 1887-88 and 1888-80 in the Madras Presidency -continued.

RRIGA						RAINFA	ALL IN I	NCHES.	
HARCH I		Whot or see se	LE YEAR, 18		Percentage				Percentage
ln com	887-88.	Total		parison 1887-89.	or decrease	Months.	1887-88.	1888-89.	increase or decrease
ncrease.	Decrease	acres.	Increase.	Decrease.	in 1888-89.				in 1888-89.
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
555 565	877	108,943 21,597 637	.,. 560	12,734	- 10'46 - 13'63 + 727'27	**************************************	Inches.	Inches.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
243		131,177	.,,	15.582	- 10:62	******	***		
 \$65	17.594 2,584	197,318 44,304 637	 560	17,194 3,794	- 8'02 - 7'72 + 727'27	SW. monsoon . N.E. do.	11.62 35.6 <b>\$</b>	11.32	- 3'44 - 4981
	20,013	242,259	***	20,338	- 7:74	TOTAL .	47.27	29'21	- 38.21
***	23.044 11,848	130,542 81,936	5 0 0 6 a a 6 a a	30,703	- 18:36 - 21:62	S-W. monsoon . N.E. do	17'45 17 51	15'06 12'46	- 13'70 - 28'84
•••	34,892	218,478	***	53,304	- 19.61	TOTAL .	34'96	27.23	- 21.38
12,403 806	***	103,512 28,893	00°	2,253 1,597	- 2'13 - 5'24	SW. monsoon . NE. do	19.80	13 66 6 59	- 31°01 + 4'43
13,209	004	132,405		3,850	- 2.83	TOTAL .	26 11	20.52	32'44
1,295 246	000 100	34.501 13,009	1,438	217	+ 4'35 - 1'64	S.W. monsoon . NE. do.	16·84 5·59	18.16	- 9'9 <b>8</b>
1,541	•••	47,510	1,221	***	+ 2.64	TOTAL .	22:43	19.99	- 10.88
687	1,047	22,797 11,089	9.794 4.099	000	+ 75'32 + 58 64	003 ***	0 5 5	***	
***	360	33.886	13,893	***	+ 69'49	******	***		
462	5,854	29.558 21,168	000	10,524 4,451	- 26° 5 - 17.37	000000	***	***	***
***	5,392	50,726	150	14,975	- 22'79	****	100		***
***	5,167 585	52,355 32,257	100	730 352	- 1.37 - 1.08	SW. monsoon . NE. do	27'09 4'59	15'14 5'58	+ 44'11 + 21'51
***	5.752	84,612	*,00	1,082	- 1.30	TOTAL .	31.68	20 72	- 34'60
719 39	***	12,351 2,581	726 152	•••	+ 6.32 + 6.36	**************************************	000	000	000 000
758	101	14,932	-878	•••	+ 6.32	0.00 0.00			000
1,950 61 56	00 b 00 0	9,30 <b>7</b> 1,149 164	1,695	81	+ 22°27 - 6°58 + 6°49	000 to 0	•••	***	***
2,067		10,620	1,624		+ 18'05	800 00	***	***	
16,104	3,175	353,629 64.842 2,531	21,803	12,263	+ 6'57 - 15'90 - 5'74	# 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	400	***	***
13-141	• • • •	421,002	9,386	***	+ 2.38	. 000.007	***	***	

Comparative Statement of Irrigation and Rainfall for the

								AREA
	1.0	Aves of the	Cultivable	Cultivated	SOWN FROM	APRIL TO		SOW: 1888 T SECON
Works.	items.	district in acres.	area in acres.	area in acres.	Total acres.	with 1	parison 887-88.	Total acres.
3	3	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
TOTAL .	Chingleput—contd Government land Inam land Zemindari land	1,312,617 265,344 • 239,876	721,865 258 248 229.437	613.973 147.546 63,223	275,661 51,407 2,139	5,451	 9,117 412	90,626 17,165 550
	TOTAL .	1,817,837	1,209,550	824,737	329.207		4.078	117,347
Palar anicut . {	North Arcot. Government land Inam land Zemindari land	***	000 000	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	\$8.578 7,274	8,796	288	<b>22</b> ,028 <b>3</b> ,963
-	TOTAL .		•••		65,852	8,508		26,891
All other works	Government land inam land . Zemindari land . Total .		***	***	231.995 30,219  262,214	48,764	***	111,953
TOTAL . {	Government land Inam land . Zemindari land .	2,411 716 206.524 2,179,840	1,154,507	884,664 125,531	290,573 37,493	57.560 2,068	•••	134,881 20,781
> C. (	TOTAL .	4,798,080	1,312,992	1,010,195	328,006	59,628		155,662
Pelandorai ani-	South Arcot. Government land Inam land. Zemiadari land.	000	> e 8 5 x 6 6 e e	000 000	2,454 407	112	***	<b>5</b> 23 90
	TOTAL .		141		2,861	128		613
All other works {	Government land Inam land Zemiudari land	000	***	400	255.123 18,596 151	24.863 832 5	***	137,689 11,891 47
	TOTAL .				273.870	25,700		149,627
TOTAL . {	Government land luam land Zemindari land .	3,110,357 156,843 22,400	2,320,085 142,403 14,080	1,236,049 8 <b>9</b> ,95 <b>5</b> 6,585	257-577 19,003 151	24,975 848 5		138,212 11,981 47
	TOTAL .	3,289,600	2,477.468	1,333,489	276,731	25.828		1 50,240
Upper anicut . {	Tanjore. Government land Inam land Zemindari land	***	400	***	740.300 102,606	19,994	***	74.786 14,500
-	TOTAL .		1+1		842,906	22,147		89,286
All other works	Government land Inam land Zemindari land	***	000 000	904 996 408	61,136	2,385		7.656 <b>8</b> 89
4	TOTAL .	***			68,286	2,409		8,545
TOTAL . {	Government land lnam land Zemindari land	1,590,603 611,662 191,633	4,163,085 461.982 447,406	967,429 257,349 60,771	801,436 109,756	22,379	***	<b>82,442 15,389</b>
	TOTAL .	2,393,988	1.772,533	1,285,549	911,192	24.556	***	97.831
	Trickinopoly. Government land Inam land Zumindari land	2,422,565 214 235 391,680	1,289.666 174.398 321,071	817,168 114,584	3,961 22	9	3,236	\$1.529 6,280 5
	TOTAL .	3.028,480	1,785,135	931,752	104,331	***	4,949	57,820

years 1887-88 and 1888-89 in the Madras Presidency -continued.

RRIGAT							78.64	INCHES	
ARCH 186	39, i.e.,	WHOL	B YEAR, 188		Percentage of Increase				Percentage of Increase
In comp with 18		Total	In compar	-88.	or Decrease in	Months.	1887-88.	1888-89.	Or Decrease in
ncrease.	Decrease		Increase.	Decrease.	1888-89.				1888-89.
10	13	12	13	14	15	16	37	18	19
18,773		375.287	24,224	12,102	+ 690	SW. monsoon .	Inches.	Inches.	+ 20.00
268	3.075	68,572 2,695	444	144	- 507	NE. do	42 72	33,51	+ 22.36
15.966		446,554	11,888		+ 2'73	TOTAL .	60.2	54.72	9.57
533	3,451	81,506	5-345 245	***	+ 7.02 + 2.23	,	010 540		dba 
	2,918	92,743	5.590		+ 6'41	1 + 0 + 0 <b>0</b>	144		404
5,974	6,625	343.948 47.937	<b>\$4</b> ,738	4,269	+ 18 94	000000	***	***	000
	651	390,985	50,469		+ 14'82	***	**1		•••
2,523	6,092	<b>425</b> .454 58,274	60,083	4,024	+ 16.44	SW. monsoon . NE. do.	17:17	2012	+ 17.18 - 38.36
***	3,569	483,728	<b>5</b> 6,059	***	+ 13711	TOTAL .	46.89	38:44	- 18.03
46	101	2.977	158	400	+ 5'0 + 1'02	000.000	***	201	153
000		497	5	400	+ 1'02	*****		100	***
35		3.474	163	***	+ 4'92	*****	•••		
18,627 1,291	***	392,812 30,487 198	43.490 2,123 5	000	+ 12'45 + 7'48 + 2'59	******		988 989	4 6 6 6 6
19.918	•••	423,497	45.618	,,,	+ 12'07	*****			
18,673	***	395.789 30.984 198	43,648 2,128 5	***	+ 12'39 + 7'37 + 2'59	SW. monsoon . NE. do.	20°20 41°44	20'92 27'23	+ 3.20
19.953	***	426,971	45,781		+ 12'01	TOTAL	61'64	44.12	- 21'88
989	10,752	815.086 117,106	9.242 3,142	•••	+ 1.15	******	***		***
•••	9.763	932.192	12,184		+ 1.32	******			
***	2,721 134	68,792 8,039	000	336	- 0.48 - 1.35		404	4 0 4	***
	2,855	76,831		446	- 0.28	49000			
855	13,473	883.878 125,145	8.906 3,032	0.0	+ 102				+ 1'9
	12,618	1,009,023	11,938		+ 1'20	TOTAL	57.16	47'05	- 17.6
3,632 1,003		151.877 10,247 27		719		SW. monsoon	. 15'05		
4,616		162,151		333	- 0'20	TOTAL	. 38.3%	28.68	- 25'2

Comparative	Statement	of	Irrigation	and	Rainfall	For	42.	

- 11	44,41,000					OM APRIL		
Works.	Items.	Area o	ict area in		d EMBER 10	In compariso with 1887-88		SECON
TOP					Total acres.	Increase	De-	Total acres.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Crease 8	9
31	Madura, Government lan Inam land . Zemindari land	d 2,041.43 219,88	8 204,76	3 81,355		100	375 16	74.739 7.871
LP	TOTAL	5.631,56	0 2,788,419	971,683	-	-	•••	82,610
Srivaikuntham anicut.	Tinnevelly. Government lan lnam land. Zemindari land	ð	000	***	11,017 582 608		***	19,327 1,139 789
	TOTAL				18,207	6,511		21.255
All other works	Government land Inam land . Zemindari land		000	000	79,108 6,484 12,255	1,041	186 46	190,321 14,370 9,325
	TOTAL		***	•••	96,847	809	***	214,016
TOTAL .	Government land Inam land Zemindari land	269,955	237,633	191,187	89,125 7,066 12,863	6,652 106 562	***	209,648 15,509 10,114
	TOTAL	3,450,082	2,515,697	2,040,661	109.054	7,380	•••	235.271
	Government land Inam land . Zemindari land	336,235	322,842	2,159.127 258,892 78,303	85,464 8,357	<b>461</b> 569	*10	29,120 3.432
	TOTAL	5,030,400	3,219,663	2,494,322	93,821	1,030	004	32,552
Barur tank pro-	Salem. Government land Inam land . Zemindari land .	***	000	900	413 34	***	216 56	138
100	TOTAL .		***		447	•••	272	. 158
All other works {	Government land Inam land . Zemindari land .	086 080	000 000 PT 6	001	86,261 6,694 274	***	6,611	30.995 2,363
	TOTAL .		***	***	93.229		6,686	33,358
TOTAL .	Government land Inam land . Zemindari land .	3,571.914 259,606 1,111,628	1,825,275	1,289,673 80,579	86,674 6,728 274	***	6,827	31,133
	TOTAL .	4,943.148	1,982,056	1,370,252	93,676		6,958	33,516
TOTAL ANICUT {	Government land Inam land . Zemindari land .	000 101	***	***	1,443,228 388.667 202 460	68,823 37.530 851	141 686 144	165,544 37,605 7,653
	TOTAL .	***			2,034,355	107,204	100	210,802
TOTAL OF ALL S	Government land Inam land . Zemindari land .	000	***	***	1,851,312 325.715 37,882	101,877	21,556 1,986	915,282 173,113 12,018
	TOTAL ,		• • • •		2,214,909	78,335	**.	1,100,413
INCLUDING	Inam land Zemiudari land	49,997,893 7,872,522 26,242,646	27,306,327 7,108,048 4,870,756	18,097,849 4,839,683 1,638,343	3,294,540 714,382 840,342	170,700	1,135	1,080,826 210.718 19,671
	TOTAL .	4,113,061	39,285,131	24,575,875	4,249,264	185,539		1,311,215

and the first of the property of the party o

years 1887-88 and 1888-89 in the Madras Presidency -concluded.

	TED	_				KAINI	ALLIN	INCHES		
ARCH I	889, i.e.,	Wног	E YRAR, 188		Percentage of Increase				Percentage of Increase	
with 1	Decrease	Total acres.	In comparison with 1887-88.  Increase. Decrease.		Decrease in 1888-89.	Months.	1887-88.	1888-89	Or Decrease in 1888-89.	
10	8.8	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	
				4			11	2 . 1		
1,643	***	193.882 17,897 79	26,434 1,368	16	+ 15°79 + 8°28 - 16 84	SW. monsoon . NR. do.	10'72 21'79	9'08 21'87	- 15'30 + 0'37	
12,483	•••	211,858	27,786		+ 15'09	TOTAL .	32.21	30.95	- 4'79	
67	8,477	30.344	4,134 359	***	+ 15.77 + 26.36	****	* * *	***	+46	
***	28	1,397	580		+ 70'99	*****	***			
***	1,438	33,462	5.073		+ 17.87			111		
4,242 6 ₀ 8	310	268 429 20 854 21,580	5,283  652	496	+ 2'01 - 2'32 + 3'12	•••••	***	100		
4,630		310,863	5,439	***	+ 1.78	001	***			
41030		310,103		***	- 176	*** *	***			
2,765 670	243	298.773 22.575 22.977	9,417	137	+ 3'25 - 0'60 + 5'67	S.W. monsoon . NE. do.	6 86	7°00 30°16	+ 3.35	
3,192		344,325	10,512		+ 3'15	TOTAL .	33'95	37*25	+ 9'72	
8.056		114,584	8,517	000	+ 8:03					
107	110	11,789	459	***	+ 4'05	S.=W. monsoon . NE. do	11.39	9'33	- 2'81 -36'74	
7,946		126,373	8,976	**-	+ 7.65	TOTAL .	26'14	20'40	-21'95	
6	92	551 54	***	308	-35'85 -48'08	*****	•••	***		
144	***	***	***	***		******	***			
***	86	605		358	-37'17	0.0000				
4,300	1,058	117,256 9,057 274	000	. 2,311 1,131 6	- 1'93 -11'10 - 2 14	540 547 000 800 185	000	***	443	
3,238		126,587	***	3.448	- 2'65	*****				
4,208	•••	117,807	101	2,619	- 217	*****				
100	1,052	9,111	***	1,181	-11'47 - 2'14	SW. monsoon . NE. do, .	18.65	18.36	- 1.22 - 32.36	
3,152		127,192		3,806	- 2'90	TOTAL .	35.83	29'98	-16:33	
245 2,019	20,509	1,608,772 426,272 210.113	48,314 37,775 2,870	000	+ 3'21 + 9'78 + 1'38	**************************************	***	000	• 🐠	
***	18,245	2,245,157	88,959		+ 4,24	*****	•••	110	10-	
73.054	***	2,766,594	174,931	.,.	+ 660	400 ***			0,	
2.026	000	498,828	***	18,630	- 3.20 - 1.20	*****	***	600		
77,161	***	3,315,322	155,496		+ 483	****	***	***	***	
52,545		4.375.366	223,245		+ 5:38	*****			***	
3,171	000	925,100 260.013	19,145	•••	+ 5.11	SW. monsoon . NE. do	19:33	15.20	-16°19	
58,916	***	5,560,479	944.455		- 4'59	TOTAL .	39.76	31°79	-20'04	

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

# RETAIL PRICES FOR THE 1St HALF OF NOVEMBER 1889.

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Bengal- Bastern kill Lacts- Chittagong Hill Tracts Hill Tipperah Nagi Hills	Backergunge Norskholly Chitagong Tipperah Dacer Mymensingb	Deltaic— Khoolna	Howrah Calcutta Hooghly Nuddea (Kishnaghur Jessore Furreedpore	Bankoora Budwan Budwan Berbhoon Moorshedabad Southal Perguanahs Pubaa Bogra Raishahye	Northern— Rungpore Diragepore Jalpaguri Darjoching	Protect Cuttack	Chota-Naghur—Singbhoom	Lohardugga	Hazáribágh

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Secretary to the Government of India.

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	JOWAR OR CHOLUM (Sarghum Tulgare).	Present (ortnight,	S. Ch.		20 3	23.1 6.2	30 18	19 0	32 14 32 13 20 14	25 14	27 0 0 27 0 0 27 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
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## GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT. RAILWAY TRAFFIC.

No. XXXIV of 1889-90.

## APPROXIMATE STATEMENT OF GROSS RECEIPTS AND EXPENSES OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

N.B.—As regards the figures in column Total Receipts from ast Abril to date, audited figures have been used, as far as possible

	N.B.—As regards the ng	WEE	K ENDING VEMBER, 1	24TH 888.	WER	K ENDING	23RD 89.	RECEIPTS F	ROM	TOTAL RECEIPTS I	ROM 23RD		
Latest Return received.	Railways.	Total mean length open.	Total.	Per mile open.	Total mean length open.	Total,	Per mile open.	Total.	Per mile open per week.	Total.	Per mile open per week,	Total Increase in 1889-90.	Total Decrease in 1889-90.
	State Lines worked by	-1	R	R		R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
goth Nov., 1889 30th ditto 30th Nov., 1889 30th ditto 30th ditto 30th ditto	Patna-Gya Dildárnagar-Gházipur	1,514 57 12 75 1,664 183 854	9,79,468 10,171 927 5,901 3,77,133 28,298 83,058	647 178 77 79 227 155 97	1,526 57  1,672 305 978	(a) 9,26,089 9,247 (b) (c) 3,85,000 (e) 36,336 75,095	607 162  230 119 77	2,75,76,246 3,25,293 41,614 2,30,552 1,16,10,992 9,15,209 25,52,225	\$36 107 102 90 205 145 88	(a)2,75,93,118 3,18,727 (b) (c) 1,22,03,429 (e)11,10,348 26,05,565	532 104  216 108 87	\$5,92,437 1,95,079 53,340	6,566 41,614 2,30,552
goth ditto	tion Indian Midland	140 136	12,048 8,987	86 66	206 740	20,586 (g) 83,170	111	3,85,47n 4,27,299	81 92	6,12,071 (g)18,92,163	71 82	2,26,651 14,64,864	***
30th ditto	Villupuram-Guntakal, Nellore Branch Bareilly-Pilibhit	83 36	4,020 2,706	59 75	83 36	4,059 3,621	49	1,61,917 53,636	59 45	<b>1,</b> 61,690 65,924	<b>5</b> 9	12,288	227
sard ditto .	TOTAL .	4.754	15,13,617	318	5,699	15,43,803	271	4,42,80,513	274	4,65,63,035	251	22,82,522	
	State Lines worked by										-		
goth Nov., 1889 23rd ditto 30th ditto 30th ditto 30th ditto 30th ditto 30th ditto 33th ditto 33rd ditto	Government. North-Western (h) Oudh and Rohilkhand Bengal Central Wardha Coal Eastern Bengal Nalhati Tirhoot Lucknow-Sitapur-Sih-	2,411 092 125 45 67.3 27 27	5,85,865 1,40,812 16,973 24,102 2,63,327 2,234 45,512	243 203 130 530 391 83 167	2,477 692 125 45 747 27 273	6,47,645 1,40,006 11,250 16,431 2,71,000 1,700 43,530	261 211 90 365 363 63	1,64,85,968 43,77,378 4,77,330 5,07,250 68,99,572 64,946 10,67,117	201 186 112 341 282 72 123	1,79,42,577 48,36,143 4,95,352 5,93,559 71,27,642 62,445 12,37,269	214 200 117 330 292 69	14,56,609 4,58,705 18,022 ,2,28,070 ,1,70,152	3,691
23rd ditto 30th ditto 23rd ditto	ramau Jorhat Cherra-Companyganj. Burma (i)	105 31 7 441	4,701 1,556 267 63,146	45 50 38	105 25 7 553	5,313 - 948 398 74,851	51 38 56 135	1,62,942 39,922 5,153 18,98,264	46 38 22 140	2,03,553 40,107 6,572 20,38,080	57 47 28 162	40,611 245 1,419 10,39,816	000
	TOTAL	4,830	11,48,495	238	5,076	12,19,129	240	3,19,85,842	198	3.53.93.359	207	34,07,517	
30th Nov., 1889 30th ditto . 23rd ditto . 30th ditto .	Lines worked by Gua- ranteed Companies. Madras South Indian Great Indian Peninsula Bombay, Baroda and Contral India (1)	840 654 1,504	t,64,204 98,099 (j) 7,79,437 2,45,837	195 151 518	840 054 1,447 461	1,77,292 95.033 (k)S,48,472 2,48,000	217 146 586 538	55,28,157 36,13,724 (1)2,58,39,273 78,45,221	501	60,29,405 37,77,707 (k)3,05,52,540 80,29,729	212 171 421 514	5,01,248 1,04,043 	52,86,733
	TOTAL .	3,459	12,88,177	372	3,402	13,69,397	403	4,28,26,375	364	3,83,59,441	333	241	44.36.934
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	NET RECEIPTS .	111		***		44		5,69,26,927	129	5,74,05,938	122	4,79,031	
30th Nov., 1889 16th ditto	Assisted Companies Tarakeshwar Dibru-Sadiya Bengal and North-	22	5,978	272	22	4.384 (m)	199	1,83,378 (n)2,82,852	245 110	1,77,541	238	21,313	5,837
agrd dicto	Western . Rohilkhand-Kumaun .	376	52,821 4,558	140 68	376 67	39,840 6,723	100						***
	TOTAL .	4/15	63,357	136	465	50,947	110	21,91,6.8	119	22,83,358	124	91,740	
30th Nov., 188	Nizam's Guaranteed His Highness the Gackwar's His Highness the	310	-0	78	354 59	49,980		10,87,166 86,688		80.0			 452
30th ditto	Gaekwar's Viramgan Mehsana-Vadnagar Bhávanagar-Condal- Junágarh-Porbandar	21			320		73	6,49,267	96		89		
30th ditto	Morvi Jodhpore	08 124	2,903	43	68	2,860	42	1,11,782	48	1,22,052	53	10,270	3,66.6
	TOTAL	791	79.378	100	901	86,960	90	21,88,:45	84	27,84,562	91	5.96,417	

M. C. BRACKENBURY, Major, R.E., Under-Secretury.

⁽a) Includes the Dildárnagar-Gházipur State Railway.
(b) Included with East Indian Railway.
(c) Included with Indian Milland Railway.
(d) Includes the Katni-Umaria Branch.
(e) Includes the Sanctoria Coal Section of the Bengal-Nágpur Railway.
(f) Includes the Bellary-Kistna State Railway.
(g) Includes the Sindia and Bhopal-Itársi State Railways.
(h) Includes the Anritsar-Pathánkot and Rajpura-Bhatinda State Railways.

⁽i) Includes the Toungoo-Mandalay extension.
(j) Includes the Dhond-Manmad, Khamgaon, Amraoti and Bhopal-Itarsi State Railways.
(k) Includes the Dhond-Manmad, Khamgaon and Amraoti State Railways.
(l) Includes the Patri Branch.
(m) Return not received.
(m) Total receipts from 1st April to 17th November 1888.
(o) Total receipts from 1st April to 16th November 1889.

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DELIVERS FLESH FROM THE SAME AND REAL PROPERTY.

Printed and published for the Government of India, at the Office of the Superintendent of Government Printing, India, No. 8, Hastings Street, Calcutta.

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## SUPPLEMENT

## The Gazette of Andia.

No. 52. } CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1880.

## OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A Supplement to the Gazette of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The Debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in Part VI of the Gazette.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the Supplement separately on a payment of five Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or eight Rupees if sent by Poet. The Supplement and Part VI of the Gazette can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta or Rupees nine if sent by Poet.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the Gazette of India is required by Law, or which it has been austomary to publish in the Calcutta Gazette, will be included in the Supplement. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the Gazette must be looked to.

### GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

## PUBLIC WOKKS DEPARTMENT

CIVIL WORKS.

Telegraph.

## ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE INDO-EUROPEAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT FOR THE YEAR 1888-89.

No. 308 T., dated Calentta, the 19th December, 1889.

RESOLUTION-By the Government of India, Public Works Department.

Read-

Letter from the Director-General of Telegraphs, No. 164 I. E., dated the 19th November 1889, and its enclosure, the Report for 1888-89.

OBSERVATIONS.—The Capital Account of the Indo-European Telegraph Department was decreased by sales of stores, &c., by Rs. 40,230 during the year 1888-89. The Capital Account stood at Rs. 1,12,41,365 at the end of the year.

2. The receipts for the last four years have been-

					-	Rs.
1885-86	*101.78	•				10,19,284
1886-87						10,03,795
1887-88		1	10			10,35,235
1888-89		THE PARTY	35,780			11 44 800

The figures now given for 1887-88 differ slightly from those given in the previous year's report; the difference is due to the fact that the figures have been revised on the basis of the Administrative Accounts.

The increase in revenue is mainly due to the fact that traffic was diverted to the Indo-European route in consequence of a break in the Eastern Company's cables, which occurred for 32 days from 11th August to the 11th September 1888. This prolonged break threw a severe strain on the staff of both the Persian and Persian Gulf Sections of the Indo-European Department.

3. The working expenses of the year were Rs. 9,53,223, and the net revenue was Rs. 1,91,877. In the previous year, the Department worked at a profit of Rs. 1,98,381.

## 1380 SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, DECEMBER 28, 1880.

## 4. The working expenses of the last four years have been as follows :-

¥ 8 4 8 .		-	Rut	1100.	* T.		1811 (	Ĭ.			
			Ordinary.	Extra- ordinary.	Cable Bleamer.	Missella- neous.	Butablish- ment.	Tools and Plant.	Administra- live charges.	Total,	
1	7			Ba,	Rag	71 284	Re.	Re	Rs.	Re.	Ra,
1985-86				1,28,024	7,68,698	1,32,686	19,765	5,29,248	46,668	800	16,20,07
1866-87		0		1,75,888	778	1,09,944	14 487	5,30,488	88,944		8,65,529
1887-88	0			1,21,538	***	1,18,660	86,299	5.18,8 6	44,944	1,550	8,36,850
1888-80				2,29,925		1,08,487	18,859	5,28,818	33,560	88.574	9,53,222

The increase in the expenditure of the year under review was mainly due to extensive repairs and renewals of the cables which had been laid in 1864. These had been previously repaired, here and there, in short lengths, so that the cables consisted of many short lengths of new cables connected by old pieces. This rendered repairs difficult and expensive, as the pieces of new cable had to be raised when old lengths required repair, and this strained and otherwise injured the new pieces. It was therefore decided to lift and thoroughly repair the 1864 cables throughout, at a cost of Rs. 7,03,000, to be distributed over three or four years. During last year, 201 knots of cable were expended in renewals and repairs.

5. The traffic transmitted during the year was considerably in excess of that of 1887-88. State messages were practically the same, but commercial and private messages increased by about 30 per cent., and press messages were more by 50 per cent. than those of the previous year. The average length of messages was about the same as last year—12:5 words per message.

6. There was no total interruption on the Persian Gulf Section, i.e., no simultaneous break of cables and of land line at the same time, during the year, and although there was a long interruption on the Gwadur-Karachi cable in August and September 1888, the traffic was passed by the other lines; so that throughout the year there was no break on the Persian Gulf Section between Karachi and Bushire which affected communication with Europe. On the Persian Section the interruptions, owing to the severity of the winter, were rather in excess of those of the previous year, and the period of total interruption, mainly due to a great snowstorm at Shiraz, amounted to 50 hours 46 minutes.

7. The average speed of transmission of the three routes between England

and Calcutta has been-

				Vid.	Vid. Turkey.	Via. Suez.
	1 2			H. M.	H. M.	Н. М.
1888-89				2 24	• 19. 28	3 2
1887-89				1 11	16 11	2 42
1886-87	· 4 8 3 .	•	•	1 31	18 23	2 81

The decrease in speed in the Teheran route was due to the break on the Eastern Company's cable in August and September 1888, and to the fact that, for part of that time, only one circuit was available on the Indo-European

8. The Indo-European Telegraph Department has been under the charge of the Director General of Telegraphs, Colonel Mallock, during, practically, the whole year. During the cold weather of 1888-89 he visited Persia and personally inspected the lines and stations, with the object of proposing measures for consolidating the amalgamation of the Indo-European and the Indian Telegraph Departments. The thanks of Government are due to him for his administration of this branch of his Department, ......

ORDER.—Ordered, that a copy of this Resolution be forwarded to the Director General of Telegraphs for information and guidance.

Also that copies of the Report and Resolution be forwarded to the Depart. ment of Finance and Commerce and the Home Department for information.

Also to the Government of Bombay for information.

Ordered further, that the Report and the Resolution be forwarded to the

Secretary of State for the information of Her Majesty's Government, and published in the Gazette of India.

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4. The working expenses of the let four years have been as fellows:-

## ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF

## THE INDO-EUROPEAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT

FOR

1888-89

## CAPITAL AND REVENUE ACCOUNT.*

Capital.—The Capital of the Department was reduced by R40,230 and stood, on the 31st March 1889, at R1,12,41,365 compared with R1,12,81,595 at the end of the previous year. The decrease is made up with the debits and credits under the following heads:—

Works.
Tools and Plant.
Stores.
Suspense Heads.
Public Works Department Charges.

Further particulars are shown in Appendix A.

2. Revenue. Working Expenses.—A summary of the receipts and expenditure of the year 1888-89 is given in Appendix B. The expenditure in 1888-89 was R9,53,223 against R8,36,856 in the previous year, showing an increase of R1,16,367. Of this increase, R97,275 is accounted for by the following figures, extracted from the Finance Accounts, as explanatory of the chief differences:—

· · · · (4)	1887-88.	1888-89.	Increase.	Decrease.
and the second second second	R	R	R	R
Repairs and renewals of cables	40,852	1,49,829	1,08,977	
Repairs and renewals of Land lines	29,275	40,787	11,512	***
Advertising charges in England	13,012	11,854		1,158
Director-in-Chief and London Office	43,048	16,042	***	27,006
Director General's Tour in Persia and Turkish	***	2,280	2,280	019
Arabia.		643	643	***
Clerks in Director General's Office Special appointment of Deputy Examiner to revise accounts.	nol %	2,109	2,109	
Travelling and house allowances of special accounts establishment.	•••	1,595	1,595	409
Subsidies to Beluch Chiefs	16,134	19,904	3,770	60.0
Signalling clerks	94.533	97,162	2,629	
Repairs of Patrick Stewart	6,883	12,521	5,638	***
Coals	34,555	23,882	881	10,673
Line repairs in Persia	27 276	24.235		3,041
OF TOTAL	•••	• • • •	1,39,153	41,878

3. Receipts.—The Receipts amounted to R11,44,600, of which R11,30,310 were derived from message revenue. Compared with the receipts of the previous year, these items show increases of R1,09,363, and R1,50,548 respectively. The increase under the head of message revenue is due to two causes. The receipts of 1887-88 were unusually low owing to the break-down of the cables rented by the Indo-European Company from the German Union Company and the British Post Office, between Emden and Lowestoft, which was noticed in last

med in the Casette of India.

[•] A summary of the Capital and Revenue Account for the last five years is given in Appendix CC.

year's report; while they were greatly increased in 1888-89 by extra traffic passing over the Indo-European route, owing to the break in the Eastern Company's cable in August and September 1888. On the other hand, the receipts from Local and Terminal messages were less than the receipts from the same source in 1887-88, on account of the termination of the work of the Afghan Boundary Commission, which raised the receipts of 1887-88 to an abnormally high level.

These local receipts have now become normal.

4. Net Revenue.—If the payment of R1,80,270 on account of the defer-red annuity to the shareholders of the late Red Sea Telegraph Company be taken into account, the net revenue was only R11,107, but if this sum be excluded, and charges appertaining to the Indo-European Telegraph Department alone be considered, there was a credit balance of R1,91,377 representing a profit of 1.72 per cent. on the capital of the Department. In considering the interest earned on the total capital sunk, it should be borne in mind that the capital of the Indo-European Telegraph Department has been appreciated by the charges of the Political Department and the Bombay Marine, incurred on first opening of the route, charges not usually debited to the capital of ordinary Telegraph Administrations. It also bears the burden of R1,69,169 on account of the Turkish line, most of which sum is due to the Indian Government having paid the salaries, &c., of the Engineers employed in making the lines from Fáo to Baghdad and Khanikin.

5. Royalties and Subsidies.—Again in the Revenue account, before the receipts of the line between Teheran and Bushire are credited to this Department, a sum of R48,000 royalty to the Shah of Persia is first deducted and half the balance given as a subsidy to the Indo-European Telegraph Company. There are then further subsidies of krans 30,000 or R12,000 to be paid to the Shah of Persia on account of the lines in Persian-Beluchistan and R28,280 to the chiefs in Beluchistan, all of which are taxes for the establishment of commulication between England and India through foreign territories. Such taxes, not applicable to the Indian Telegraph Department, the whole of which is within British territory, render it impossible for the Indo-European Telegraph Department to pay a percentage on capital at all approaching that paid by the former, from the capital account of which all excess valuation was written off some

years ago.

6. Joint Purse. - In addition to the subsidy to the Indo-European Company and the royalties paid to Persia and Beluchistan, the Department has for some years been a loser by the Joint Purse Agreement, made in 1878, with the Indo European and Eastern Telegraph Companies, as is shown by the following

,* * *	Yı	AR.	3		Paid in	Drawn out.	Excess paid in	Excess drawn out.
1878-79 1879-80 1880-81 1881-82 1882-83 1883-84 1884-85 1885-86 1886-87 1886-88 1888-89	 	0 0 0 0 0 0	TOTA		42,300 52,488 57,235 67,108 81,408 85,376 807,317 80,980 71,808 91,355	62,264 68,877 76,128 74,528 84,861 76,547 76,610 85,824 75,246 73,976 77,136	25.867 4,861	19,955 16,389 18,887 7.420

7. Division of Traffic. The standard proportions, on which the division of the joint purse receipts is made, are based on the following perceipts

		MA C. LYCL	aca ou rue toll	owing	Dercentages
On Indian Tra	ffic	$\{V_i\}$	d Suez d Indo-European	Route	. 60.39%
On Trans-Indi		. { Vii	Suez Indo-European	Route	· 39.61 % · 80.53 % · 19.47 %

				** · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	alida	ivortes	San plane
The percentages	of traffic	actually	carried	have been	DIMINA	1 14000	E WOOD

			10 8		Piembaffant n	ON TRANS-INI	DIÁN TRAFFIC. S
vak sounder	ton the Af		70	Vid Suez.	Vid Indo-Euro- pean Route.	L Wid Suez. 11	Vid Indo-Euro pean Route.
n 1878-79 .	Patrick 21.73			71.31%	28.690/0	95'26°/	4.74%
, 1879-80				67.91°/ 69.01°/	32'09°/	94'10°/ 92'50°/ 81'26°/	5'90°/ 7'50°/ 18'74°/
, 1881-82 · . , 1882-83 ·	•	•	•	64.63°/ ₀ 48.34°/ ₀	35'37°/° 51'66°/° 44'04°/°	59'260/	40.74°/° 16.48°/°
, 1883-84	•	•		55°96°/ 53°02°/ 52°14°/	46.080/	84.44°/	15'56°/
, 1885-86 . , 1886-87 .		•	•	55.46°/	47.86°/, 44.54°/,	75.31°/°	25.00°/ 14.68°/ 13.52°/
,, 1888-89	•	•		51.69%	39'07°/	86·48°/ 77°04°/	22.96%

The division of receipts, since 1878-79, is shown in Appendix C.

## INTERRUPTIONS.

8. Total Interruptions.—The Eastern Company's cables were interrupted for 32 days from the 11th August to the 11th September 1888, which caused the whole traffic to be diverted by the Indo-European route. The traffic thus diverted amounted to 29,033 messages, which passed through Karachi at an average of 907 a day. For the heavy work thrown on the staff of both the Persian and Persian Gulf Sections, the Government of India sanctioned to the signallers concerned a bonus of R3,573-9-4 as a reward for the extra work per-

formed by them.

80:53

9. The Indo-European Company's line was totally interrupted for periods aggregating 44 days during the year, the longest interruptions being one on the North Sea cables, which commenced in February 1888 and was restored on the 5th April 1888, two on the Reuter cable, one commencing on the 30th November 1887 and ending on the 18th April 1888, another commencing on the 20th December and ending on the 23rd December 1888, and three during February and March 1889 on the Kertch-Suchum section, lasting 7 days 5 hours 20 minutes, 1 day 21 hours 15 minutes, and 1 day 18 hours 40 minutes respectively. With reference to these three interruptions Mr. Andrews, the Managing Director, supplies an interesting account of the exertions of the staff in restoring communication under the most trying circumstances. The Company bas duplicated cables across the Straits of Kerch so as to avoid total interruption to communications by this route; but the winter in South Russia had been unusually severe, and when the ice broke up, it was driven down the rivers and from the Sea of Azoff, through the Straits of Kertch with such force, that it broke both the Company's cables weighing ten tons to the mile, and also the Russian Government cable. Owing to the extensive nature of the damage done, the ice and storms, the work of repairing was one of extreme difficulty; but in spite of all, communication was restored through one cable by the 22nd March 1889, the other two not being finally repaired till the 18th April following. During this interruption the Company, through the indulgence of the Russian Government, was allowed the partial use of the land line which passes round the Sea of Azoff via Rostow to Wladikawkas and Tiflis.

10. On the Turkish Route, the interruptions between Western Europe and India aggregated 51 days 17 hours 22 minutes, of which 50 days 2 hours 49 minutes were due to interruptions between Constantinople and Fáo. The duration of interruptions on this route for the previous three years compared with those of 1888-89 are—semantial and no local are about 200

<b>夏</b> 自1410	Mich and no	D.	H.	M.	
1885-86	Sues lade-Euspean	. 129	9	1	On In the Th
1886-87	แขวนี้ออดระจากละ	. 109	9	9	
			20	59	On Trans.in
1888-89	neadorn Handard	20 7 51	17	22	

This improvement in the condition of the lines is to be attributed to the great efforts made by the Turkish Administration to improve the line from Constantinople to Aleppo, from which the Baghdad line branches at Diarbekir. The section from Diarbekir to Mosul is still on wooden posts and it is not anticipated that it will be much improved for the next seven or eight years. From Mosul to Fáo the line is in good condition.

11. Partial Interruptions not stopping Traffic. - For purposes of the Joint Purse Agreement, an interruption is only taken into account if the traffic is totally interrupted for 24 hours. Consequently a break on one of the three wires between Teheran and Bushire or on one of the two cables or on the land lines

between Jask and Karachi is considered a partial interruption.

12. On the Persian Gulf Section, the India rubber cable between Jask and Bushire was interrupted for 58 days on account of breaks, repairs and renewals, and the cable between Jask and Karachi for 71 days which, happening during the monsoon, repairs were not possible till the sea subsided; there was also a short interruption in the Bushire-Fáo cable, lasting 21 hours, during repairs.

13. On the Mekran Coast lines, there were 14 partial interruptions aggregating 14 days 8 hours and 40 minutes in duration, caused by breaks of the wire, and one of five hours' duration caused by a storm. There was however throughout the year no interruption on the Persian Gulf Section which affected communication with Europe.

14. The partial interruptions in Persia aggregated 631 hours in duration, of which 120 hours were due to wilful damage and 71 hours to camels, while the

balance was due to snowstorms and atmospheric causes.

## TRAFFIC.

The Service Regulations and tariffs of the Berlin revision of the International Telegraph Convention of 1885 remained in force throughout the year. The rates between the Gulf and India were, however, increased by one anna per rupee from the 1st July 1888. In Appendices D and G will be found particulars of the traffic and net value of the receipts for the year, and the following table gives a comparative statement of the traffic for three years :-

				YEAR.					Messages.	Words.
1886-87	٠						1		90,733	1,364,192
887-88		•	•	•	•	•			82,540	1,266,849
888-89	0	•	•	•	•			•	114,991	1,642,079

16. The fluctuations are accounted for as follows:-

In 1886-87, the Persian Gulf transit rates were reduced, and low press rates introduced, from July 1886. In 1887-88, the Indo European Company's lines were interrupted in February and March 1888, and in 1888-89, the Suez route was interrupted for 32 days, which accounts for the increase in the number of messages during last year. Allowing, however, for the increase from this cause, the receipts of 1888-89 would still exceed ten lacs of rupees.

17. The paid telegrams and words carried by the Department for the last

three years may be classified as below:-

Year,	ST	ATE.	COMMERCIAL	AND PRIVATE.	PRESS AT	REDUCED TES.
	Telegrams.	Wo ds.	Telegrams.	Words.	Telegrams.	Words.
1886-87 u.mres daide	2,916	118,552	84,462	1,124,074	1,355	121,566
1887-88 - zeklas - 10 .		90,238	78,850	1,050,757	{ 1,079 †97	5 ² ,57 ² 73,28 ²
of insquent reps 68-8881	² ,957	93,093	109,524	1,364,945	1000.	78,454
W CREVEE	13 6 1225		LIRE UND	in basts		7 7737

Although there are only two international wires, the Persian Government always in cases of necessity gives * Special Press messages to London, for The Times Tolding slos Tubern

18. A satisfactory increase is noticeable both in the commercial and private and press messages, while the number of State telegrams remains about the

19. The average length of commercial and private messages was 12'5 words, which is about the same as in the previous year. There were also 533 Government and Press messages, valued at R12,507, sent free of charge for Her Britannic Majesty's Ambassador at Teheran, who supplies His Imperial Majesty the Shah with copies.

20. The following table gives the percentage of traffic which has passed over the Teheran and Turkish routes respectively for the last three years:-

				- · V	id Teheran.	Vid Turkey.
1886-87				•	95'47	4'53
1887-88					93'74	6.26
1888-89			4		94.28	5.72

21. Speed of Transmission. - The average speed of transmission from the United Kingdom to Calcutta for the last three years by the three routes was-

			V	id Te	heran.	Vid Tu	rkey.	Via S	uez.
	103			H.	M.	H.	M.	H.	M.
1886-87				I	31	13	23	2	31
1887 88				1	1.1	16	11	2	42
1888-89				2	24	19	28	3	02

22. The slower average rate during 1888-89 by the Teheran route is due to the extra traffic being thrown on that route, during the break of the Eastern Company's cable during August and September, and to only one circuit being available by the Indo-European route for more than half the time. If the averages of these two months are excluded, the rate becomes I hour 14 minutes, or practically the same as last year.

23. Detailed particulars of the rates of transmission are shown in Appendices E and F, between Karachi and Teheran and between the United Kingdom and Karachi. The slow rate of transmission, compared with last year, is due to only one circuit being available at times. Every effort is made to keep up the speed of working, but as the accuracy of transmission is a vital point, it some-

times happens that speed must be sacrificed to obtain accuracy.

24. The speed vid Turkey continues unsatisfactory and is mainly due to

inefficient watching at night.

25. Check of Errors.—The total number of words examined for errors was approximately 1,020,703, which resulted in showing that the accuracy of transmission was 99 548 per cent. between Karachi and Teheran. The percentage of errors on the Persian section was 0'182, and on the Persian Gulf section 0'270. Owing to the press of work during the months of August and September, due to the interruption of the Suez route, the messages of those months were not

26. Rectifying Messages and Public Complaints.—The total number of complaints of errors, delays and non-delivery of messages, received for investigation and transfer to the other Administrations concerned, was 84. Of these, 54 came from Europe and 30 from India and the far East. In addition to these, there were 30 references on miscellaneous subjects, which brings the gross total up to 114. Of this number, the Indo-European Department was answerable for only 1 delay, 5 errors and 9 non-deliveries, making a total of 15, out of the gross total of 114 complaints of all kinds.

## PERSIAN GULF TELEGRAPHS.

## CABLES.

27. A long interruption on the Gwadur-Karachi Cable, which was simultaneous with the break on the Eastern Company's Cable in August and September 1888, caused an investigation to be made into the general state of the cables which had been laid in 1864. It was found that, in consequence of frequent repairs and renewals of short sections, the cables then consisted of innumerable short lengths of new cable interspersed with the old, and it transpired that, whenever a section of old cable had to be repaired, some portions of new cable were raised and strained in the operation. With the experience in view of the second Bushire-Gwadur Cable, which for want of timely large renewals had to be abandoned and a

new cable laid in 1885, at a cost of R7,67,000 for 519 knots, it was thought better to take advantage of the cable machinery at Manora and the cable establishment, when not required at sea, to make new pieces or put new guards on old core in fairly long lengths, with the view of thoroughly repairing one cable from Bushire to Karachi by renewals of lengths of over 50, instead of under 5, knots at a time. To provide for this scheme, an estimate amounting to R7,03,000 for renewing 740 knots within 3½ years was sanctioned by the Government of India in October 1888.

28. Energetic measures were at once made to carry out this scheme, and including what had been laid from the termination of the monsoon in August, 220 knots of new or new-guarded cable were laid down by the end of the last voyage of the repairing season, which, although the new cable had been made by the end of March, was not concluded until the 24th May.

## ELECTRICAL CONDITION OF THE CABLES.

29. Fao-Bushire Section.—A partial fault not interfering with working existed on this section which was removed in January 1889. Another small fault with so high a resistance that it cannot be accurately localised still exists; but as it does not interfere with working, no attempt will be made to repair it, till the cable steamer next visits Fáo for other purposes.

30. Bushire-Jask Section: New cable.—This cable was laid in 1885. A minute fault showed itself in December 1885 and has hitherto not been localised. As a cable is invariably damaged each time it is lifted, it is not intended to remove this fault until its position is known exactly. Meanwhile the fault does not affect the working of the cable.

31. Bushire-Jask Section: Old cable.—A slight fault was discovered in January 1889. It does not interfere with working and will be removed when the cable ship next visits Bushire.

32. Jask-Manora Cable:—The guards of this are so much decayed that it is most difficult to lift it for repairs. Of the new cable which is to be made the greater part will be expended in this section

greater part will be expended in this section.

33. Bushire-Jask Gutta Percha Cable of 1864.—This cable was originally 507 knots long. To the end of 1887-88, 220 knots had been recovered, and during the year under review another 75 knots were brought up. It is very much to be regretted that owing to false economy, attempts were not made to pick up the whole of this cable in 1885. Had this been done, in all probability, more core would have been saved for re-making into new cable.

34. Harbour Cables.—Owing to the extension of the railway betwen the Camp and Kiamari, it was necessary to remove Cable Boxes Nos. 2 and 4 and entrench the cables in the same locality. As further railway extensions are contemplated, it is probable that the route of the Harbour Cables between the Karachi Telegraph Office and the Custom House will have to be changed. The Harbour Cables worked without fault or interruption during the year.

## FAULTS AND INTERRUPTIONS.

35. On the 1st April 1888, there were 4 faults awaiting repair on the cables, and 10 new faults made their appearance during the year. Of these 14 faults, 11 have been removed, and the other 3 will be removed when their positions can be exactly localised. One circuit between Karachi and Bushire was available throughout the year, and the second circuit for 307 days, the India rubber Cable between Jask and Bushire being interrupted for 58 days on account of breaks, renewals and repairs. The cable between Karachi and Jask was interrupted for 71 days, owing to a break off Manora, which could not be repaired owing to high seas and a swell till after the cessation of the South-West Monsoon. During this time the two land lies worked well. It is, however, noteworthy that no total interruption occurred on the Persian Gulf Section affecting communication with Europe. The Bushire-Fáo Cable was interrupted for 21 hours for repairs.

Appendix H gives full particulars of faults, renewals and repairs.

During the last voyage of the season which terminated in May 1889, 50 knots more, making in all 345 out of the 507, have been recovered. There is no hope of being able to lift any more.

## EXPENDITURE OF CABLE AND CABLE IN STOCK.

36. The total expenditure of cable during the year was 201 231 knots, and the amount of cable in stock on the 1st April 1889 was 58'91 knots. Particulars are given in Appendix I.

37. Repairs and Renewals. During TI repairs and 5 renewals (see Appen-

dix J) 202 knots of cable were disturbed, of which-

28'7 per cent. was too weak to lift.

: not made to profette

31 per cent, was core which could be used again.

39 per cent. was fit for relaying after repair.

1'31 per cent. was in short pieces and only fit for sale for fencing purposes. or m, which, alth aght the case twent totale by

## CABLE FACTORY.

38. The following is a summary of the work done in the Cable Factory during the past year:-

Cable manufactured— With No. 3 guards, nil With No. 7 guards, 32 knots	100 mg/s	1888-89. Knots.	1887-88. Knots.	
With No. 9 guards, 73'13 ,,		. 105'13	49'32	r),
Cable repaired and retaped—  Gutta Percha core, 33'86 knots  India Rubber core, 29'75 ,, 288 108 .	15038	63.61	49'89	£42
Stripped for core Short pieces of cable repaired and kept for sale		. 137.30	63.62	
	Section	306.04	170.78	en t.S

## al facilities Cable Steamer "Patrick Stewart."

39. The results of the transfer of the charge of the ship to the Telegraph Department and of her Commander and First Officer being skilled in sub-marine Telegraph cable work continue most satisfactory. A statement of the work done by this steamer is given in Appendix K. ा शुक्ष

## MEKRAN COAST LINES.

40. The lengths of these lines at the close of the official year were as follows :-

The second secon	Miles of line.	Miles of wire. mens
Karachi to Sonmeanee Branch	48.75	97.20
Sonmeance Branch	2.00	2.00
Sonmeance Branch to Ormara 9200	.03/3	331.20
Ormara to Pusnee Branch . AUT .	88.90	177'00
Pusnee Branch	3'25	3'25
Gwadur to Charbar	76.20	153.0
Carrotte of Citate Day	116.00	232.0
Charbar to Jask	201.20	. 1403'00 .55
LATOT LISE YEAR ON THESE 34	702.25	1300,38 18 01 POT
ingo ried again become	702 25	1399.25 want 11

41. Maintenance and Repairs.—The principal improvements during the year consisted of replacing 396 insulators of miscellaneous pattern, on what is known as the right wire, with an equal number of fluid insulators. These have answered well on the left wire, which is fitted throughout with this description of

Also, four wires of the double line at the Ormara Station have been renewed with hardened copper wire for 21 miles, on two sets of parallel wooden sup-

42. Interruptions.—There was only one interruption affecting both wires, which was caused by a storm and lasted five hours. There were also 14 partial interruptions not affecting communication. These were, with two exceptions, due to the wire breaking, through corrosion. This wire has now been removed. The following are the details:—

	Sec	tion.					No. o	f interruptions.	1	Duratio	n.
		****								**	72.572.2
Karachi to Ormara									υ.	n.	M.
Ormara to Gwadur	•	•		•		0		2	2		55
	•	•	0				1	3	0	14	30
Gwadur to Charbar			•					1	0	4	0
Charbar to Jask .	•		•		•			8	11	12	15
								14	14	8	40

This record compares very favourably with that of the previous year.

## PERSIAN SECTION.

43. Line Maintenance.—In December 1888, one of the wires between Bushire and Konar Takhteh was reinsulated for a distance of 40 miles with Johnson and Phillip's fluid insulators, thus rendering a second wire across the Mascheelah or salt marsh of Bushire efficient. Various improvements in the alignment have also been made during the year, principally in the neighbourhood of Ispahan, where nearly six miles of line were altered.

44. Wilful Damage.—Thirty-eight acts of wilful damage to the lines were recorded for the year, in compensation for which a sum of krans 2,901 was paid by the Persian Government. Of this sum, krans 970 were recovered from the Local Governors of Districts without the aid of Her Britannic Majesty's Legation

The wilful damage account is now closed on the 31st January of each year, in order that the necessary returns may be prepared and the bills be made out for presentation by Her Majesty's Legation on the 13th March, the date on which the "Jask Royalty" becomes due to the Persian Government, from which sum the sums due for damage are deducted.

45. Interruptions.—Owing to the severity of the winter of 1888-89, the duration of interruptions has been somewhat greater. The following table is a comparative synopsis of interruptions for three years:—

	I wire.	2 wires.		3 Wi	res.
	Н. М.	H. M.		H.	M.
1886-87	636 56	129		59	23
1887-88	342 32	50 32		8	55
1888-89	603 39	27 44	42.	50	46

The principal causes of interruptions are snowstorms, camels, birds and wilful damage. Those attributable to the last cause, lasted 117 hours, 12 hours and 1 hour, on one, two, and three wires respectively.

46. Traffic.—Traffic was interrupted for 4 hours in October, 8 hours in November, 40 minutes in December 1888, and 46 hours in January 1889. This last was on the occasion of a heavy snowstorm which broke the wires on both sides of Shiraz.

- 47. Appendix M shows the rate of transmission of messages over the Persian section, and Appendix L is a return of the number of messages and the number of paid words transmitted during the year. The increase of traffic shown by the latter return is due to the break in the Eastern Company's cables and accounts for the longer time taken in transmission, as evidenced in Appendix M.
- 48. During the interruption of the cables, an average of 820 messages or about 9,324 words passed daily through Teheran, the maximum on any one day being 1,300 messages. To meet this heavy demand, the second international wire was worked day and night from the 26th August to the 16th September, and to provide for this the Persian Telegraph authorities lent their wire for testing and control purposes.

49. Persian Authorities.—Friendly relations have been maintained with the Persian Government, the local authorities and with the inhabitants.

At the special request of His Imperial Majesty the Shah, temporary offices were opened for his use at Aliabad and Kôm, during his expedition to Kôm, in April 1888. For this service His Imperial Majesty the Shah conveyed his thanks to the Department through his Prime Minister, His Excellency the Amin-i-Sultan.

In March 1889, His Royal Highness the Ehtesham-ed-Dowleh, a cousin of the Shah, who has recently been promoted to the dignity of Muhtamed-ed-Dowleh, was appointed to the Governorship of Fars. Since his assumption of office, that province, in which there were formerly frequent outbreaks, has been kept in a state of tranquillity, and the present Governor invariably shows that he is favourably disposed towards the staff of the Indo-European Telegraph Department who have to thank him for his friendliness shewn in many ways.

A line, 60 miles in length, was made by Inspector R. McGowan for His Royal Highness the Zil-es-Sultan, K.C.S.I., Governor of Ispahan, from his palace in Ispahan to Kalleh Nazir in the District of Feridan, for which service His Royal Highness expressed his gratitude in the warmest terms. From July to November 1888, the services of Inspector W. Stagno Navarro were lent, at his request, to His Excellency the Mukber-ed-Dowleh, C.I.E., Minister for the Persian Telegraphs, for repairing the Persian line from Shahrud to Astrabad, at a time when, on account of disturbances on the frontier, the reestablishment of telegraphic communication was of great importance to the Persian Government. His Excellency was most grateful for the aid thus rendered him in the emergency.

In February 1889, an application was made by His Excellency the Persian Minister of Telegraphs for stores for constructing a line ordered by His Imperial Majesty the Shah, from Burudjird to Mohammerah, for communication with the River Karun, with the object of facilitating the opening up of the navigation of that river for international commerce. These stores were supplied from India and delivered at Fallahi on the 22nd May 1889. They are to be paid for by a deduction from moneys due on account of message receipts,

royalty, &c.

### MESHED LINE.

50. Maintenance and Repairs.—About 1,450 poles and 840 insulators have been renewed on this line during the year. On the section Kishlak to Abdulabad, 35 miles in length, no less than 250 poles were renewed.

Juniper wood, which gives better insulation and is less liable to be attacked by white ants, is now being used for poles wherever the cost of carriage is not prohibitive. This wood, however, is only obtainable in the mountainous districts north of Semnan, Damghan and Shahrud.

51. Wilful Damage. There were only 34 hours' interruption due to this

gated 1,102 hours, of which no less than 324 hours was due to the insanity of the Persian clerk stationed at Nishapur, the aberration of whose mind was not suspected to be the cause. A total of 504 hours' interruption is attributable to the inattention of clerks and to damage caused by camels, and 34 hours to

53. Expenditure.—A sum of krans 1772'25 was paid by His Excellency the Mukber-ed-Dowleh on behalf of the Persian Government for the maintenance expenses of this line in addition to the locally made insulators supplied by him. A further sum of krans 12,086 was also received for the payment of the Gholams or Linemen.

The accounts show a probable saving of krans 620'45 or R244 on the Budget Grant of krans 51,009 (R20,000) for this line.

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SIMLA; The 13th November 1889.

sign the spot magnet in

# APPENDICES.

Summary of Expenditure on Capital Account to 31st March 1889.

APPENDIX A.

TOTAL 16,361 10 2 17,475 15 3 17,475 15 3	Works  Works  Do. (expenditure by Public Works Department)  Loss by exchange on English transactions  Suspense Heads—  Stores  Advances  Sales  Balance credited to Capital  TOTAL  Advances  Advances  Advances	In India.  1,860 15 0 1,860 15 0 1,339,342 10 9 19,108 7 0 264 2 9 1,78,794 3 5	In England.  R 6. 6.  1,50,875 2 8  1,50,875 2 8	13 00 13 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	-3,098 13 10	
. 16,361 10 2	Balance credited to Capital			5	17,475 15 3	00	
				17,475 15 3	17,475 15 3	27	-3,210 2 6

PERENDIE B.

for Examiner of Telegraph Accounts, F. RAWSON,

APPENDIX B.

Revenue Account for the year ended 31st March 1889.

To Traffic Earnings, from 1st April 1888 to 31st March 1889-	80 80			£ s. d.	By Expenditure from 1st April 1888 to 31st March 1889-	o 31st March 188	6		£ 5. d.
	Persian Gulf Persi	Persian Section.	Total.			în India.	In England.	TOTAL.	
Net earnings on Indian Trans-Indian and Local Traffic including the profit on mean rates via Turkey	R a, p. R 11,71,600 0 0 1,67,060	6 0	6. 8. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6.		Repairs Establishment Tools and Plant Cable scamer	2,05,690 3 9 3,00,542 8 8 20,329 9 6 1,08,487 6 0	25,296 15	2,05,690 3 9 2 20,329 9 6 1,08,487 6 0	
Common Purse.	117,160 0 0 16,	16,706 0 0	20,836 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		Profit and Loss Share of advertising and agency charges. Royalty see of Brown-Allan patent relay.		7,902 13	5 5 5 8 9 7,902 13 9 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
Dalance due to Common ruise			00000	112.030 0	TOTAL PERSIAN GULT SECTION .	6,35,055 1 7	35,199 13	2 6,70,254 14 9	
To Miscellaneou s Receipts—	20000	6214	li i			1,89,069 10 3	13,907 13 1		
	Persian Gulf Pers	Persian Section.	Total.		Share of advertising and agency charges.	2	0		
					TOTAL PERSIAN SECTION .	2,19,147 12 9	26,145 12	2 2,43,293 8 11	
India In England	7,831 4 11 2	2,144 8 8 4,314 4 8	9,975 12 9 4,314 4 8		Total Indo-European Teles- graph Department,	8,54,202 14 4	61,345 9	4 9,15,548 7 8	
Total Total .	7,831 4 1 6	6,458 13 4	14,290 1 5	1,429 0	Cost of repairs by Public Works Department .  Amount paid to the Persian Government on account of Royalty from 13th March 1889.	Department . srnment on accord to 12th March 1	unt of the Jask	6,301 0 0 k 31,373 0 0	
To Profit and Loss.— Unsettled Traffic and Exchange	•	•		0 1	o By Balance	•		9,53,822 7 8	95,322 5 0
		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	TOTAL .	114,460 0	y o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o				114,460 0 2

F. RAWSON, for Examiner of Telegraph Accounts.

WESEINDICE?

## APPENDIX C.

## JOINT PURSE*.

TABLE A.-Division of Receipts.

1	1	E	6.	5 4 400 u = 4 4
,		ndo-Europea	66	20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2
,		ndo-European Indo-European Company. Department.	3	62,256 (%) 904 76,793 76,791 76,731 76,731 76,731 76,731
	S FOR	can.	79	で 400 mm m
	TION	do-Europe Company.	69	- 000 to
	PROPORTIONS FOR	Com	9	83,351 92,545 102,153 113,738 403,181 103,873 113,844 101,937
ILS.	P	e h	6	はなでからる ないまできる
FOTALS.	1	Eastern Company.		at an on . In an an im an an a
		E3		
		t .	6.	
		Total net value.	4	427,1%0 427,1%0 5523,616 515,104 5545,043 556,440 556,440 556,440 556,440 556,440 556,630 556,630
	_		1	4 4 5,5,5,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0
		Number of words.		2,562,731 2,047,871 3,187,211 3,187,211 3,182,703 3,243,739 3,455,049 3,455,049 3,556,049 3,556,049 3,556,049 3,556,049 3,556,049
		60		ଜିଟି ନିନ୍ଦି ନିନ୍ଦି ନିନ୍ଦି
		ropezi	. 6.	97999999
		io-Eu	9	8,717 10,668 10,696 14,673 16,784 13,393 14,973 16,386 17,818
	FOR	ndo-European Indo-European Company. Department.	8	W - 4 w 0 0 0 - 00 0 00
ES.	TORS	urope pany.	69	2000 N 2 1 1 0 2 4 10 4
TRANS-INDIAN MESSAGES	PROPORTIONS FOR	ndo-Europ Company	9	14.095 17.206 21.889 24.940 23.943 25.483 25.483
N ME	PR	- Anna	d.	PN04-5440 000
DIA		Eastern Company.	5.0	
NS-IN		≖ යු		
TRA		net a.	5. 0.	7118 7 7 9 1 8 4 9
		Total net	4	117,170 143,776 143,776 155,493 166,035 175,123 195,974 195,974 193,393
		Number of words.		841,856 1,030,660 1,043,693 1,196,822 1,286,391 8,421,111 1,442,842 1,442,842 1,516,843 1,516,843 1,516,637 1,516,637
			79	
		ropez ment.		12 4 2 1 0 4 2 0 0 0 0 4 4 1 1 7 1 0 4 1
		ndo-Europea Department	4	85.50 8.50 8.50 8.50 8.50 8.50 8.50 8.50
	FOR	or or	, di	るアスキャアススロック
	LIONS	do-Europe Company.	69	252 252 253 253 253 253 253 253 253 253
GES.	PROPORTIONS FOR	Indo-European Indo-European Company. Department.	4	84,835 75,335 78,155 78,1797 70,936 77,036 75,672 75,672
ESSA	2	1	s. d.	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
N	<b>8</b>	Eastern Compeny.	3	
INDIAN MESSAGES.		E.3		204, 191 220, 385 221, 721 227, 080 227, 080 223, 913 224, 016 212, 069 212, 069 212
		, net	is.	
		value.	y.	310,009 337,767 379,839 360,011 384,007 368,880 360,469 404,469 35,3159 338,324
		6		
		words.		1,720,865 1,916,511 2,012,516 2,012,507 2,036,976 2,036,976 2,033,938 2,033,938 2,033,938 2,033,938 2,033,938 2,033,938 2,033,938 2,033,938 2,1328,494 2,183,2507
	2	2		มี ส์
	YEAR.			885 - 85 - 85 - 85 - 85 - 85 - 85 - 85

TABLE B .- Division of Traffic as actually carried.

STATE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN

		INDIAN MESSAGES.	ESSAGES.			TRANS-INDIA	TRANS-INDIAN MESSAGES.			TC	TOTALS.	
VEAR.		PROP	PROPORTIONS CREDITED BY	D BY		PROP	PROPORTIONS CREDITED BY	D BY		PROP	PROPORTIONS CREDITED BY	ED BY
	Total net value.	Eastern Company.	Indo-European Company.	Indo-European Department.	Total net value.	Eastern Company.	Indo-European Company.	Indo-European. Department.	Total net value.	Eastern Company.	Indo-European Company.	Indo-European Department.
	\$ : ¢	£ 2. d.	£ s. d.	£ . s. d.	£ s. d.	£ 8. d.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ 2. d.	£ 2. d.	4
1874-70 1879-80	337,767 6 8	221,062 0 7	16		117,170 15 7	134,124 5 8	3,316 9 4	2,238 5 8	= -	352,678 1 1	52,237 11 4	42,264 19
1881-82 1883-83	0 - 1		71,429 14 11	52,755 18 6		132,940 5 3	00 0	4,478 19 3	523,616 # 9	395, 106 4 7	816	57,234 17
o o o	368,880 5	10	115	27		95,426 5 8	17,609 12 10	17 1	0 L	155	ומכיו ל	110,728 1
	300,409 10 3		95,655 5 6	73,684 15 5	195,974 2 6	165,473 1 3	-	11,691 13 10	556,443 18 11	350,602 16 0	122	85,376 9
887-88		206,150 10 10	∞ œ			9 0	00 0		545,552 19 9	200	104,276 5 2	
	335,257 11 4	Ξ	90,000 12 4		230,776 19 5		ge	19,931 11 5	10		0 4	pul

• Exclusive of the liability of the Indo-European Telegraph Department for interruptions in Turkey under Article X of the Joint Pure Agreement.

## APPENDIX CC.

Summary of Capital and Revenue Accounts for hve years.

						REVE	REVENUE ACCOUNT.	DUNT.					
	CAPITAL	CAPITAL ACCOUNT.	100		RECEIPTS				EXPENDITURE.			Dividend	
Years,	Capital	Total capital	Persian Gulf Section.	If Section.	Persian Section	Section.	6			Total	Net profit	on Capital.	REMARKS.
	Expenditure during year.	to end of	Message Revenue.	Miscellane- ous.	Message Revenue.	Miscellane-	Receipts.	Section.	Section.	working expenses.			
1884-85 1885-86 1886-87 1887-88	2,31,261 10,229 55,993 37,831 40,257	1,12,89,528 1,12,99,757 1,12,81,595 1,12,81,595 1,12,41,365	8,19,757 8,63,182 8,81,875 8,70,926 9,89,020	2,003 3,172 6,117 47,126 7,831	97,302 1,47,972 1,09,911 1,08,835 1,41,290	17,872 4.958 5,892 8,350 6,459	9.36,934 10,19,284 10,03,795 10,35,237 11,44,600	4,11,198 13,92,360 6,39,470 5,66,475 7,07,929	2,20,710 2,27,714 2,26,057 2,70,381 2,45,294	6,31,908 16,20,074 8,65,527 8,36,856 9,53,223	3,05,026 6,00,790 1,38,268 1,98,381 1,91,377	1.23	New Cable Bushire to Jask laid.

## APPENDIX D.

# PERSIAN GULF SECTION.

Showing the Net Value of the Traffic received from the Indian, Persian and Turkish Lines, and from Stations of the Section during the year 1888-89.

	Self.	. 6 24 21 0 0 4 21 1 1 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0	6 8
rat.	Not Receipts, Persian Gulf Section.	64,542 79,726 82,907 1,73,373 1,51,366 94,903 1,016,940 9,5214 1,06,581 74,597	11,87,669	98,972
GROSS TOTAL.	Number of Words.	93,431 119,725 125,339 126,881 236,144 224,095 138,725 134,344 143,768 100,342 95,955\$	1,642,079	136,840
	Number of Messages.	6,512 7,723 8,112 7,931 16,075 8,805 9,641 8,606 6,677 6,677	114.991	9,583
GULF	ulf ulf	*1000 Prorun440	4	63
PERSIAN.	Net Receipts, Persian Gulf Section.	1,336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.336 11.	14,205	1,183 12
STATIONS OF THE PE	Number of Words.	3,773 3,732 3,632 3,632 3,657 4,272 4,532 4,024 5,104	46,766	3,897
STATION	Number of Messages.	8 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	3744	312
		9.40 N 40 N H H NO 0 0	1 0	13
LINES.	Net Receipts, Persian Gulf Section.	7,771 10 11,775 11,775 12,152 13,535 13,535 13,535 13,535 13,535 13,535 13,535 13,535 13,535 13,535 14,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535 15,535	33.344	2,778 11
TURKISH L	Number of Words.	4,008 2,094 2,094 2,094 1,863 4,156 4,845 3,583 2,949 2,929 2,727	37,142	3,095
	Number of Messages	301 201 201 301 301 301 301 301 301 301 301 301 3	4,245	354
	out in	90000000000000000000000000000000000000	4	13 2
IMES.	Net Receipts, Persian Gulf Section.	27,668 35,963 35,968 35,939 77,808 72,808 72,808 44,063 45,618 45,618 45,618 45,618	5,46,081 1	45,506 1
PRESIAN LINES.	Number of Words.	43,615 60,574 62,574 62,405 112,051 102,923 64,056 63,840 66,949 72,730 50,918	814,276 5,46,081	67,857
	Number of Mossages.	2,659 3,390 3,483 3,658 8,160 7,235 3,927 3,927 4,161 2,818 2,818	50,101	4,175
	ipts.	9000000000000	157 00	E9
INES.	Net Receipts, Persian Gulf Section.	31.873 40.664 43.565 43.548 90.591 72.455 72.455 72.455 73.327 48.673 34.677	5,94,037	49.503
INDIAN LINES.	Number of Words.	41.975 53.325 57.465 53.246 116,880 56,654 63,654 63,632 64,570 64,570 64,570	743,895	166,19
	Number of Messages.	3,267 3,849 3,849 1,0,337 4,115 4,115 3,249 3,249	56,901	4,742
		**********		
	å		e year	Monthly average
	1888-89.		Total for the year	hly a
		April . May . June . July . August September October December Ianuary February March	Total	Mont
ALC: UN		AZ-AGNOZO-EZ		

G. W. SEALY, Offg. Traffic Manager, Persian Gulf Section.

## APPENDIX E.

# PERSIAN GULF SECTION.

Showing the average daily mean-rate of transmission of Messages over the Persian Gulf and Persian Sections to and from Karachi and Teheran during the year 1888-89.

1887-88.	Karachi to Teheran to Ranarks. Teheran.	Secs. Mi	9 6 9 16 9 16 9 16 11 17 10		11 5 13 11 Ditto ditto 8 11 14 03 Ditto ditto	ion.	ction for 3 days 7 hours 10 14 11 55 king badly.	tion for 2 days 19 hours 21 40 25 35 Persian lines working badly through severe weather, king badly.	tion for 5 days 23 hours 27 23 14 50 Working one Gulf Section 8th to 27th and Persian king badly.	7 35 6 25		11 42 12 40
	REMARKS.		Working one circuit Gulf Section for 4 days 19 hours. Rarachi-Gwadur Section interrupted, working	through Land-line 4 days 23 hours and one circuit Persian Section.	Not recorded owing to pressure of work caused by the total interruption of the Eastern Company's lines.	and one circuit Persian Section.	Working one circuit Gulf Section for 3 days 7 hours and Persian Land-lines working badly.	Working one circuit Gulf Section for 2 days 19 hours and Persian Land-lines working badly.	Working one circuit Gulf Section for 5 days 23 hours and Persian Land-lines working badly.	2		
	Feheran to Karachi.	02	31		•	20	33	21	55	× 5		47
1888-89.	Te	Mins.	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			17	17	14	25	0 10		13
PH .	Karachi to Teheran,	Secs.	15			33	est.	9	41	57		56
	Kar Te	Mirs.	967		: :	4	17	7	00 M	O160		13
	Month.	April	June July		August September	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	November	December .	fanuary	February	Average monthly mean- rate of transmission	per message during the year.

Offg. Traffic Manager, Persian Gulf Section. G. W. SEALY,

## APPENDIX F.

# PERSIAN GULF SECTION.

Showing the maximum, minimum and mean-rate of transmission from the United Kingdom to Karachi during the year 1868-89, compared with that of the previous year.

The state of the s		-	1888-89.	Ba							1887-88				C	
		NITED	CINGBO	UNITED KINGDOM TO KARACHI.	RACHI.		REMARKES.		Z Z	TED KI	NGDOM	UNITED KINGDOM TO KARACHI.	ACHI.		De montre.	
Moarts.	17.0	PIG TEHERAN.	1		rid T. RREY.				Fid I	FIG TENERAK.		Vid	PLE TURKEY.			
,	Maxi-	Mini-	Mean.	Maxi- mum.	Minl- mum.	Mean.	Teheran route.	Tarkish route.	Maxl. Namm	Mini- N	Mezo.	Mari- I	Mini- mum.	Mean.	Teherap route.	Turkish route,
	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.			H. M. H	H. M.	H. M. 1	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.		
April .	2 14	00	0 43	26 40	5 14	17 54	nes interrupted s	jond Fao.	2 25	9 0	0 36	11 15	3 33	6 43		
May .	60	80	0 36	99 40	4 21	33 11	One circuit Gulf Section 10 hours.	7 days 9 hours beyond Busich and Bagdad,	22	اد د	0 45	45 24	9	16 34		Frequent interuptions Turkish line beyond Fao
June .	2 2	9 0	0 49	33 35	4 22	15 20	One circuit Gulf Section 4 days		01 50	10	0 45	30 45	1 27	12 45		Ditto ditto.
July .	4 55	0	0 50	30 38	2 19	10 50	company's lines interrupted Sylvens west of Odesea, causing toos, interruption both routes.	3 days 13 hours beyond Bustels.	2 41	0	95.0	15 23	0	7 39 8	toth to 25th working a circuit Gulf Section,	Ditto ditto.
August	:	:	:	:	;	:	No. merchanged comings to	remote Of work	0,	* 0	o So !	17 3	2 32	10 1 0	Gwadur-Jack Section interrupted working through Land-line,	
September	:	:	:	;	;	*	Service Control of		3 10	6 0	0 55	28 57	-	12 6	Ditto ditto.	Ditto ditto.
October .	6 41	0 %	0 55	60	3 23	92 61	One circuit Gulf 23 days 21 hours.		3 24	00	0 0	32 26	1 57	- 80		Frequent interruptions on the 2nd Dansson Turkey in Asia.
November .	12 42	0	1 47	27 12	6	13 53	One circuit Guif § days 8 hours .	a days 4 hours beyond Busich and Bagdad.	69 18	9	0 57	44 24	3 58	22 33	Pressure of Traff.	Frequent interruptions Fra Bosteh and on the rad Division Turkey in
December .	5 51	0 13	1 37	126 23	2 2 2	42 13	One efreuit Gulf 2 days 19 hours	6 days 13 hours berond Busteh and Bagdad,	7 31	2 0	91	52	7 35	22 17	Persian lines working badly and Interruptions, Company's lines beyond Odessa and Eriden	Frequent interruptions Factions,
January	7 7	0 10	<u>cı</u>	44 b4	92	15 56	One circuit Gulf 6 days	Busrch-Flao Cable inter- rupted 21 hours for re- pairs.	\$ 39	0	4	132 34	20	37 32	8th to 27th working one circuit Goif Section. Interruptions Persian Section and Company's lines beyond Kertch.	Frequent interruptions on the and Division lines. Turkey in Asia.
February	6 30	0,	- 1	49 50	3 49	12 40	Company's times interrupted 7 a duys o hours west of Tcherab.		(a) 2 49 (a) 0 14 (a) 1 29	0 14 (4	621(1	6 89	4 26	20 43	nterruptions Company's line beyond Emden from 3 55 p. ast to end of menth.	Ditto ditto.
March .	2 36	9 0	0 54	43 5r	4 32	13 20	Company's lines interrupted 6 days beyond Sukkum Kali,		:	:	* *	40 40	4 21	14 23	Company's inc to England inter- rupted during the month,	
Monthly average, during the year	5 39	0 7	201	57 53	3 45	19 28			3 43	9 0	0 55	43 10	÷	15 54	•	

(a) Messages of 31st January passing 15t February.

G. W. SEALY,

Offg. Traffic Manager, Persian Gulf Section.

## APPENDIX G.

# PERSIAN GULF SECTION.

Showing the number of messages and words, and the percentage of messages received from and forwarded to the Persian and Turkish lines during the year 1888-89, compared with the previous year.

	1	1	Vords.	8,367 3,367 3,367 3,367 6,461 6,461 6,461 6,461 6,461 6,461 6,461	18,802	::
		Toral,	Mes. W	25 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1,912 4	%9z.9
	TURKEY.	To To	Words.	946 1,448 1,054 1,054 1,016 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,318 1,318 1,318 1,318 1,318 1,318	18,437 .4	::
	PA TU	-	Mcs-	22.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.0	169,1	::
		FROM	Words.	1,5421 1,575 1,575 1,575 1,575 1,564 1,864 1,864 1,864 1,864 1,864 1,864 1,864 1,864 1,864 1,864 1,864	30,365	::
		4	Meses.	25.5 25.5 25.5 25.5 25.5 25.5 25.5 25.5	3,221	::
1887-88		TOTAL.	Words.	98,103 100,1308 107,295 110,942 106,712 113,782 113,779 129,773 18,305 26,410	1,164,487	::
		To	Mes-	6,708 6,627 6,848 6,804 6,679 6,679 7,700 7,000 1,147 2,277	73,574	93.74%
	EHERAN.	To	Words.	44,798 47,846 53,988 53,750 53,750 53,162 59,846 58,426 58,426 5,9374 15,9374	553,223\$	* :
	FM TEI	L	Mes-	3.454 3.5597 3.7.65 3.7.65 3.7.75 3.5380 4.093 3.487 4.093 3.487 4.093 3.487 4.093 3.487 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.093 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4.003 4	39,278	\$ ;
		FROM	Words.	\$3305 \$23,307 \$53,307 \$9,175 \$3,505 \$5,451 \$5,451 \$5,504 \$5,504 \$5,504 \$5,504 \$71,297 71,297	611,263	8 • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		ide	Me.	3,254 3,006 3,006 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,009 3,00 3,00	34,296	* :
		Total.	Words.	6,686 6,536 6,552 7,249 6,638 6,638 4,538 4,230 4,230	57,946	1 1
		T	Mcs.	355 375 375 375 575 575 575 575 575 575	6,343	5.73
	RKEY.	To T	Words.	2,612 1,195 1,155 2,404 2,404 1,559 1,576 1,523 1,523 1,523	20,804	# . 0 +
	FW TU	To	Mes-	196 197 197 197 197 197 198 188 183	2,008	1:
		From To	Words.	4,058 2,094 2,094 1,863 4,156 4,845 3,553 2,949 2,949 2,727 2,727	37,142	: :
18×8-89,		Total. FROM	Mes-	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	4-245	::
	FIR TEHERAN.		Words.	83,158 111,691 118,294 120,528 226,352 192,65 118,26 123,700 123,700 123,700 123,700 123,700 123,145 92,413 86,498	1,533,912	::
			Mes- sages.	· 1	104,550	94.58
		15	Words.	39,543 51,449 55,753 55,123 114,301 89,242 54,230 61,550 62,415 40,824	719,636	::
	Fis TE		Mes-	3, 50, 50, 50, 50, 50, 50, 50, 50, 50, 50	54,449	: :
		FROM	Words.	43.615 (-0.574 (-0.574 (-0.574 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405 (-0.405	814,279	::
		EE.	Mes- sages.	2,559 3,390 3,390 3,390 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497 3,497	50, 101	: :
		Монти.		April May June June July August Sertember October Junuary February	Description the year	ran Ditto viá Turkey

Offe. Traffic Manager, Persian Gulf Section.

APPENDIX H.

Statement showing the Faults and Repairs in the Persian Gulf Cables during the official year 1888-89.

		FAULT.	TOTAL	COTAL DURATION OF INTERRUPTION.		LOCALITY	LOCALITY OF FAULT.		
	No.	Date.	Days.	Hours.	SECTION.	Knots.	From	Cause of Fault.	REMARKS.
27th 1888. 24th	6)10.4	2	: 32	104	104 Bushire-Jask India-rubber Ditto Ditto	319794	149.16 Bushire 319.94 "	Corrosion of guards and chafe. Partial earth. Corrosion of guards . Total Break Litto . Partial earth Reserving o	Partial earth. Total Break. Repairing another fault. Partial earth till 13th August, then total break. Repairing other faults.
		August 26th January 4th	61	:	Dirto Ditto Cwadur-Manora	99.20	Manora	Ditto	Total break.  Ditto Repairing other faults.  Partial earth till July 27th, then total break.
	0000	September 1st "October 8th "November 23rd "	~~ 4, 0	*	Bushire-Jask India-rubber. [Ditto] [Jask-Gwadur]	258.49	120.74 Jask 25849 Bushire .	Ditto	Repairs delayed on account of monsoon swell, Partial earth. Interrupted for repair only. Total break. Ship repairing another fault.
17th 1889 31st "	===	January 14th 1889	::	21	Fao-Bushire Bushire-Jask India-rubber	93.689	93'689 Fao Bushire .	Hole in Percha	Partial earth.
	2 5	31st	::	::	Fao-Bushire Bushire Jask India-rubber .	: :	* *		Fault not yet localized owing to its high resistance. Fault could not be localized on account of

Engineer and Electrician, Persian Gulf Section.

J. POSSMANN,

APPENDIX I.

Statement showing Expenditure of Cable during 1888-89 and Quantity on hand on 31st March 1889.

			RECEIVED SINCE.		TOTAL			
- DESCRIPTION.	Balance, 31st March-1588.	Manufactured at Manora,	Received from England.	Picked up at sea fit for relaying.	Receipts, 1858-89.	Expenditure, 1888-89.	Balance in hand, 31st March 1889.	Remarks.
Gutta-percha—  Nain Cable, 1st class Shore end Thin cable, thin core Ditto thick, 1st class core Ditto do. 2nd ditto Main cable, 2nd class Nain Cable Shore end	11.840 4.829 8.600 40.200 1.562 3.343	32.000		9.610 10.000 38.907	66 810 4 829 8 600 122 94 1 562 10 000 42 25 3 15	4679	20.02 8 60 6 80 10.34 3.15	
Тотаг	73.524	105.130		81.487	260.141	201.231	58.91	_

J. POSSMANN,

Engineer and Electrician, Persian Gulf Section.

# APPENDIX J.

Statement shewing the Renewals in the Persian Gulf Cables during the official year 1888-89 in places where no faults existed.

Z		Commencement of Termination of Renewal.	TOTAL DURATION OF INTERRUPTION CAUSED BY RENEWAL.	RATION JPTION BY AL.	Section	Loca	LITY OF R.	LOCALITY OF RENEWAL KNOTS.	TOTAL LENGTH RENEWED.	REMARKS.
			Days. Hours.	fours.		From.	To.	From.	Knots	
ent	May 28th, 1888	June 9th, 1888	4	19	19 Bushire-Jask Indian Rubber .		148'32 154'88 Bushire	Bushire .	95.9	6.56 Renewal delayed by bad
99	November 23rd, 1888 November 24th, 1888 December 28th, 1888 January 6th, 1889	November 24th, 1888 January 6th, 1889	- 6	nte 9	Gwadur-Manora  Bushire-Jask Indian Rubber	2.40	2.40 8.77 Manora 113.30 148'08 Bushire	Manora . Bushire .	6.37	6.37 weather. 34.78 Renewal delayed by bad
C 2	March 18t, 1889 . February 27th, 1889 . March 1st, 1889 .	February 27th, 1889.	64 :	154	9 Gwadur-Manora	32.90	32.90 51 63 Gwadur 16°34 28°33 Gwadur	Gwadur . Gwadur .	18.73	weather.

J. POSSMANN,

Engineer and Electrician, Persian Gulf Section.

## APPENDIX K.

Statement of work done by the Telegraph Cable Steamer "Patrick Stewart" during the year 1888-89.

		DA	TE.			D
	From			То	1	Particulars.
1	1888.		1	888.	41	
						At mooring in Karachi harbour.
April	1 .	*	April	Ι.	•	Left for Bombay, arriving there on the 5th.
3.9	6.	•	3.9	5		In Bombay harbour and dock, undergoing repairs, &c.
May	4 .		May	7 .		Lest for Karachi, arriving 7th.
11	8.		11	16.		At moorings in Karachi harbour, preparing ship for sea.
11	17 .	٠	23	17 .	• .	Left Karachi to repair fault in Karachi-Gwadur Section about 9 miles off Manora, but unable to carry out the repairs owing to heavy sea, returned to Karachi.
53	18.		23	20 .	٠	At moorings in Karachi harbour.
12	21 .		June	21 .	•	Left Karachi for all stations, repaired two faults in Jask- Bushire India-rubber cable, also picked up old Gutta- percha in same section, and returned to Karachi.
June	22 .		Aug.			At moorings in Karachi harbour.
Aug.	15 .	٠	Sept.	12 4	•	Left Karachi, repaired four faults in the Jask-Bushire Section. On downward voyage repaired the cable on the beach at Gwadur.
Sept.	13 .		**	22 .		At moorings in Karachi harbour.
U	23 .	0	9.9	26 .	٠	Left Karachi, repaired the fault in Karachi-Gwadur Section off Manora, and returned to Karachi.  At moorings in Karachi harbour.
Oct.	27 .		Oct.	30 .		Left for Bombay, arriving there on 4th.
	5 .		"	4 .		In Bombay harbour and dock, cleaning, painting, &c.
31	12 .		22	15 .		Left for Karachi, arriving on 15th.
11	16.		2.3	24 .		At moorings in Karachi harbour.
Oct.	25	. •	Nov.	19 .	•	Left Karachi, repaired two faults in Jask-Bushire Section India-rubber cable, picked up old cable, and returned to Karachi.
Nov.	20			22 .		At moorings in Karachi harbour.
3)	20		22	24 .	•	Left and repaired cable outside of Karachi harbour and returned to Karachi.
3 1	25		Dec.	11 .	•	At moorings in Karachi harbour.
Das	10		Jan.	1889.		Left for all stations with reliefs and stores, repaired cable in
Dec.	12	٠	Jan.	22 .	·	Gwadur west hay, one fault in the India-rubber Jask- Bushire Section, and one in Bushire-Fao Section, and
	1889.					arrived at Busreh.
Jan.	23		Feb.	8.	٠	Left Busreh, repaired fault in the India-rubber cable; pick- ed up old Gutta-percha cable and arrived at Karachi after calling at Fao, Bushire, Jask, Charbar, Gwadur and Ormara.
	1889.			1889.		
Feb.	9.		Feb	22		At moorings in Karachi harbour.
reu.	23 .		Marcl		•	Left Karachi and repaired one fault in Karachi Gwadur cable and one in Gwadur-Jask cable and returned to Karachi after calling at Gwadur and Ormara.
March	5 .		12	11		At moorings in Karachi harbour,
21	12 .		99	15		Left for Bombay, arriving there 15th.
13	16 .	٠	91	31	•	In Bombay harbour and dock for painting and repairs.

	AF	BSTR	ACT.					
	***						Days.	
At moorings in Karachi .							130	
In Bombay harbour or dock	•			•		۰	52	ı
At sea							183	ľ

APPENDIX L. PERSIAN SECTION.

Statement showing number of Messages (Service and Paid) and Works Paid Transmitted over Teheran-Bushire lines during the year 1888-89 as compared with that of previous year.

			NUMBER OF		Number					NUMBER OF		Number		Devisore	
188	1888-89.		148 6000		of Words paid	REMARKS.	100	.887°.88.			1	or words paid		NEWARRS.	
,			Service.	Paid.	only.					Service.	Paid.	Oliny.			1
	000			1	200		-	00	•	300	6,743	98,193			
	. 000		340	2,901	05,133		May			224	6.845	102,281			
May		•	354	.7,320	114,500	,	Iviay	23		200	2000	111.014	en Tue		
June		•	394	7,078	120,204		june	5.6		000	4007	100000			
July	•	•	413	7,829	124,056		July	30		341	1,024	0/0/71			
August			000	18,807	230,011	Eastern Cable interrupted.	August	3.5		344	7,37	109,030			
September		•	650	15,631	106,624	Ditto.	September	1.9		293	6,924	100,454			
October		•	345	7.873	122,549		October	33		362	7.120	114.097			
November		•	331	2000	128,442		November	9.5		い。 する	7.868	120,425			
December		•	507	8,020	125,234		December	36	•	388	7,380	123,877			
_	880		538	8,837	130.835		January	2000		332	7,929	132,093	- 1	1	
		•	408	6,008	93,649		February	3.9	•	200	1,00,1	17,004		Company's Lines inter-	s meer-
March			58.4	5,891	86,242		March	33	•	130	2,252	20.917		rupted.	
															7
TOTAL FOR VEAR	R VEAR	•	5.732	108.420	1,565,481		TOTAL FOR YEAR	OR YEA		3,615	75.509	1,184,799	desire de		

APPENDIX M. PERSIAN SECTION.

Average rate of transmission of messages in their transit through the lines between Teheran and Bushire for the year 1888-89 as compared with that of the previous year

	REMARKS.		Faulty lines.	The state of the s
	eran.	s,	200 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	45
	to Teh	M.	40 4 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	4
SIT.	}ushire	Ξ		:
TRANSIT	shire II	Ś	23 23 24 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	42
	to Bus	M.	NO NN 4 NO 00 0 C 4 4	9
	Teheran to Bushire Bushire to Teheran.	H.		:
	•			٠
	1887-89.		April 1887  May ", July ", August ", September,, October ", November,, December,, January 1888  February ",	Average for year
	REMARES.		Eastern Cable interrupted. Ditto. Faulty lines. Ditto.	
	cheran	s,	040-22222	57
	Teheran to Bushire. Bushire to Teheran.	Z	4 0 0 0 0 4 0 00 4 0 0 -	*
TRANSIT.		H		
TRA		S	14 70 1 4 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	42
	n to Bi	Ä	4400040000000	11
	Tehera	H		:
				•
	C 25 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5	•	April 1888 Nlay " July " September " October " November " Jecember " Jecember " January 1889 Kebruary "	Average for year

## GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

## REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

## Weather Summary for November 1889.

The month of November forms, though less emphatically so than October, one of the autumn transition months during which conditions change from those of the south-west monsoon period to those of the north-east monsoon period. In Northern and Central India the weather is normally fine with a briskly decreasing temperature, while over Bengal and the north of the Bay light north-easterly winds and fine weather alternate with cloudy periods, as the weather in the south of the Bay is disturbed or settled. On the Coromandel Coast the humid north-east winds of the cold weather monsoon ordinarily give heavy rain, while on the western side of the Peninsula, on the contrary, the north-easterly winds are dry and the weather is generally fine. The liability to severe cyclonic storms in the Bay which is so characteristic of the month of October is almost as strongly marked in the early part of November. These storms ordinarily originate over the centre of the Bay and march almost due westward (with very slight northing).

It was explained in the Summary of last month that the south-westerly winds of the south-west monsoon continue to blow during October at the entrance to the Bay and that these humid winds gradually curve round over the centre of the Bay and advance on the Coromandel Coast as northeasterly winds. They there occasion steady rainfall during the second half of October. One of the most important features of the weather of October last was the almost complete failure of this current and this rain-The conditions which occasioned this failure were apparently equally operative during the past month of November as a very considerable failure of the Carnatic rainfall is reported, and the winds along the Coromandel Coast, except when disturbed by the cyclonic storm to be afterwards described, were almost continuously north-westerly. The chart of barometric abnormals shows that a peculiar distribution of pressure accompanied this irregularity. At all stations to the west of the meridian of 80° (with the exception of part of the Punjab and the North-West Provinces) the mean barometer was abnormally high, and at all stations to the eastward of the meridian of 80° it was abnormally low. The greatest excess of pressure was on the west coast, the greatest defect over the Circars, the head of the Bay and part of Bengal. Hence the ordinary barometric gradient was considerably modified and there was no flow of air from the north and centre of the Bay towards the south of the Peninsula. Another irregularity which has been exhibited this month is also probably associated with the abnormally high pressures existing over Western India. As stated above; the storms which are formed over the Bay during this month ordinarily march in an almost due westerly direction. It is, however, unusual for a cyclonic storm to advance directly towards an area of excessive pressure, and it is hence, in all probability, to the existence of abnormally high pressures on the west coast that the very exceptional trajectory of the storm of the 15th to 21st November was due.

Pressure.—The returns for the whole of India for the whole month show that, compared with the normal, pressure was low for the time of year by an amount equal to 0'037 inch. The meridian of 80° Idivides the Indian region into two parts, all stations to the west of that line (except parts of the Punjab and North Western Provinces) reporting excessive pressures and all stations to the east reporting defective pressures.

Temperature.—The very cool weather which characterised the greater part of October was maintained, though in a modified degree, during the month under review. In Bombay and the Central Provinces indeed the coolness was even greater than in October, but in all other provinces the deficiency, where it existed, was less than in the preceding month, and in the North-Western Provinces and Madras was changed into an excess. The following table shows the

variation of the mean temperature for each week and for the month from the normal mean:—

Province.	Differen	Difference of mean temperature				
PROVINCE.	4th.	11th.	18th.	25th.	2nd De- cember.	from the normal for the month.
Burma Bengal North-Western Provinces Punjab Bombay Central Provinces and Berar Guzerat and Central India Sind and Rajputana Madras	-0'7 -0'5 +0'8 +1'3 -2'5 -2'6 -1'5 -0'7 +0'2	0 +0.6 -1.2 -2.1 -3.8 -2.5 -3.5 -0.7	-0.8 +2.8 +2.3 -0.8 -2.2 -1.5 -2.3 -1.6 +1.3	-0·3 +2·7 +2·3 -0·7 -1·2 +1·4 -0·6 -0·6 +1·4	+0·I +1·0 +1·4 +0·4 -1·5 +1·1 +1·8 +1·2 -0·4	0 +1'8 +1'5 -0'2 -2'0 -1'0 -0'9 +0'4

One interesting feature of the temperature of the month has been the frequent occurrence of much lower night temperatures at the plains than at the hill stations. So frequently has this occurred that the mean minimum temperature of the month was 7.2° higher at Murree than at Rawalpindi and 3.8° higher at Simla than at Lahore. This phenomenon only occurs during clear weather and under anticyclonic conditions; so soon as cyclonic conditions obtain and the air become damp and even very slightly clouded the ordinary temperature relations are re-established. Over the greater part of India the past month has been one of exceptionally large range of temperature, the day readings generally exceeding and the night temperatures falling short of the normal.

Barometric depressions and cyclonic storms of the month.—There was only one important cyclonic storm during the month. A series of small depressions were, however, apparently formed over Lower Burma and that neighbourhood which after occasioning some rain round the Gulf of Martaban disappeared, and a second series of small storms appeared over Bengal.

Important depression of the 13th to 20th November .- There are certain reasons for supposing that this rather remarkable storm was formed over the Andaman Sea and the east of the Bay. On the 11th, the observations showed a very distinct depression overlying Lower Burma and the neighbouring seas. The winds at the stations in Lower Burma fed into this depression and rain was falling at Diamond Island, Moulmein and Tavoy. On the following day the chart showed that the wind had veered and the barometer risen—changes which would agree with the supposed west-south-west advance of the depression. On the 13th, the barometer was still rising in Burma, while it had fallen over the south-west corner of the Bay, where a depression was shown. On the 14th, the barometer was still rising in Burma and falling in Madras and the depression over the Bay was spreading out. On the morning of the 15th, the barometer was apparently steady over the south of the Bay, while it had risen all over the surrounding land area. Hence the depression over the Bay had increased considerably in definiteness and become a well marked storm. At this period the future movement of the storm was very doubtful, as the only barometric falls reported were very slight decrements at Colombo and Salem, so that what indications there were were in favour of a westerly movement. On the 16th, the observations showed very little change in the storm, but the barometer was falling over the greater part of the Indian region. The greatest fall was at Negapatam, while at Cuttack and False Point the barometer was actually rising, so that the evidence, though very slight, was still in favour of the normal westerly movement. On the 17th the barometer was falling every where, most at Cuddalore and Coimbatore, and the cyclonic storm had become an important depression occasioning strongish cyclonic winds all over the south of the Bay. The lowest barometers were at Cuddalore and Negapatam. Heavy rain was falling along the Coromandel Coast. Between the morning of the 17th and that of the 18th the storm suddenly moved northward and the centre on the latter date lay off Nellore. The disturbance had still further developed and strong cyclonic winds prevailed over the greater part of the Bay. Heavy rain was falling from Vizagapatam south to Madras. The reports of the 19th showed that the storm had continued to move up the Bay and to develop, and

on that day the centre lay off Vizagapatam Very heavy rain was falling in Ganjam. After 8 A. M. on the 19th the advance of the storm was very slow, and according to the information received in Simla the centre on the morning of the following day lay off the Circars Coast between Vizagapatam and Gopalpore. A severe easterly gale had prevailed at the latter station and very heavy rain continued to fall in Ganjam and Orissa. The lowest barometric reading reported (Vizagapatam 29.614 inch) was 0.018 inch higher than the lowest on the previous day, so that presumably the depression had already begun to fill up. On the 21st the lowest barometer in the upper part of the Bay (29.752 inches) was reported from False Point and the wind, both at that station and Gopalpore, was from the northwestward, so that it appeared as though the centre, while filling up quickly, had passed on to the head of the Bay, but from the Bay of Bengal Chart, the information for which was probably more complete than that for the India report, it appears that the storm passed inland over Orissa as early as between 3 and 5 A. M. on the morning of the 20th when the barometer read about 29.48 inches at Gopalpore and broke up completely in the Orissa hills.

This was the only well defined storm during the month, but it is evident from the varying winds, the unsettled weather and the unsteady barometer in Bengal between the 14th and 19th that that Province was visited by several small local depressions at that time. It has been pointed out above that on the 14th the large depression over the south of the Bay had begun to approach the Madras side of the Bay. This left the east side of the Bay open to an advance, induced by the cyclonic circulation of moist southerly and south-westerly winds from Equatorial regions, and these winds probably travelled right up the Bay and into Bengal where they deposited their moisture and gave rise to the local storms in

the lower atmosphere.

Rainfall.—The rainfall of the past month has been almost wholly associated with the disturbances mentioned above, that in Madras and the Circars falling during the existence of the large storm of the 13th to the 20th of November, that

in Bengal being associated with the local disturbances noticed above.

During the first few days of the month fairly general, though slight, showers occurred in the south of the Indian Peninsula and in Lower Burma. These showers gradually decreased, ceasing altogether in the Peninsula on the 10th, but continuing in Burma. On the 14th rain began around the head of the Bay and in Assam and on the 15th extended southward all over the Carnatic, at the same time becoming heavier in Bengal. On the 16th a similar distribution of rainfall-continued, the amounts being still larger in Bengal than elsewhere, but on the 17th rain fell off in Bengal while it extended and became heavier in the south of the Peninsula. As the storm advanced northward up the Bay the area of heaviest rainfall advanced with it, being reported from Vizagapatam on the 18th, from Gopalpore on the 19th and 20th, and from Orissa on the 21st.

The weekly returns of rainfall show that during the week ending on the 18th, i.e., when the heavy rainfall was occurring in Bengal and the cyclonic storm was mainly affecting the Carnatic coast, one station in Deltaic Bengal received 10, a second 8\frac{3}{4} and a third 7 inches of rain; while in Central Bengal, Pubna received 8 and two other stations 6\frac{3}{4} inches. During the same period the maximum falls were about 4 inches in Orissa and between 5\frac{1}{2} and 6 inches in Madras. In the following week, however, when the cyclonic storm was passing along the Circars and Orissa coasts larger amounts were reported. Sompet received 20\frac{1}{2} inches; Puri 13 inches; Cuttack 8 inches; Banki 5 inches; and Balasore 3\frac{1}{2} inches. The rainfall in Eastern and Deltaic Bengal was still heavy, but was lighter than in the preceding week and much lighter than that in Orissa and Ganjam.

During the period of disturbed weather, which succeeded the breaking up of the depressions, showers fell around the Bay, but the amount and extent of the rainfall gradually decreased, so that by the 30th, the only falls reported were

at Rangoon and Tavoy and a local shower at Sibsagar.

The whole of North-Western India, the Gangetic plain, Central India, the Central Provinces and the north and centre of the Peninsula were wholly or practically without rain. The final results of the month's rainfall as shown in the concluding table are a general deficiency, except in Behar, Assam, Lower Bengal, and Orissa and the Circars. The greatest excess was in Lower Bengal, where about six times the normal amount fell followed by Orissa and the Circars, where twice the average fell. In the south of the Peninsula, viz., Malabar, Mysore and the Carnatic, there was a large deficiency.

The following table gives complete data, and shows the actual average rainfall and the normal rainfall of the month of the twenty-one districts into which the country is divided, so far as it is indicated by the telegraphic reports of a few stations in each district:—

Districts.	Number of Stations.	Normal average rainfall in November.	Actual average rainfall in November 1889.	in	
				*	
Punjab, West	7	0.50	10.01	-0.58	
" East	4	0.53	0	-0.53	
Gangetic North-Western Provinces, Cis-Gan-	7	0.30	0.10	-0.10	
getic	3	0.07	0	-0.04	
Behar	2	0.32	0'41	+0.06	
North Bengal	3	0 21	0.02	-0.19	
Assam—Cachar	3 3 8	0.73	1.50	+0.26	
Lower Bengal and Chutia Nagpur .		0.69	4:13	+ 3'44	
Orissa-North Circars	5	4.76	9.75	+ 4'99	
Central Provinces, South	7	0.21	0	-0.21	
Berar, Khandeish	3	0.73	0	<del>-0.13</del>	
and Nurbudda	9	0°20	0	-0.50	
Sind—Cutch	3	0 02	0	-0 02	
Guzerat	3	0.50	0	-0.30	
Konkan	4	0.81	0.04	-0.77	
Deccan-Hyderabad	5	1.38	0'29	-1.00	
Malabar	5	4.64	1.06	-2.68	
Mysore—Bellary		4.97	1.76	-3.31	
Carnatic	6	9.08	3.81	-6.27	
Lower Burma	7	4'41	2.49	1'92	
Ceylon	I	13'33	10.40	-2.63	

W. L. DALLAS,

for Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

SIMLA, The 19th December 1889.

## GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

## Weather Review of India for the week ending at 8 a.m. on Monday, December 16th, 1889.

The weather reports of the past seven days show that the exceptionally settled weather, which has now prevailed over India for a considerable period, has continued. The barometer has been steadily high over North-Western and Central India and steadily low over the south of the Bay. The winds, which have prevailed, have been mainly anti-cyclonic, radiating out from the high pressure area and have consequently been dry so that the rainfall has been practically nil throughout the whole of India. Over the south of the Bay conditions have probably been unsettled, but the unsettled area has been so far south that its effects have not been felt in any part of India, though the variations in the wind direction at Colombo and the rain which has fallen there, show that immediately to the south cyclonic conditions have prevailed.

The chart of the 10th showed that the high pressure area overlay Central India where the barometer marked over 30.06°. From this region pressure decreased slowly in a south-easterly direction and was lowest over the Andaman Sea and the south of the Bay. In the Punjab and Upper Sind the barometer had fallen rapidly and irregular cyclonic winds prevailed in this region. In other

parts of India anti-cyclonic winds were reported radiating out from the high pressure area in Central India. In parts of Lower Burma, however, the wind was easterly and at Colombo north-easterly. The chart of the following day showed that the relatively low pressures, reported from the west of the Punjab and Upper Sind had disappeared and readings were as high there as in Central India. There was no important change in the winds. On the 12th the barometer was rising everywhere, but the amount of increase was fairly uniform, and the relative distribution was unaltered. The wind directions were unchanged. On the 13th the barometer was falling except in Bombay and the Deccan. The fall was greatest in the North-West and the high pressure area in that neighbourhood had disappeared. Readings now decreased from 30·10" and above, over Central India and the Deccan, to 20.90" and below, to the east of Ceylon. Calms and light variable breezes prevailed in the North-West as well as within the high pressure area noticed above, but elsewhere the wind currents were unaltered. The chart of the following day showed no change of importance, but on the 15th there had occurred a considerable extension of the high pressure area which covered the Punjab, Rajputana, the North-Western Provinces, Behar, the Central Provinces and the Deccan. The only important feature in the winds was the strengthening of the current at Diamond Island. On the 16th there was little or no change in the position, &c., of the high pressure area, but the barometer had fallen over the Bay and the gradient had increased somewhat. The wind had continued to strengthen at Diamond Island and was rising on the Madras Coast hence it appeared probable that a disturbance was forming over the Bay.

Temperature.—Taken as a whole, the temperature of the air over India during the past week has been low. The greatest general deficiency was on the 14th after which date the amount of the depression decreased, and at the close of the week was very slight indeed. The Punjab was, relatively to the average, the warmest province, the mean temperature of five out of the seven days exceeding the average; in Burma three days, in Sind and Rajputana two days, and in the North-Western Provinces, Central India and Madras one day were warmer than the normal. In the remaining Provinces the week was relatively cool throughout.

The following table shows the variations of the mean temperature of the present and of the past weeks from the normal average:—

	PR	0V11	NCBS.		E		Difference of mean temperature of last week from normal,	Difference of mean temperature of present week from normal.
- C							0	0
Burma		0					+0'7	-0.3
Bengal	b						+0.6	-1.1
North-Western Provi	nces						+1.2	-1.0
Punjab	0.			•			+0.8	+0.2
Bombay			•				-0.3	-2.1
Central Provinces				<u> </u>			+29	-1.7
Guzerat and Central				•			+1.6	-1.1.
Sind and Rajputana							-1.3	-0.3
Madras			•	0.			+1'2	-1.6

This table shows a considerable fall of temperature relatively to the average in nearly all provinces. In Sind and Rajputana, however, there has been a slight rise and in the Punjab the fall is trifling.

Ram.—As mentioned above the week has been practically rainless throughout the whole of India. The two Assamese divisions report slight showers, and a few drops of rain fell at Tavoy on the 15th, but with these exceptions there has been no rain in any part of the country.

The second columns of the concluding table shows that except, in the south of the Peninsula, the normal rainfall of the week is very light, but that, except in Tenasserim and the east of the North-Western Provinces, showers are ordinarily experienced in all parts of the country.

The final column of the table shows the large seasonal deficiency which exists in North-Western India and the south of the Peninsula.

PROVINCE.	Division,	7 91	SECTION .	T - Carrier	The second	The state of the s	The second second second second
CONTRACTOR OF STREET, ST.	as fright there as in g. On the cotto des	Average actual rainfall of Division.	Average normal rainfall of Division.	Excess or defect in inches.	Average actual rainfall of season to date.	Average normal rainfall, 15th Oc- tober to 16th De- cember.	defect of (seasonal) rainfall expressed
		Inches.	Inches.	Inches	Inches.	Inches.	Per cent.
Ha of I am	Tenasserim	0	is mail	0	16.78	5.03	+234
BURMA . TROOTE	Central do.	0	0'04	-0.04	7'42	5'97	+ 24
4153 1010 11	Upper do.	0	0'03	-0,03	3.62	4.11	+ 47
Billian Croan	Arakan	0	0 28	-028	7'39	5.69	+ 30
	Eastern Bengal	0	0.02	-0.02	7.33	4'07	+ 80
La printing in	Assam (Surma)	0.03	0.18	-0.10	4'59	3'77	+ 22
DESTRUCTION IN	Do. (Brahmaputra) Deltaic Bengal	0.03	0.24	-0.31	1'44	2.88	- 50
BENGAL AND ASSAM	Central do.	0	0.03	-0.03	9.2	3,03	+214
DENGAL AND ASSAM	North do	0	0.00	-0'00	3'57	2'46	+ 45
	Orissa	0	0'22	-0.33	15'44	5'71	+170
AND THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON	Chutia Nagpur Behar (South)	0	0,10	-0.10	2'99	1.83	+ 63
CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR	Do. (North)	0	0,11	-0.II	0'54	1'62	- 67
STANDARD STANDARD		0	0.02	-0.02	0.42	1.30	- 69
	North-Western Provinces	18(1 - T)	16.7	Sec. of Little	100	45-1	and the sale
PERSONAL	(East) Oudh (South)	0	0	0	1.53	0.89	+ 38
North - Western	Do. (North)	0	0.02	-0.02	6.02	0.43	- 88
PROVINCES AND	North-Western Provinces	a driver	0.13	-0.13	0.04	0.34	- 88
Очин.	(Central)	0	0,03	-0'03	0.01	0'42	- 98
	North-Western Provinces (West)	75 (24) 75	- 175		Table See La		200
	North-Western Provinces	0	0.04	-0'07	3	0,30	-100
	(Submontane)	0	0.13	-0.13	0.14	0.21	- 78
The excelenge are	Punjab (South)	100,070	mperan	M. THESE	1 414		10
as melt ar box of	Do. (Central)	0	0'07	-0.07	0	0'27	100
Punsan .	Do. (Submontane)	0	0'07	-0.01	0	0,32	-100
	Do. (Hill Districts)	0	0.43	-0'43	0.1	1'20	-100 -100
	Do. (North-west) Do. (West)	0	0.18	-0.18	0.03	1.12	- 99
vature of the base	sement manuscript that are	0	9'04	-0.04	0	0.54-	-100
The state of the s	Malabar .	0	0'42	-0.42	10:66	11.10	in tars
Section of Beauty	Madras (South Central)	0	0.63	-0.63	4'86	11.38	- 58
BOMBAY AND MALA-	Mysore	0	0.38	-0.38	11.76	8.74	+ 35
TRICTS (MADRAS).	Konkan .	0	0.03	-0.03	11,00	2'01	-50
TONE MUCH SELECTION	Bombay Deccan	0	0.19	-0'16	5'10	3.60	+147
mod many many	Hyderabad (North) . Khandesh	100	***	***		***	***
		0	0'04	-0.04	1'26	2.76	- 54
CENTRAL PROVIN-	Berar	0	0.31	-0'21	3'14	2'45	+ 28
CES AND BERAR.	Central Provinces (West) .  Do. (Central)	0	0'13	-0.13	2'95	1.59	+120
giorna (	Do. (Central) Do. (East)	0	0.08	-0.08	1.42	1.18	+ 46
	THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T			09	1.97	1.53	+ 60
BOMBAT (NORTH)	Guzerat	0	0.03	-0.03	0'02	0'52	- 96
8.04	Sind	0	0.03	-0'02	0	0'28	-100
The state of the s	al district the second	0	0.01	-0.01	0,01	0.11	- 90
RAJPUTANA AND	Central India (East).	0	0'13	-0.13	0.13	0.84	- 85
CENTRAL INDIA.	Rajputana (East), Central India (West)	100	2.5.7	-1 19	THE REAL PROPERTY.	777	CI CALLED
1	Rajputana (West)	0	10.0	-0.01	0	0'40	-100
		37.7	To N	001		0.14	-100
1	East Coast (North) Do. (North)(a)	0	0.33		12'36	8.78	+ 41
The second section	Hyderabad (South)	0	0100	bizab.	8.00	2 7 Total 1	+A1
ADRAS	Madras (Central)	0	0'08	-0.08	2'46	3,00	- 18
300 AESSET 1133	East Coast (Central).	0		0.23	4'59 8'75	4'45	+ 2
	Do. (South)	0	1.13	-1:13	5.35	15.67	- 38 - 40
and description of the land	Madras (South)	0		-0'70		12 30	- 70

drops of rain fell at 1 3 year on the rate, but with these circultons there

W. L. DALLAS,

Assistant Meteorological Reporter to the SIMLA, 19th December, 1889. Someon has a Marine of Marine of India. and The Company of India.

PUBLIC WORKS BEENLENEE

第三月15日 在《本图》:第一日 1919年 · 日本 1917年 · 日本 1917

## GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

## REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

## Weekly Report on the State of the Season and Prospects of the Crops.

Madras. - For week ending 21st December .- No rain in the northern disdricts of Bellary, Anantapur, and Kurnool; moderate in Coimbatore, South Canara and Malabar; good elsewhere. Crops greatly benefited and improving after the recent rains, but more rain is still wanted in Nellore and many of the southern districts. Paddy blighted in parts of Cuddapah, South Arcot and South Canara. Prices falling in Ganjam, Nellore, Madras, Chingleput, Trichinopoly, Madura, Tinnevelly and Salem, rising or stationary elsewhere. General prospects much

Bombay.—For week ending 24th December.—Standing crops need rain in parts of the Deccan and Karnatak, otherwise generally good. Cotton prospects favourable, except in parts of Broach. Opium sowing in Baroda and harvesting and sowing operations generally progressing. Fodder generally sufficient and agricultural stock healthy.

Bengal.—For week ending 24th December.—No rain fell during the week. The winter rice crop is being cut and gathered. In most districts an average or nearly an average, and in some more than an average, crop will be obtained. In parts of Western and Central Bengal, the Sudder Sub-Division of Balasore, and the Palamow Sub-Division of Lohardugga, the outturn will be short. Rabi crops are generally reported on well, but in Behar a shower of rain now would do much good. Poppy is doing well, and the weather is very favourable for the cultivation. Sugarcane good, except in Pubna, Dacca and Furreedpore. Tobacco a promising crop, as also ganja in the Rajshahye district. The appearance of new rice in the market has had the effect of lowering prices in Bengal, Behar and Chota Nagpore generally. In Balasore and Cuttack the price of common rice was steady during the week.

North-Western Provinces and Oudh .- For week ending 25th December.-Weather clear and cold. Rabi crops generally thriving. Rain much wanted in unirrigated areas. Food stocks ample. Prices fairly easy.

Punjab.—For week ending 25th December.—No rain. Prices rising in Rawalpindi and Shahpur and stationary elsewhere. Sowing of rabi crops nearly completed; rain is much needed for further sowings and for the standing crops. Prospects of standing crops good for the present. Fodder sufficient throughout the Province. Poppy sowing in progress in Jullundur.

Central Provinces.—For week ending 25th December.—Weather cool and slightly cloudy at times. Kharif crops being harvested, outturn good. Rabi crops in good condition. A little rain would be beneficial to wheat and gram, especially in the Narbada District. Prices steady.

Burma. - For week ending 21st December. - The crop prospect throughout Lower Burma is good. In Upper Burma crops for the most part promise well. The price of paddy has fallen in Bassein, Tavoy, Katha and Yamethin, but it has risen in Bhamo; elsewhere prices are stationary.

Assam.—For week ending 25th December.—Weather seasonable. Harvesting of cold weather rice continues. Prospects of tea and other crops good.

Mysore and Coorg.—For week ending 25th December.—Slight rain in the Civil and Military Station and in the Bangalore and Hassan districts. Crops generally in good condition; outturn fair. Prospects favourable, but more rain required in the Bangalore district. No material change in prices.

Rainfall '97 inch in Coorg. Coffee picking and rice harvest in progress.

## GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT. RAILWAY TRAFFIC.

AND STREET TO THE BAZETTE OF IMILA PERENGER SO THE

No. XXXV of 1889-90.

## APPROXIMATE STATEMENT OF GROSS RECEIPTS AND EXPENSES OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

N.B.—As regards the figures in column Total Receipts from 1st April to date, audited figures have been used, as far as possible.

		WEEK ENDING 1ST DECEMBER, 1888.				K ENDING VEMBER, 18		RECEIPTS I	ROM	TOTAL RECRIPTS FROM IST APRIL TO 30TH			
Latest Return received.		l mean gth open.	RECEIP	Per mile	mean gth open.	RECEIPT Total	Per mile	DECEMBER,	Per mile open	November,			Total Decrease in 1889-90.
page even station to called	Total length	tina la cons	open.	Total length	NACT WITE	open.	Quintil	per week.		per week.			
erigin	State Lines worked by Companies		R	R		R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
7th ditto		1,514 57 12 75 1,664 183 854	9,74,948 7,443 7,32 6,277 3,36,034 24,260 72,853	644 131 61 84 202 133 85	1,526 57  1,672 305 978	(a) 9,06,570 8,989 (b) (c) 3,87,000 (e) 32,494 70,957	594 158  231 107 73	2,85,51,194 3,32,736 42,346 2,36,829 1,19,47,026 9,39,529 26,25,078	537 166 101 90 205 145 88	(a)2,84,99,688 3,27,716 (b) (c) 1,26,08,674 (e)11,45,136 26,84,428	534 164  217 109 87	6,61,648 2,05,607 59,350	\$1,506 5,020 42,346 2,36,829
7th ditto	Indian	140 136	11,407	81 83	296 746	19,800 (g),77,893	67 104	3,96,877 4,38,577	81 92	6,37,119 (g)19,74,644	7 ² 8 ₃	2,40,242 15,36,067	***
30th Nov., 1889	Nellore Branch . Bareilly-Pilibhit .	83 36	4,162 2,037	50 57	83 36	4,592 2,431	55 67	1,66,079 55,673	57 45	1,66,026 68,358	57 56	12,685	53
	TOTAL .	4,754	14,51,431	305	5,699	15,10,706	265	4.57.31,944	275	4,81,11,789	251	23,79,845	
30th Nov., 1889	Bengal Central	2,411 092 125 45 673 27 273	4,92,145 1,19,709 12,609 20,095 2,53,052 2,242 34,285	204 173 101 446 376 83 126	2,477 692 125 45 747 27 273	5,86,214 1,53,501 14,650 15,586 3,11,340 1,899 45,567	237 222 117 346 417 70 107	1,69,78,113 44,97,087 4,89,939 5,27,345 71,52,625 62,188 11,01,402	201 186 112 335 304 72 123	1,85,28,791 49,89,644 5,10,002 5,19,539 74,38,982 64,453 12,82,885	215 206 117 332 295 70 138	15,50,678 4,92,557 20,063 2,86,357	7,806 2,735
aard ditto .	Jorhat Cherra-Companyganj.	105  7 441	4,182 262 63,923	40  37 145	105  7 553	7,002 (i) 357 89,795	51 162	1,67,124 (f)39,922 5,415 19,62,186	45 38 22 ,149	2,10,555 (k)40,107 6,929 30,28,428	\$7 47 28 163	43,431 245 1,514 10,66,243	*** *** ***
Allegan	TOTAL .	4,799	10,02,503	209	5,051	12,25,911	243	3,29,88,346	197	3,66,20,375	208	36,32,029	
30th Nov., 1889 30th ditto . 30th ditto . 7th Dec., 1889	Lines worked by Gua- ranteed Compa ies. Madras South Indian Great Indian Peninsula Bombay, Baroda and Central India (o)	840 654 1,504 461	1,69,618 97,492 (m)8,13,307 2,55,102	202 149 541 553	840 654 13447 461	2,08,556 1,04,552 (n)8,67,547 2,65,000	248 160 600	56,97,775 37,11,216 m2,06,52,580 81,00,323	194 162 \$08	63,21,854 38,82,512 112,14,25,439 83,08,518	212 170 426 517	5,24,079 1,71,296  2,08,195	52,27,141
	TOTAL	3,459	13,35,519	386	3,402	14,45,655	425	4.41,61,894	365	3,98,38,323	336	441	43,23,571
STATE)	AL (GUARANTER AND	13,012	37,89,453	291	14,152	41,82,272	296	12,28,82,184	270 141	12,45,70,487	256 134	16,88,303	***
	NET RECEIPTS .	0.1	A House to o	***	***	rt trakinisi	1,01	5.87.24,698	129	5,93,91,545	122	6,66,847	
7th Dec., 1889 30th Nov., 1889 7th Dec., 1889	Dibru-Sadiya	22 78	5,023 R,046	228 103	22 78	5,288 8,812	240 113	1,88,401 2,98,913	245	1,82,829 3,20,891	238	21,978	5,572
	Western . Rohilkhand-Kumaun .	376 67	35.559 4,711	95 70	376 67	35,710 6,174	95 93	15,14,922 2,50,736	115	15,65,886 2,77,193	119	\$0,964 26,457	***
1073	TOTAL .	543	53,339	98	543	35,984	103	22,52,972	119	23,46,799	124	93,827	
7th Dec., 1889 7th ditto . 7th ditto .	Native States. His Highness the Nizam's Guaranteed His Highness the Gaekwar's His Highness the Gaekwar's Viramgam	310 59	36,947 3,*23	119	354 59	45,186 2,640	128 48	11,24,113 89,811	110	15.38,428 88,851	125	4,14,315	 960
7th ditto	Mehsana-Vadnagar . Bhávanagar-Gondal- junágarh-Porbandar Morvi	21	859 32,042	41 153	27 329	850 25,403	31 77	30,069 6,81,310	41 98	34,689 8,53,802	37 88	4,620	
7th ditto . 7th ditto .	Jodhpore	124	3,571	53 43	124	3,-05 0,100	44 49	1,15,353 2,29,402	48	1,24 877 2,30,588	52 52	9,524	2,814
A Company of	TOTAL .	791	81,912	104	961	83 184	87	22,70,058	.85	28,67,235	90	5,07,177	

Includes the Dildarnagar-Gházipur State Railway.
Included with East Indian Railway.
Included with Indian Midland Railway.
Includes the Katni-Umara Branch.
Includes the Sanctoria Coal Section of the Bengal-Nágpur Railway.
Includes the Beliary-Kistna State Kailway.
Includes the Sindia and Bhopal-Itarai State Railways.
Includes the Amritsar-Pathankot and Rajpura-Bhatinda State Railways.

(i) Return not received.
(i) Total receipts from 1st April to 24th November 1888.
(k) Fotal receipts from 1st April to 23rd November 1869.
(l) Includes the Toungoo-Mandalay extension.
(m) Includes the Dhond-Manmad, Khamgaon, Amraoti and Bhopal-Itarsi State Railways.

(n) Includes the Dhond-Manmad, Khamgaon and Amraoti State Railways.

(o) Includes the Patri Branch.

M. C. BKACKENBURY, Major, R.E., Under-Secretary.

CALCUTTA, The 27th December, 1889. Berar and Hyderabad.—For week ending 25th December.—In Berar the weather is clear and cold. Fowari reaping and cotton picking still continues. Rabi crops good. Cattle healthy. Fodder sufficient. Prices almost stationary.

No rain in Hyderabad during week. Harvesting of abi crops concluded, Rabi crops thriving. Prices stationary.

Central India.—For week ending 25th December.—Condition of crops in Bhopal fair. Rain wanted to improve them. Agricultural stock indifferent. No other material changes during week.

Rajputana.—Far week ending 25th December.—Agricultural operations satisfactory. Standing crops good but somewhat damaged by locusts in a few districts of Marwar. Cotton cultivation injured by cold in Kerowli. Agricultural stock generally good. Pasturage or fodder generally sufficient but dear in Marwar. Prices steady generally.

Nepal.—For week ending 19th December.—No rain. Weather cold; mornings foggy. Winter crops thriving.

E. C. BUCK,
Secretary to the Government of ops need rain in